

Cross talk of cancer signaling pathways by cyclic hexapeptide and anthraquinones from *Rubia cordifolia*

Premalatha Balachandran^{1,*}, Mohamed Ali Ibrahim^{1,*}, Jin Zhang¹, Mei Wang^{1,2}, David S. Pasco¹ and Ilias Muhammad^{1,*}

¹National Center for Natural Products Research, Research Institute of Pharmaceutical Sciences, School of Pharmacy, University of Mississippi, University, MS 38677, USA.
(jzhang3@olemiss.edu ; dpasco@olemiss.edu)

²Natural Products Utilization Research Unit, Agricultural Research Service, United States Department of Agriculture, University, Mississippi 38677, USA (meiwang@olemiss.edu)

***Correspondence:**

MI: milias@olemiss.edu; Tel: +01-662-915-1051

PB: prembala@olemiss.edu; Tel: +01-662-915-3463

MAI: mmibrahi@olemiss.edu; Tel: +01-662-915-1147

Supporting Information Table

Number	Details
Figure S1	¹ H NMR spectrum of Alizarin (1)
Figure S2	¹³ C NMR spectrum of Alizarin (1)
Figure S3	¹ H NMR spectrum of Purpurin (2)
Figure S4	¹³ C NMR spectrum of Purpurin (2)
Figure S5	¹ H NMR spectrum of Emodin (3)
Figure S6	¹³ C NMR spectrum of Emodin (3)
Figure S7	¹ H NMR spectrum of Eudesmin (4)
Figure S8	¹³ C NMR spectrum of Eudesmin (4)
Figure S9	¹ H NMR spectrum of Neolignan (5)
Figure S10	¹³ C NMR spectrum of Neolignan (5)
Figure S11	¹ H NMR of cyclic hexapeptide mixrture; RA-V (6) and RA-XXI (9)
Figure S12	¹³ C NMR of cyclic hexapeptide mixrture; RA-V (6) and RA-XXI (9)
Figure S13	COSY of cyclic hexapeptide mixrture; RA-V (6) and RA-XXI (9)
Figure S14	HMBC of cyclic hexapeptide mixrture; RA-V (6) and RA-XXI (9)
Figure S15	HSQC expansion of cyclic hexapeptide mixrture; RA-V (6) and RA-XXI (9)
Figure S16	HSQC expansion of cyclic hexapeptide mixrture; RA-V (6) and RA-XXI (9)
Figure S17	LC/MS spectrum of RA-V (6) and RA-XXI (9)
Figure S18	Mass (+) spectrum of RA-V (6)
Figure S19	Mass (+) spectrum of RA-XXI (9)
Figure S20	¹ H NMR of cyclic hexapeptide RA-V (6)
Figure S21	¹³ C NMR of cyclic hexapeptide RA-V (6)
Table S1	Activities of SGF treated and untreated compound 6 against cancer related signaling pathways in Hela cells.
Table S2	Details of plasmids used in transfection

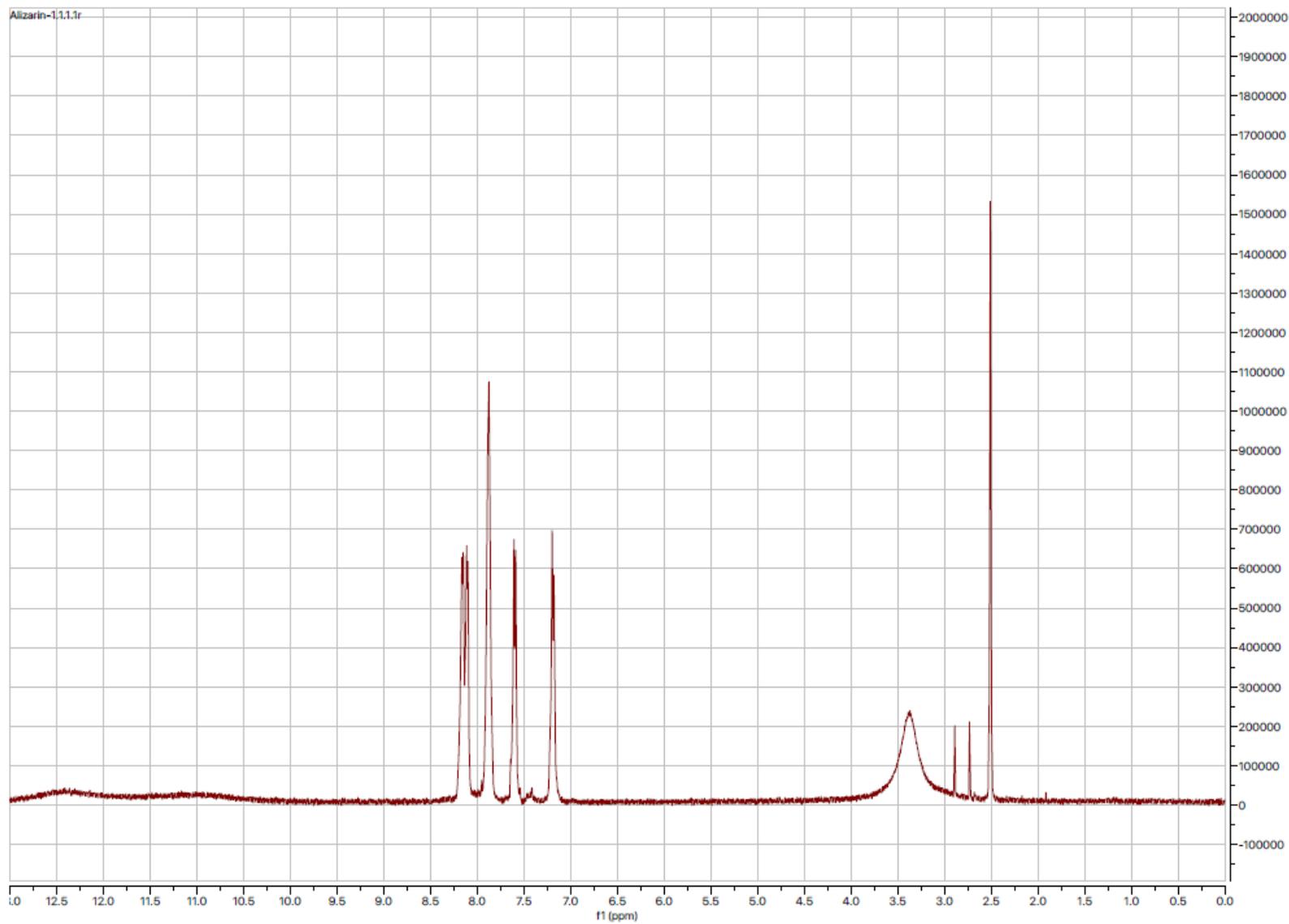


Figure S1: ^1H NMR spectrum of Alizarin (1) [400 MHz, $\text{DMSO-}d_6$]

