

Table S1. Demographic Characteristics of the geriatric sample.

	Groups						<i>p</i> -value
Variables	Oncology Group (O) n = 31		Diabetes Group (D) n =22		Healthy Control (C) n = 51		
	M	SD	M	SD	M	SD	
Age (in years)	80.61	6.68	80.32	4.90	81.16	6.98	.839
range	71-94		72-87		70-96		
	N	in %	N	in %	N	in %	
Gender							.316
Female	19	61.29	11	50.00	35	68.63	
Male	12	38.71	11	50.00	16	31.37	
Living Situation with partner	21	67.74	12	54.55	20	39.22	.012**↓ .040*; O↔H↓
Children (yes)	27	87.10	22	100	38	74.51	.009**↓ .021*; D↔H ↓
Family status							.278
Single	3	9.68	0	0	5	9.80	
Married	18	58.06	11	50.00	20	39.22	
Divorced	3	9.68	2	9.09	2	3.92	
Widowed	7	22.58	9	40.90	23	45.10	
Education							.235
Junior High School	8	25.81	13	59.09	15	29.41	
Secondary School	10	32.26	4	18.18	15	29.41	
A-Level	12	38.71	5	22.73	16	31.73	
Other	1	3.23	0	0	3	5.88	
Without graduation	0	0	0	0	2	3.92	
Higher Education							.257
Apprenticeship	10	32.26	11	50.00	17	33.33	
Vocational school	3	9.68	0	0	8	15.69	
University of Applies Science	5	16.13	4	18.18	7	13.73	
University	10	32.36	4	18.18	14	27.45	
Others	2	6.45	0	0	4	7.84	
No degree	1	3.23	3	13.64	1	1.96	

$p < 0.05^*$; $p < 0.01^{**}$ in bold; Chi-Square-Tests (p -Value) for gender, living situation, children, family status, education and work ↓ significant group comparison for O↔H and D↔H; Kruskal-Wallis-Test (p -Value).