

Supplementary Information

Azobenzenes as antimicrobial molecules

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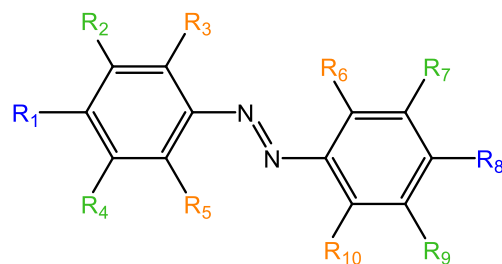


Table S1 – Antimicrobial activities of azobenzene based compounds

R1	R2	R3	R4	R5	R6	R7	R8	R9	R10	Gram–		Gram+		Ref.
Minimum inhibitory concentration (MIC)														
hydroxy						ethyl	hydroxy			>60	>60	30	50	[1] The Gram+ tested were <i>S. aureus</i> A170 (on the left) and <i>L. monocytogenes</i> (on the right).
hydroxy						allyl	hydroxy			>60	>60	20	25	
hydroxy						propyl	hydroxy			>60	>60	20	25	

hydroxy						methyl	hydroxy	methyl		>60	>60	20	25	The Gram-tested were <i>Salmonella typhimurium</i> (on the left) and <i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> ATCC-27853 (on the right). The values are expressed as MIC ₀ (µg/mL)
hydroxy						methyl	hydroxy	allyl		>60	>60	25	> 60	
butoxy						methyl	hydroxy	methyl		>128	>128	32	>128	[2] The Gram+ tested were <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> ATCC 29213 (on the left) and <i>L. monocytogenes</i> (on the right). The Gram-tested were <i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> PAO1 (on the left) and <i>Escherichia coli</i> MG1655 (on the right). The values are expressed as MIC ₁₀₀ (µg/mL)
isobutoxy						methyl	hydroxy	methyl		>128	>128	128	128	
neopentyloxy						methyl	hydroxy	methyl		>128	>128	>128	>128	
Isopentyloxy						methyl	hydroxy	methyl		>128	>128	4	8	
2-Ethylhexyloxy						methyl	hydroxy	methyl		>128	>128	12	48	
						methyl	hydroxy	methyl		>128	>128	>128	>128	
isobutoxy					hydroxy		hydroxy			>128	>128	>128	96	
neopentyloxy					hydroxy		hydroxy			>128	>128	4	8	
isopentyloxy					hydroxy		hydroxy			>128	>128	4	8	
2-Ethylhexyloxy					hydroxy		hydroxy			>128	>128	16	16	
hydroxy					hydroxy		hydroxy			>128	>128	>128	>128	
methyl					hydroxy		hydroxy			>128	>128	>32	>32	
methoxy					hydroxy		hydroxy			>128	>128	16	16	
	hydroxy					methyl	hydroxy	methyl		>35		30		[3] The Gram+ tested was
						methyl	hydroxy	methyl		>35		7		

methoxy						methyl	hydroxy	methyl		>35	>35	Staphylococcus aureus A170. The Gram-test was <i>P. aeruginosa</i> ATCC-27853. The values are expressed as MIC ₅₀ (µg/mL)		
methyl						methyl	hydroxy	methyl		>35	>35			
hydroxy										>35	25			
hydroxy							Methoxy			>35	25			
hydroxy							methyl			>35	7			
hexyl							N,N,N-trimethylethanaminium			64	>64	16	4	[4] MIC values (µg/mL) against the studied Gram-positive and Gram-negative strains. Gram-: <i>E. coli</i> ATCC 25922 on the left and <i>P. aeruginosa</i> ATCC 47085 on the right. Gram+: <i>S. aureus</i> ATCC 29213 on the left and <i>S. aureus</i> ATCC 43300 on the right.
heptyl							N,N,N-trimethylethanaminium			8 trans	>64 trans	1 trans	1 trans	
heptyl							N,N,N-trimethylethanaminium			16 cis	- cis	4 cis	2 cis	
decyl							N,N,N-trimethylethanaminium			>64	>64	8	8	
hexyl							tobramycin			64	32	64	64	
heptyl							tobramycin			64	16	16	8	
heptyl							tobramycin			32	4	4	8	
decyl							tobramycin			>64	>64	64	>64	
methoxy					quinolone					8	16	NA	NA	[5] Antibacterial activity was determined before (on
	methyl				quinolone					>64	16	16	2	