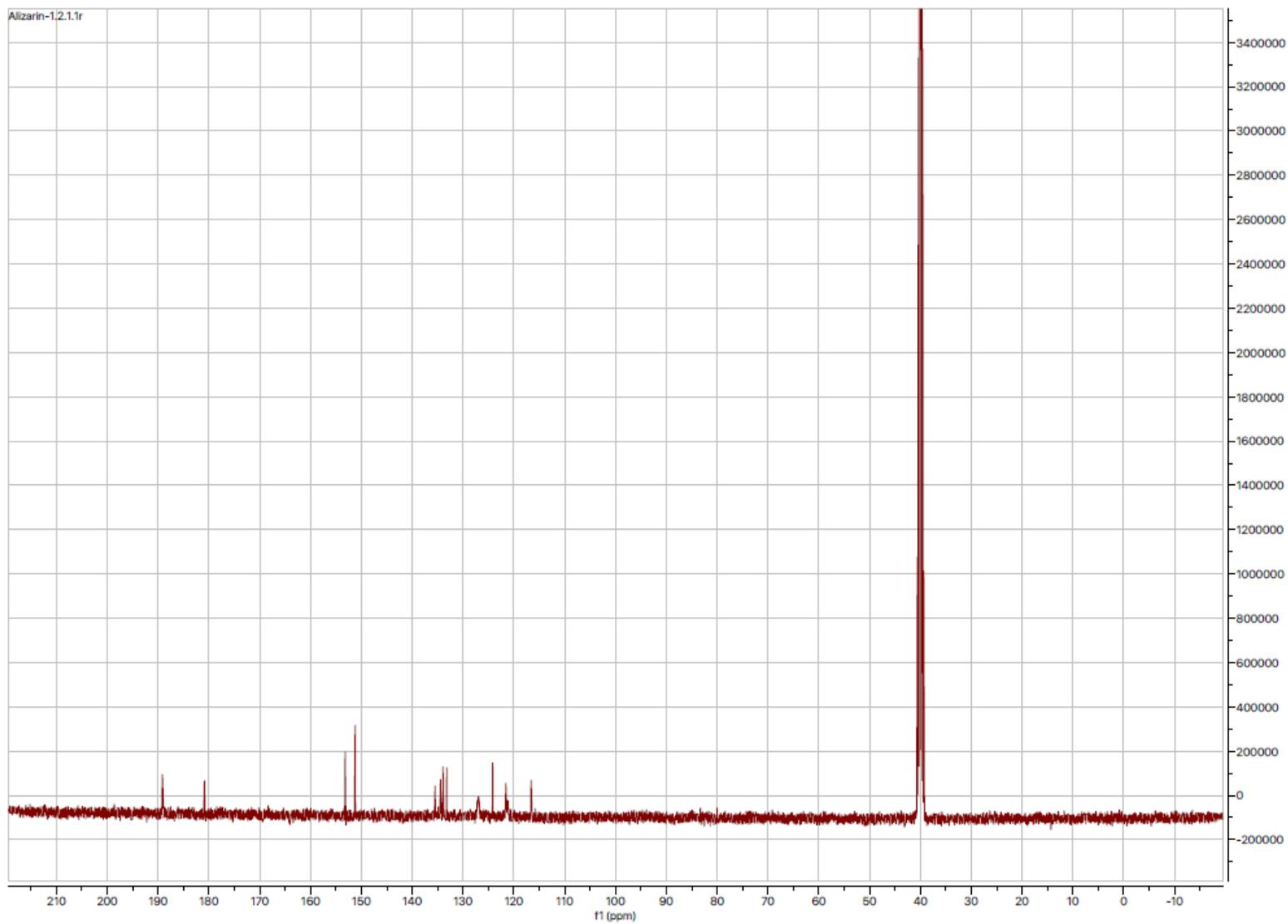


Figure S2: ^{13}C NMR spectrum of Alizarin (1) [400 MHz, $\text{DMSO-}d_6$]

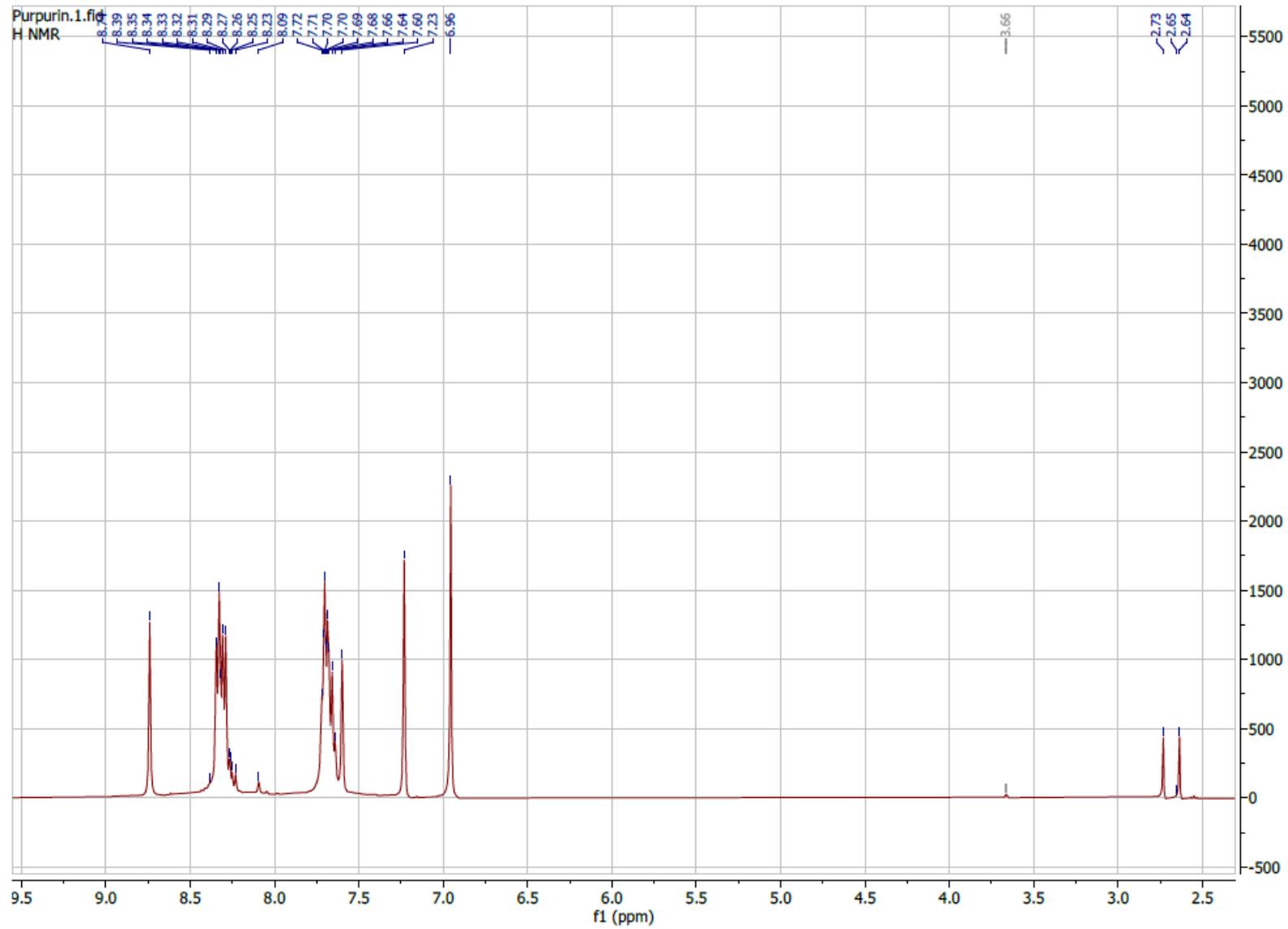


Figure S3: ^1H NMR spectrum of Purpurin (2) [400 MHz, Pyridine- d_5]

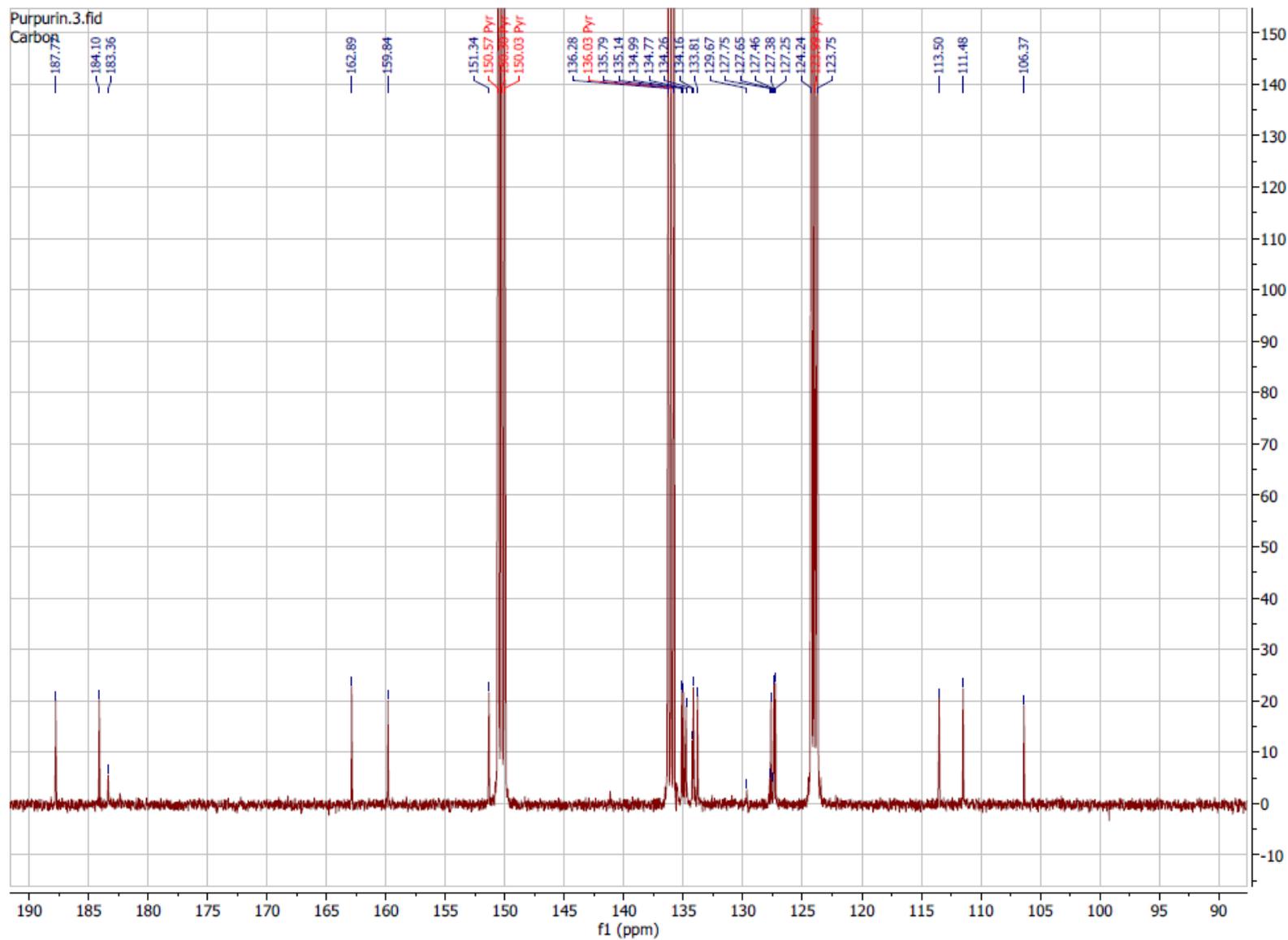


Figure S4: ^{13}C NMR spectrum of Purpurin (2) [400 MHz, Pyridine- d_5]

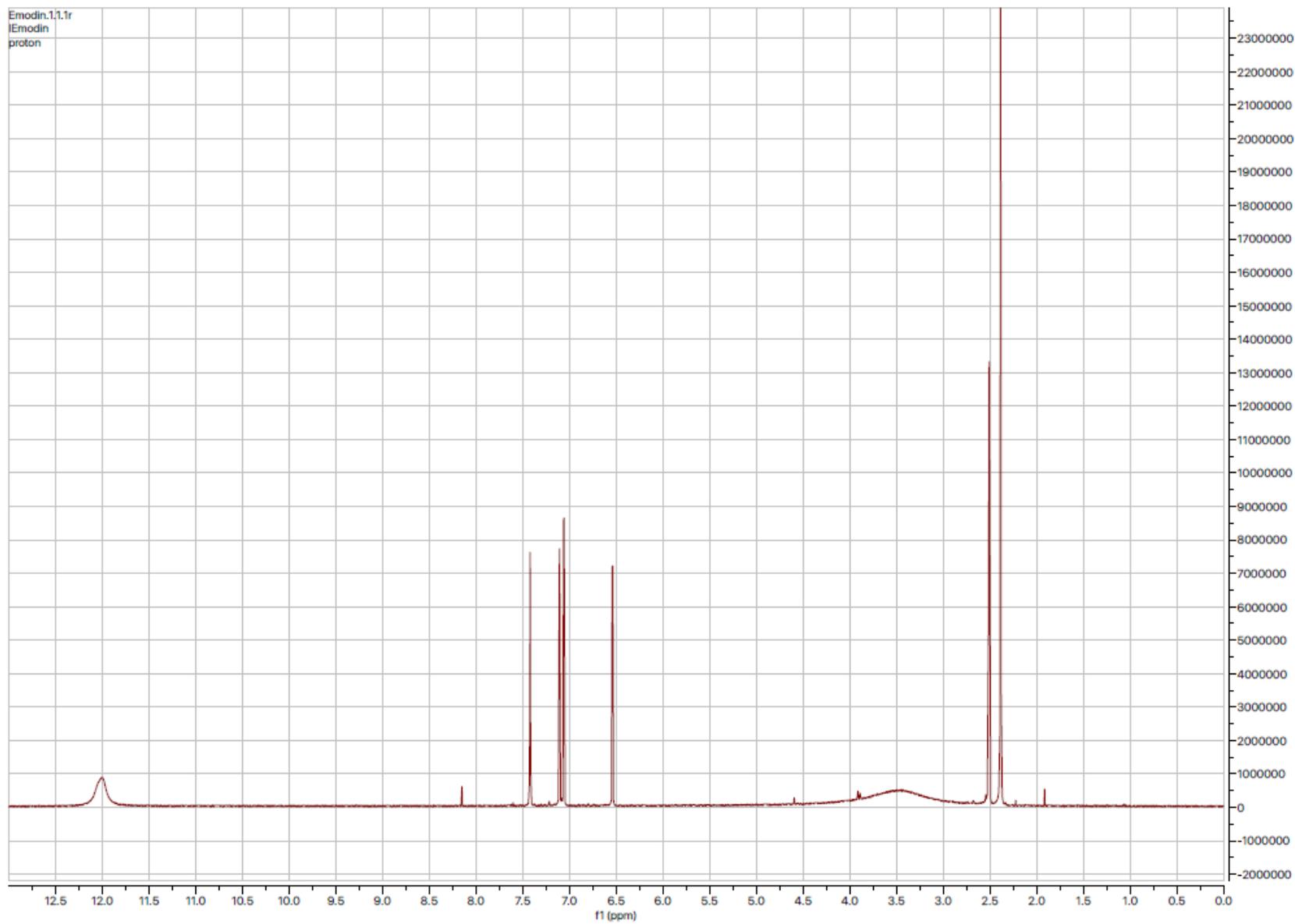


Figure S5: ^1H NMR spectrum of Emodin (3) [400 MHz, $\text{DMSO-}d_6$]

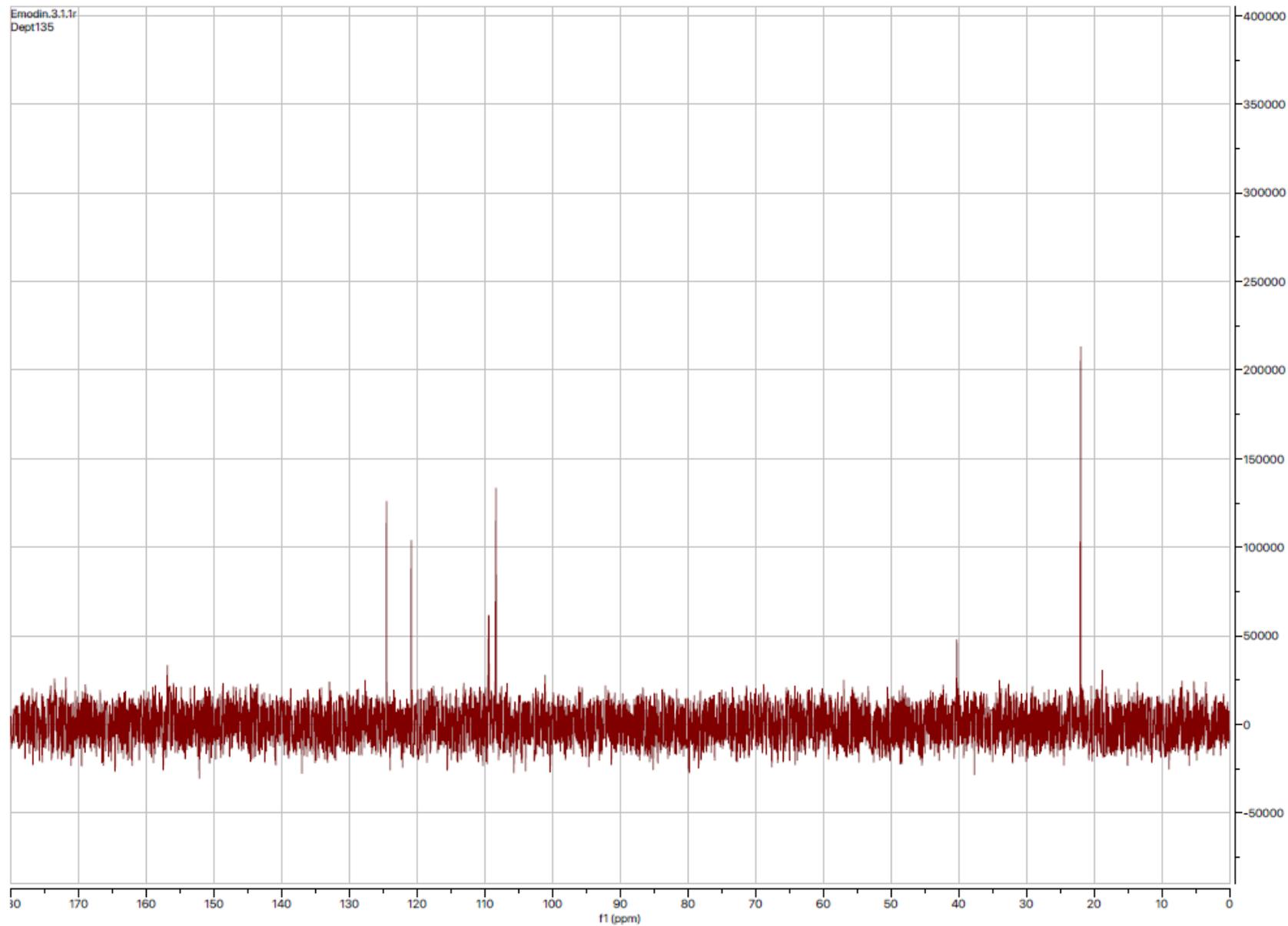


Figure S6: ^{13}C NMR spectrum of Emodin (3) [400 MHz, $\text{DMSO-}d_6$]