	methyl		methyl		quinolone					>64	>64	NA	NA	the left) and after irradiation (on the right) at 365 nm on <i>Escherichia coli</i> CS1562. The compounds 2 was tested against the Gram+ <i>M. luteus</i> .
methoxy	methyl	methyl		methyl	quinolone					>64	32	NA	NA	
	methyl			methoxy	quinolone					16	16	NA	NA	
methoxy	fluoride				quinolone					>64	64	NA	NA	
methoxy	fluoride		fluoride		quinolone					>64	32	NA	NA	
	fluoride			methoxy	quinolone					16	16	NA	NA	
methoxy	methoxy				quinolone					64	64	NA	NA	
	bromide						hydroxy	4-chloroaniline		3.02	1.51	3.02	3.02	[6] Antimicrobial activity of diazenyl schiff bases expressed as MIC values (µg/mL). Gram-: <i>E. coli</i> MTCC 1652 (on the left) and <i>P. aeruginosa</i> MTCC 1688 (on the right). Gram+: <i>S. aureus</i> MTCC 2901 (on the left) and <i>B. subtilis</i> MTCC 2063 (on the right).
nitro		chloride					hydroxy	2-fluoroaniline		3.14	1.57	6.28	3.14	
	bromide						hydroxy	4-fluoro-2-methoxyaniline		1.37	1.37	1.37	2.75	
		bromide					hydroxy	4-nitroaniline		1.47	1.47	1.47	2.94	
chloride	nitro						hydroxy	2-methylaniline		3.17	1.59	3.17	3.17	
chloride							hydroxy	2,4-dimethylaniline		1.72	1.72	1.72	3.44	
	chloride						hydroxy	2-methyl-4-chloroaniline		0.86	1.72	1.72	1.72	
			chloride				hydroxy	4-(methylthio)aniline		1.5	1.5	1.5	3	
		chloride	chloride				hydroxy	2,4-dimethylaniline		1.57	1.57	0.78	3.14	

	chloride						hydroxy	2,4-dimethylaniline		1.72	3.44	3.44	3.44	
methyl		methyl					hydroxy	2,5-dichloroaniline		1.57	1.57	0.78	3.14	
methyl		methyl					hydroxy	4-fluoroaniline		0.9	0.9	0.9	3.6	
		fluoride					hydroxy	2,6-dimethylaniline		3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	
	bromide						hydroxy	2,5-dichloroaniline		1.39	1.39	1.39	2.78	
	bromide						hydroxy	2-chloro-4-nitroaniline		1.36	1.36	1.36	2.72	
nitro		chloride					hydroxy	3-methoxyaniline		3.05	1.52	1.52	3.05	
nitro		chloride					hydroxy	4-fluoroaniline		3.14	3.14	3.14	3.14	
nitro		chloride					hydroxy	2,6-dimethylaniline		3.06	3.06	3.06	3.06	
		fluoride					hydroxy	2,5-dichloroaniline		3.22	3.22	3.22	3.22	
		fluoride					hydroxy	2,4-dimethylaniline		1.8	1.8	0.9	3.6	
		chloride	chloride				hydroxy	2-methoxyaniline		0.78	0.78	0.78	3.13	
		chloride	chloride				hydroxy	3-bromoaniline		0.69	1.39	0.69	2.78	
		chloride	chloride				hydroxy	4-fluoroaniline		1.61	1.61	1.61	3.22	
methyl		methyl					hydroxy	3-bromoaniline		0.76	1.53	0.76	3.06	

bromide							hydroxy	2-methylaniline		1.53	1.53	1.53	3.06	
methyl							hydroxy	N-p-tolylmethanimine		500		250		[7] The MIC (mg/mL) of each azo Schiff base was expressed as mg/mL and was calculated for <i>P. aeruginosa</i> and <i>S. aureus</i> .
methyl							hydroxy	N-(4-nitrophenyl)methanimine		50		50		
nitro							hydroxy	2,3-dihydro-1H-perimidine		6.25	1.56	3.13		[8] The in vitro antibacterial activities of the synthesized azo fused pyrimidines were performed against <i>P. aeruginosa</i> (PA01) (on the left), <i>E. coli</i> (ATCC 25922) (on the right) and <i>B. cereus</i> (ATCC 11778). The values are expressed as MIC (µg/mL).
	nitro						hydroxy	2,3-dihydro-1H-perimidine		12.5	3.13	6.25		
N-(4,6-dimethylpyrimidin-2-yl)sulfonic amide							N,N-dimethylamine			50	12.5	3.12		[9] The organisms used for the antimicrobia