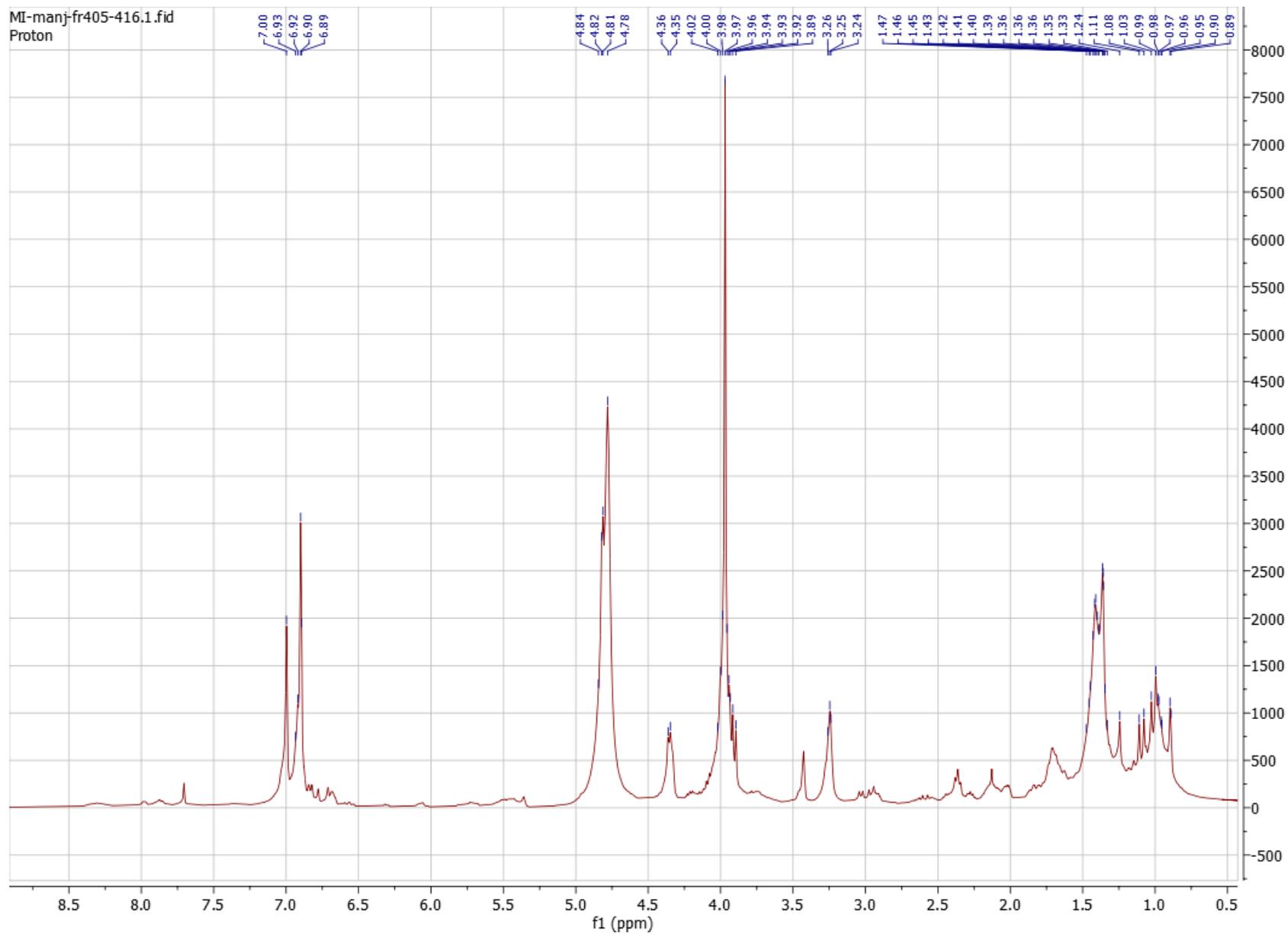


Figure S7: ^1H NMR spectrum of Eudesmin (4) [400 MHz, $\text{MeOH-}d_4$]

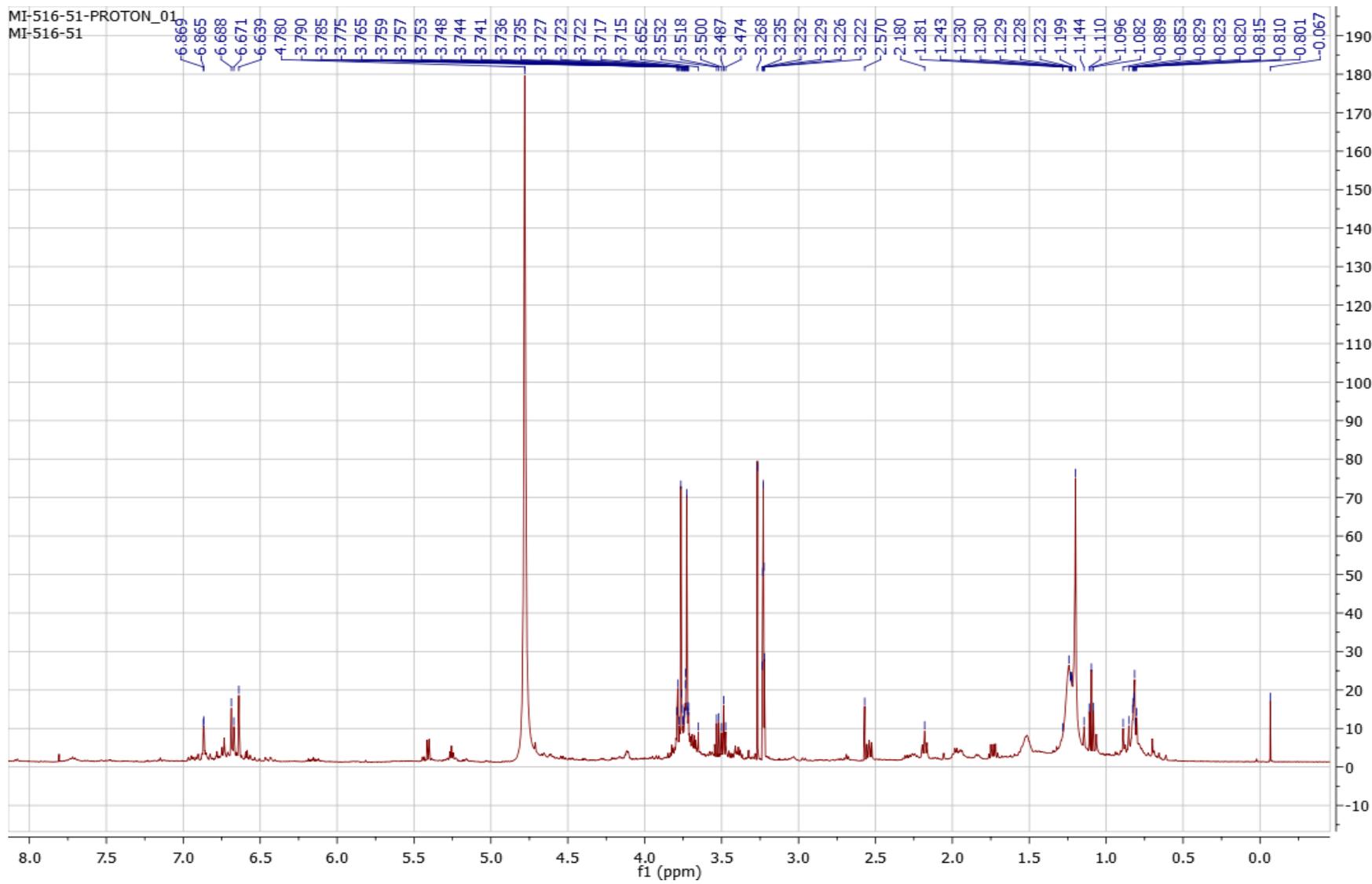


Figure S9: ¹H NMR spectrum of Neolignan (5) [400 MHz, MeOH-*d*₄]

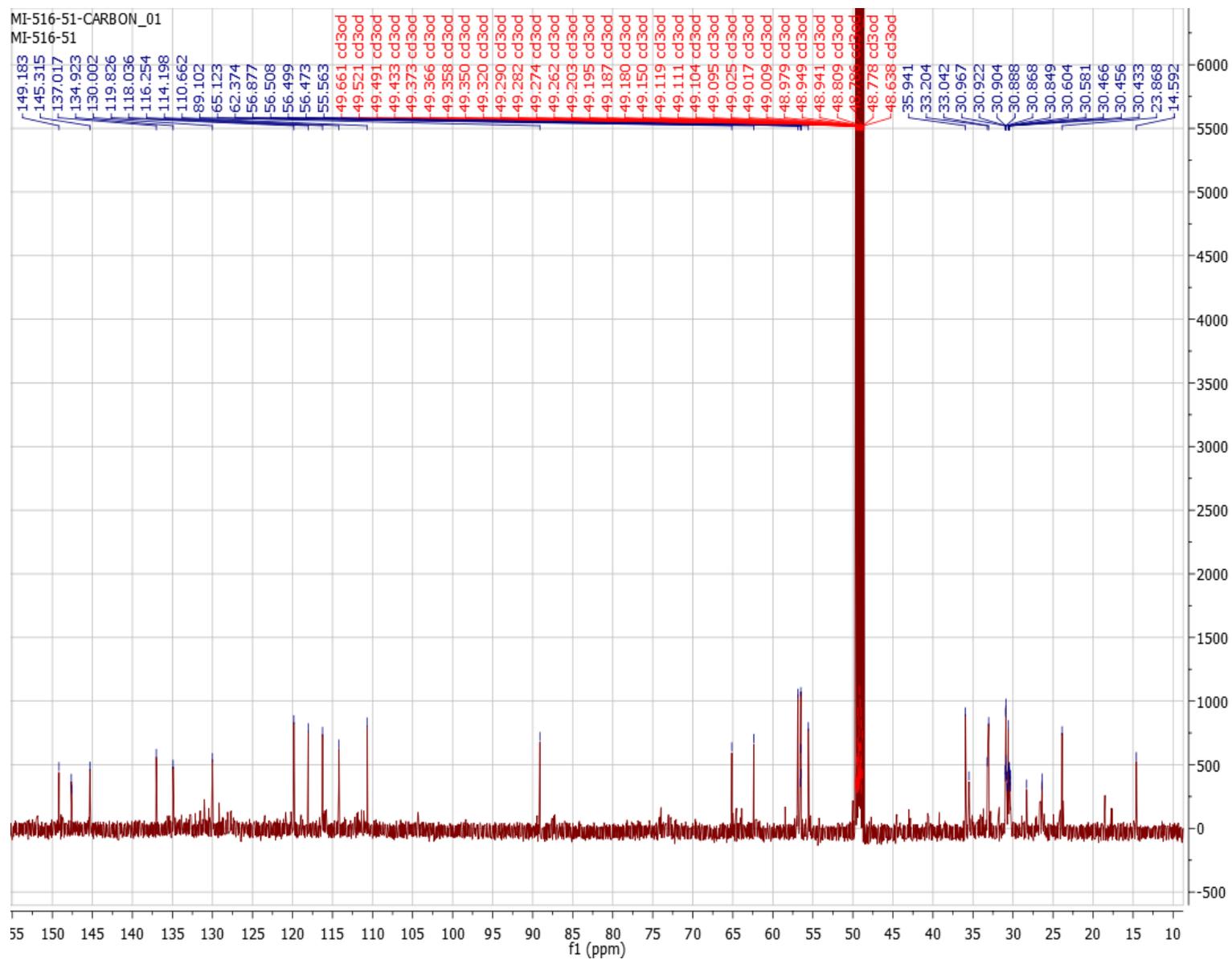


Figure S10: ^{13}C NMR spectrum of Neolignan (5) [400 MHz, MeOH-d_4]

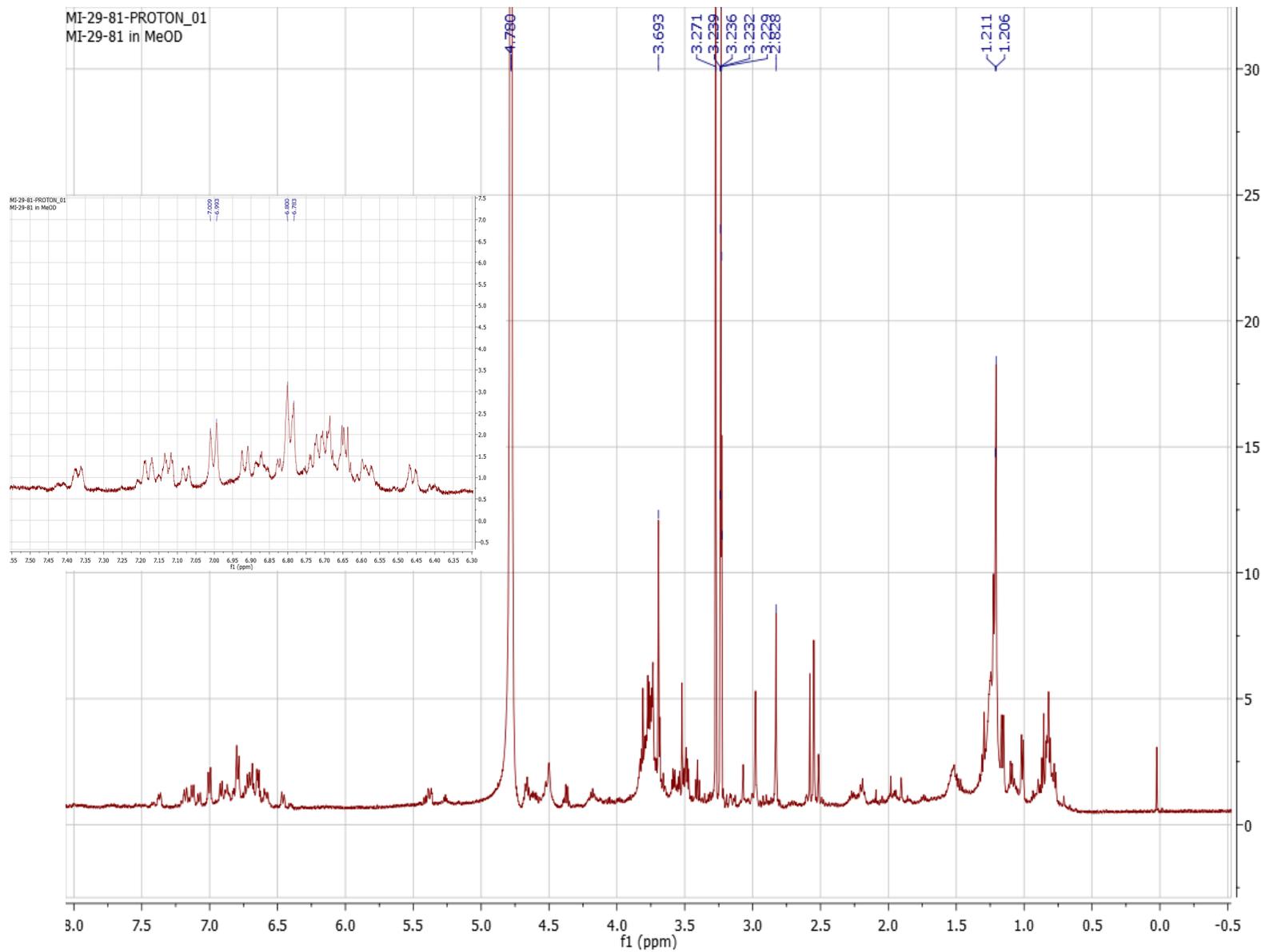


Figure S11: ^1H NMR of cyclic hexapeptide mixture; RA-V (6) and RA-XXI (9) [400 MHz, $\text{MeOH-}d_4$]