N-(4,6-dimethylpyrimidin-2-yl)sulfonic amide							N,N-diethylamine			50	25	0.8	1 investigation are <i>E. coli</i> (on the left), <i>P. aeruginosa</i> (on the right) and <i>E. faecalis</i> . The values are expressed as MIC (mg/mL).
N-(4,6-dimethylpyrimidin-2-yl)sulfonic amide							aniline			25	25	0.4	
hydroxy					bromide					111.7		159.5	[10] The antibacterial activity of the compounds was screened against <i>E. coli</i> ATCC 25922 and <i>S. aureus</i> S48/81. Here we report the MIC values (ppm).
hydroxy						bromide				118.3		140.9	
hydroxy					iodide					130.5		164.2	
hydroxy						iodide				145.1		155.3	
aspirine					bromide					>220		>220	
aspirine						bromide				>220		>220	
aspirine					iodide					>220		>220	
aspirine						iodide				>220		>220	
hydroxy			carboxyl		bromide					89		89	
hydroxy			carboxyl			bromide				7594		80	
hydroxy			carboxyl		iodide					75		64	
hydroxy			carboxyl			iodide				85		84	
Inhibition zones (mm)													
hydroxy				hydroxy	nitro					NA		27	[11] Activity toward Gram+ was tested on <i>S. aureus</i> strain NCTC 6571 using 0.4 mg/mL
hydroxy				hydroxy		nitro						39	
hydroxy				hydroxy			nitro					35	

													concentration
hydroxy							decyloxy			10	10	Inactive	[12] The Gram-tested were <i>E. coli</i> (on the left) and <i>Salmonella Typhimurium</i> (on the right). Activity toward Gram+ was tested on <i>S. aureus</i> using 1 mg/mL concentration.
hydroxy			fluoride				decyloxy			Inactive	Inactive	Inactive	
hydroxy				fluoride			decyloxy			Inactive	Inactive	11	
4-bromohexyloxy							decyloxy			13	12	14	
4-bromohexyloxy			fluoride				decyloxy			14	12	11	
decyloxy							N-(hexyl-6-oxy)-N'-decyl imidazole			10	10	Inactive	
decyloxy							N-(hexyl-6-oxy)-N'-dodecyl imidazole			11	10	Inactive	
decyloxy							N-(hexyl-6-oxy)-N'-tetradecyl imidazole			10	10	Inactive	
decyloxy							N-(hexyl-6-oxy)-N'-hexadecyl imidazole			Inactive	Inactive	10	[13] The antimicrobial activity of compounds was tested against <i>E. coli</i> (ATTC 25922) and <i>S. aureus</i>
decyloxy							N-(hexyl-6-oxy)-N'-octadecyl imidazole			Inactive	64	11	
N-(pyrimidin-2-yl)sulfonic amide						formyl	hydroxy	methoxy		45		49	
N-(pyrimidin-2-yl)sulfonic amide						(4-Bromophenyl)iminomethyl	hydroxy	methoxy		25		22	

N-(pyrimidin-2-yl)sulfonic amide						(2-Chlorophenyl)iminomethyl	hydroxy	methoxy		21		25	(ATCC 25923). Here we report the inhibition zone (mm) of all compounds against bacteria at a concentration of 30 mg/ml.	
N-(pyrimidin-2-yl)sulfonic amide						3-Chloro-2-methylphenyl)iminomethyl	hydroxy	methoxy		22		30		
N-(pyrimidin-2-yl)sulfonic amide						4-(methyleneamino)-N-(pyrimidin-2-yl)benzenesulfonamide	hydroxy	methoxy		20		20		
N-(pyrimidin-2-yl)sulfonic amide						(2,4-Dimethylphenyl)iminomethyl	hydroxy	methoxy		30		23		
N-(pyrimidin-2-yl)sulfonic amide						(2-hydroxyphenyl)iminomethyl	hydroxy	methoxy		22		25		
		hydroxy	isopropyl				chloride			16	18	14	13	[14] The Gram-tested were <i>E. coli</i> ATCC 11229 (on the left) and <i>Enterobacter cloacae</i> ATCC13047 <i>D</i> (on the right). The Gram+ tested were <i>S. aureus</i> ATCC25923 (on the left) and <i>M. luteus</i> NRLL
		hydroxy	isopropyl		chloride		chloride			not determined	19	17	24	
		hydroxy	sec-butyl				chloride			not determined	12	13	12	
		hydroxy	sec-butyl		chloride		chloride			14	20	12	20	

														B-4375 (on the right)
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