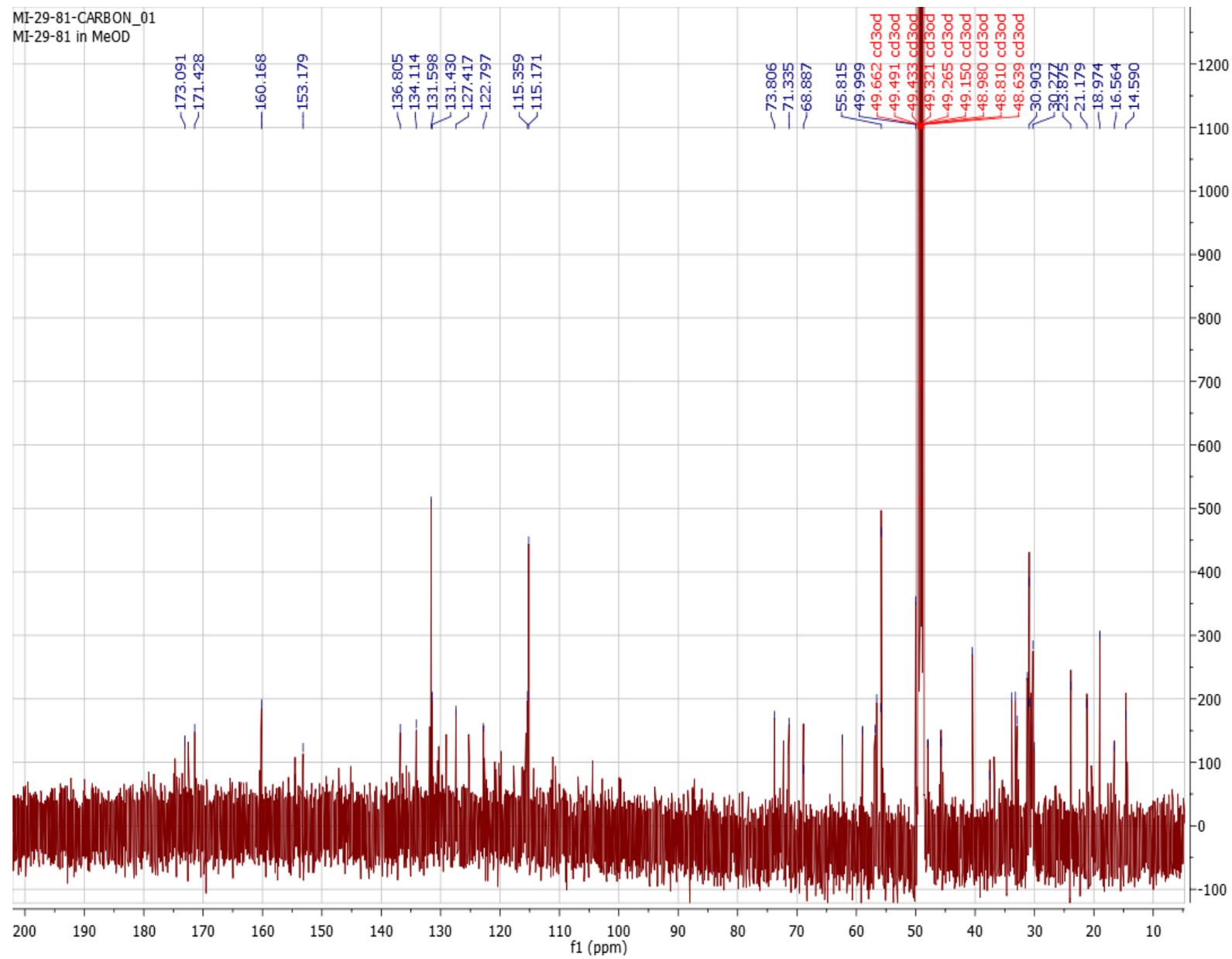


Figure S12: ^{13}C NMR of cyclic hexapeptide mixture; RA-V (6) and RA-XXI (9) [400 MHz, $\text{MeOH-}d_4$]

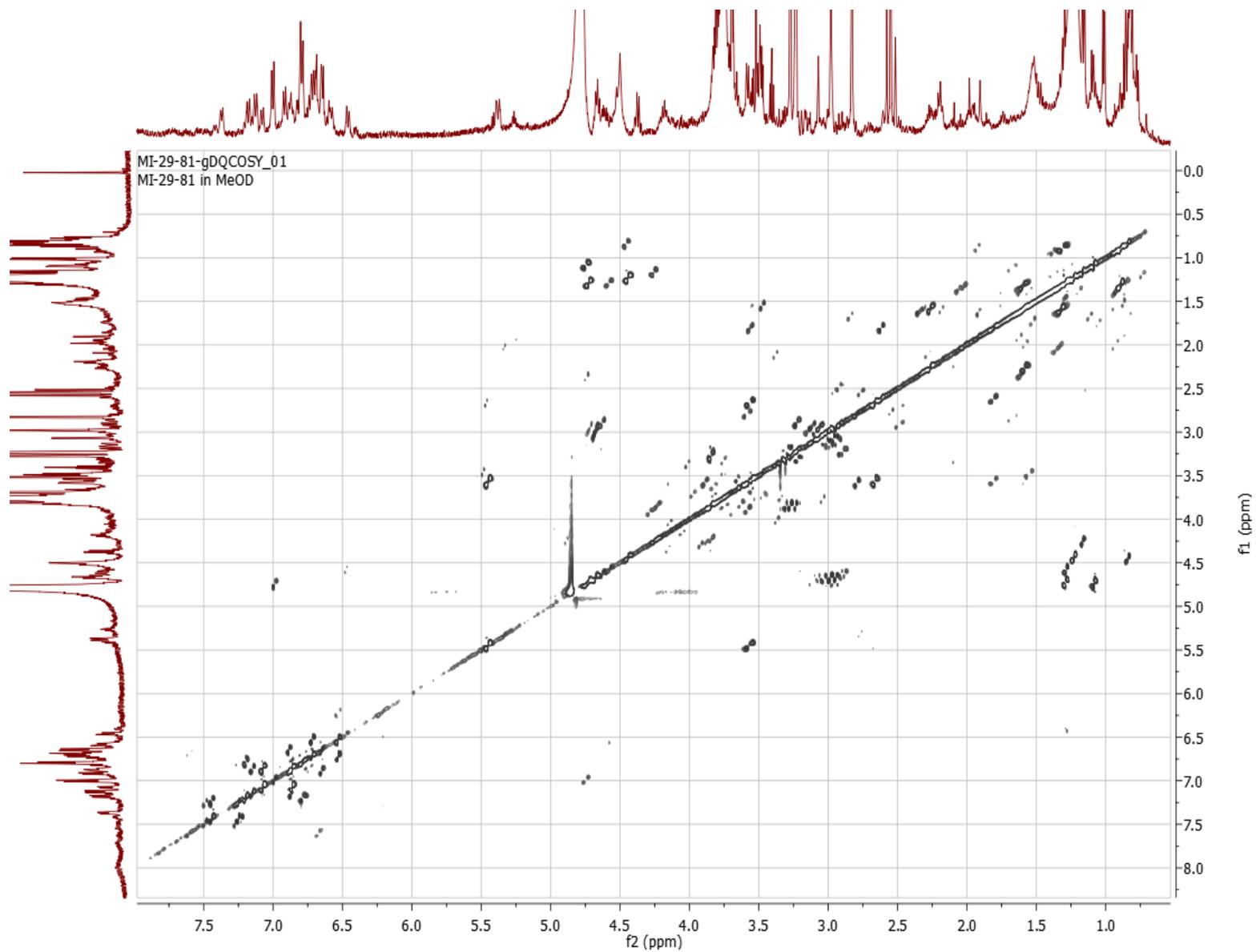


Figure S13: COSY of cyclic hexapeptide mixture; RA-V (6) and RA-XXI (9) [400 MHz, MeOH-*d*4]

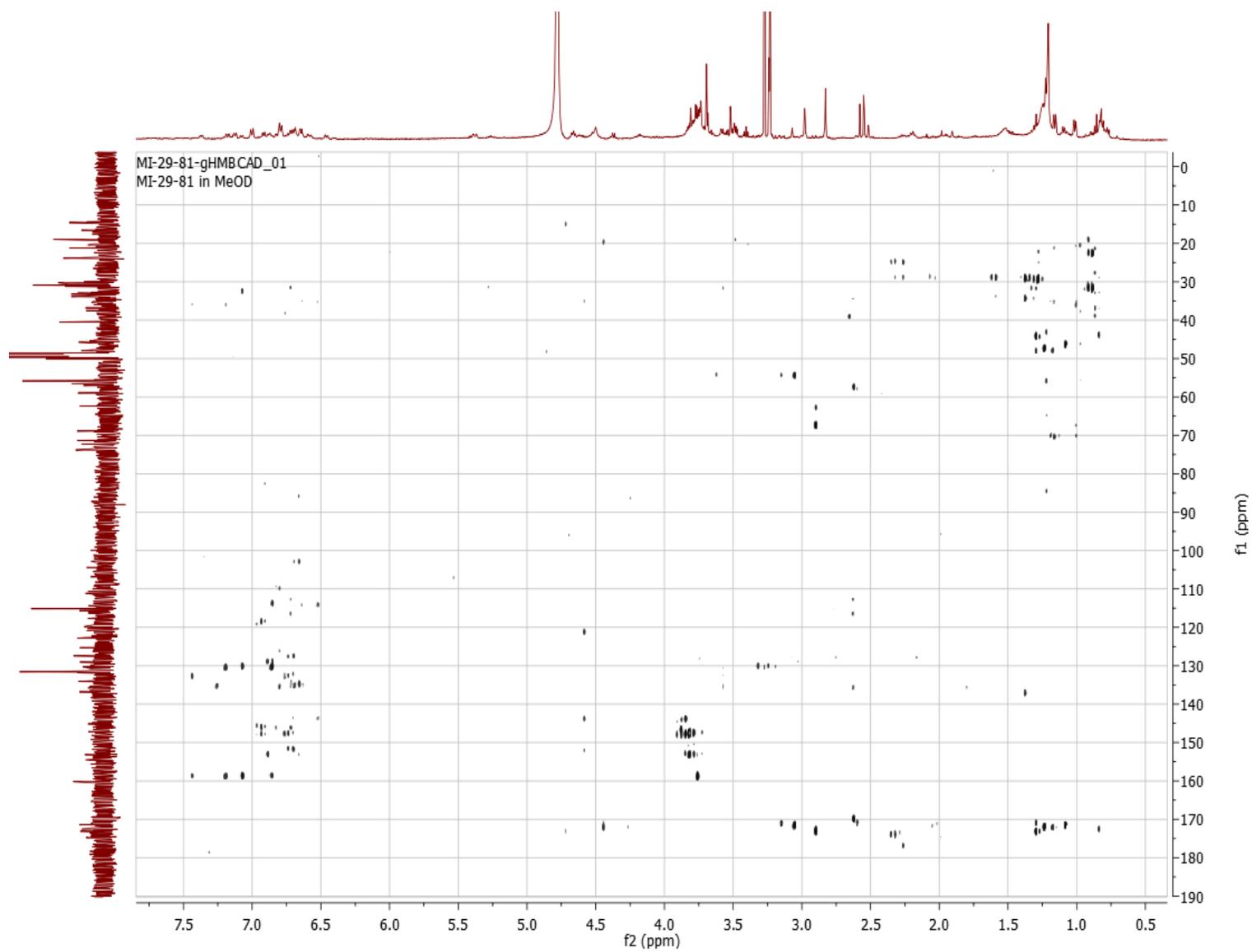


Figure S14: HMBC of cyclic hexapeptide mixture; RA-V (6) and RA-XXI (9) [400 MHz, MeOH-*d*4]

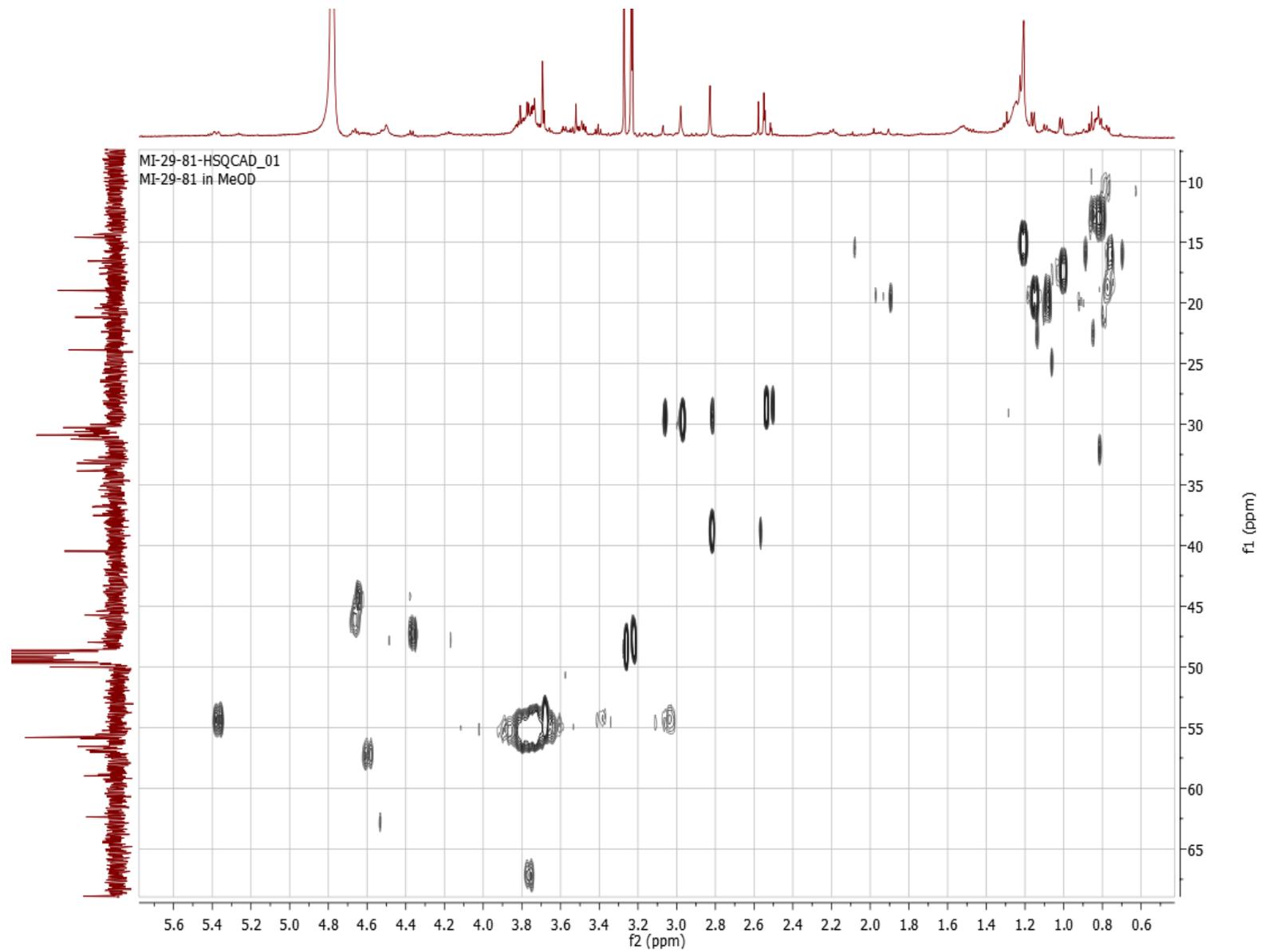


Figure S15: HSQC expansion of cyclic hexapeptide mixture; RA-V (6) and RA-XXI (9) [400 MHz, MeOH-*d*4]

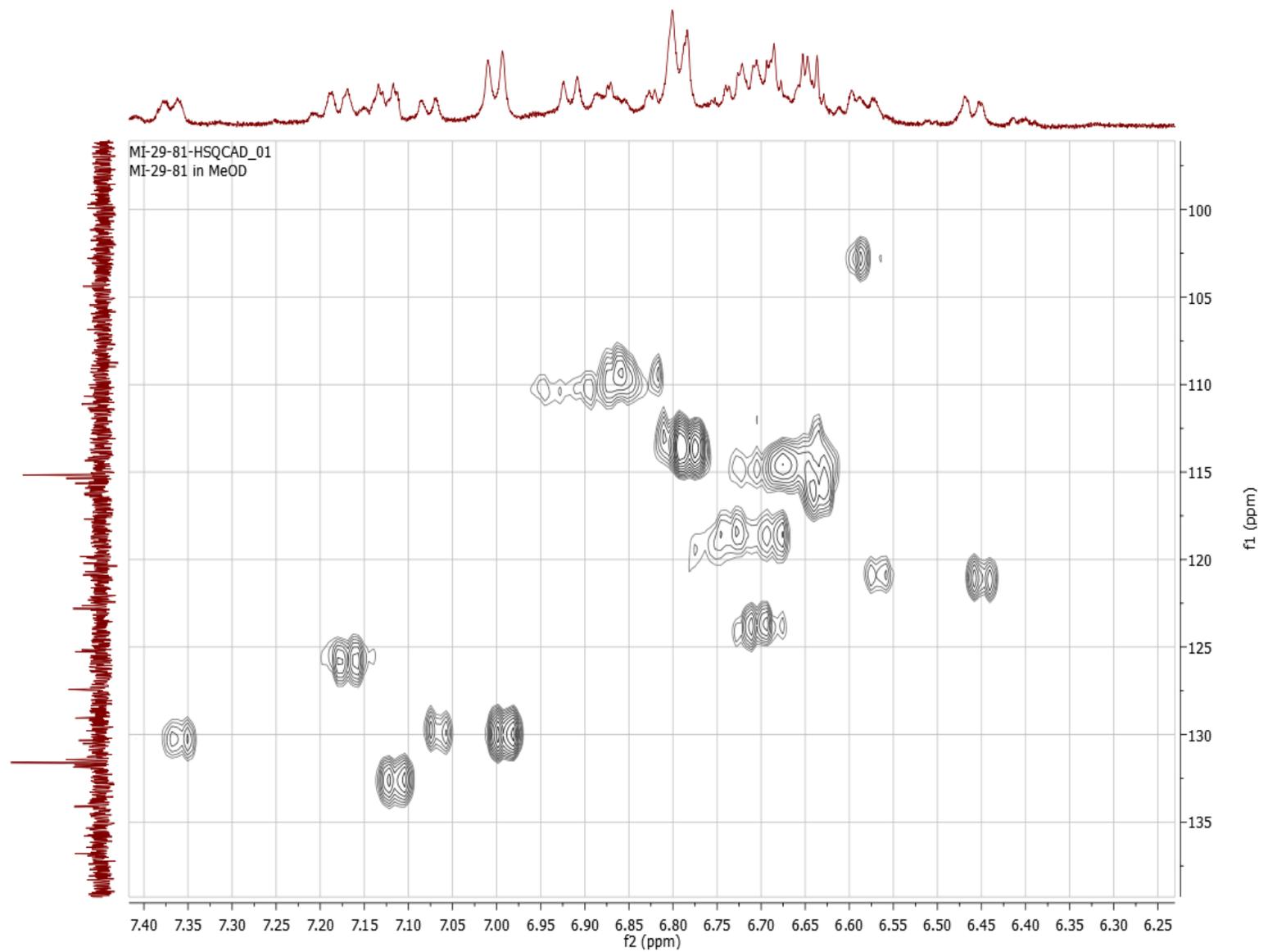
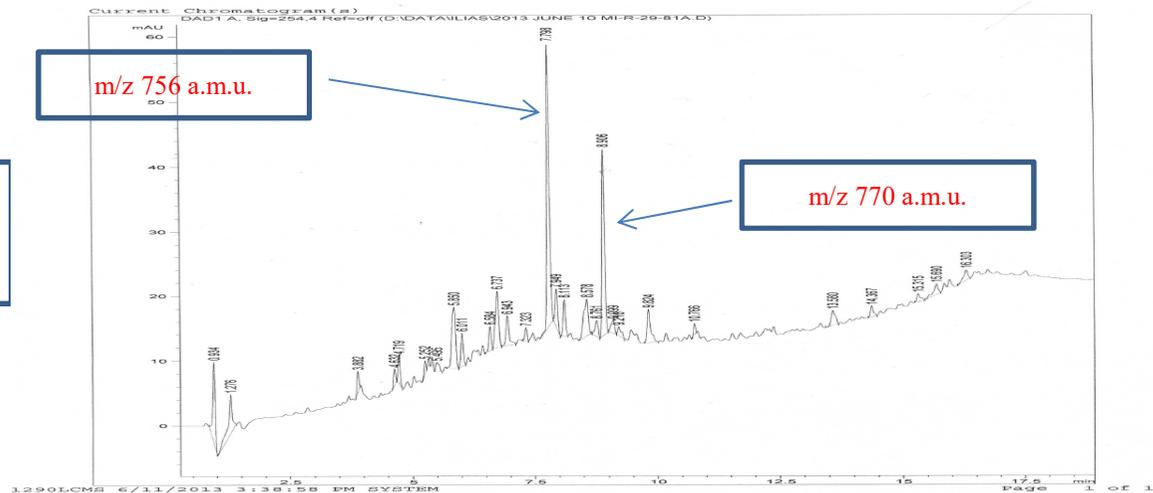


Figure S16: HSQC expansion of cyclic hexapeptide mixture; RA-V (6) and RA-XXI (9) [400 MHz, MeOH-*d*4]

LC-MS for cyclic hexapeptide mixture; RA-V (6) and RA-XXI (9)



*MSD1 SPC, time=7.775 of D:\DATA\LIAS\2013 JUNE 10 MI-R-516-512.D

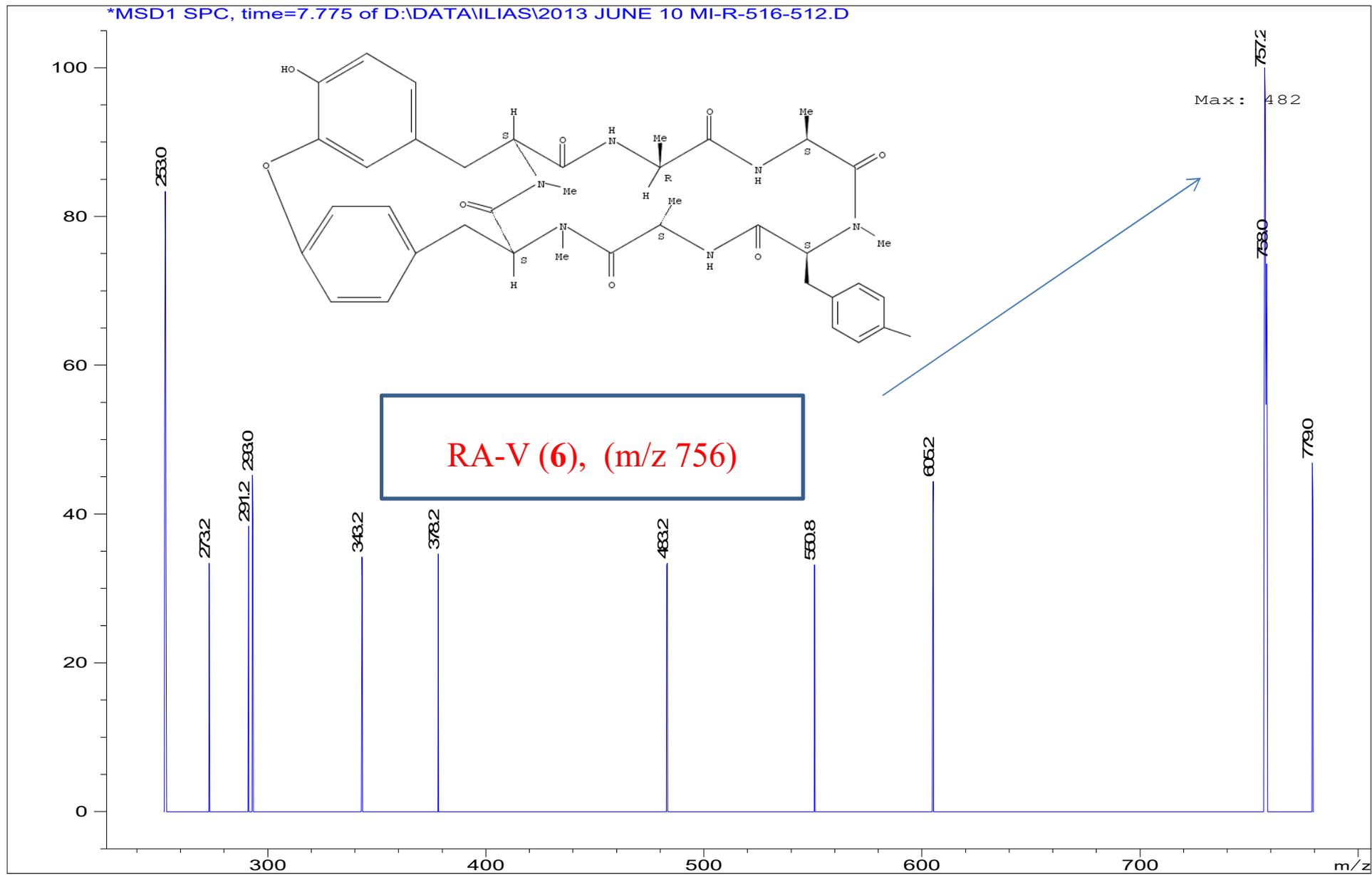


Figure S18: Mass (+) spectrum of RA-V (6)

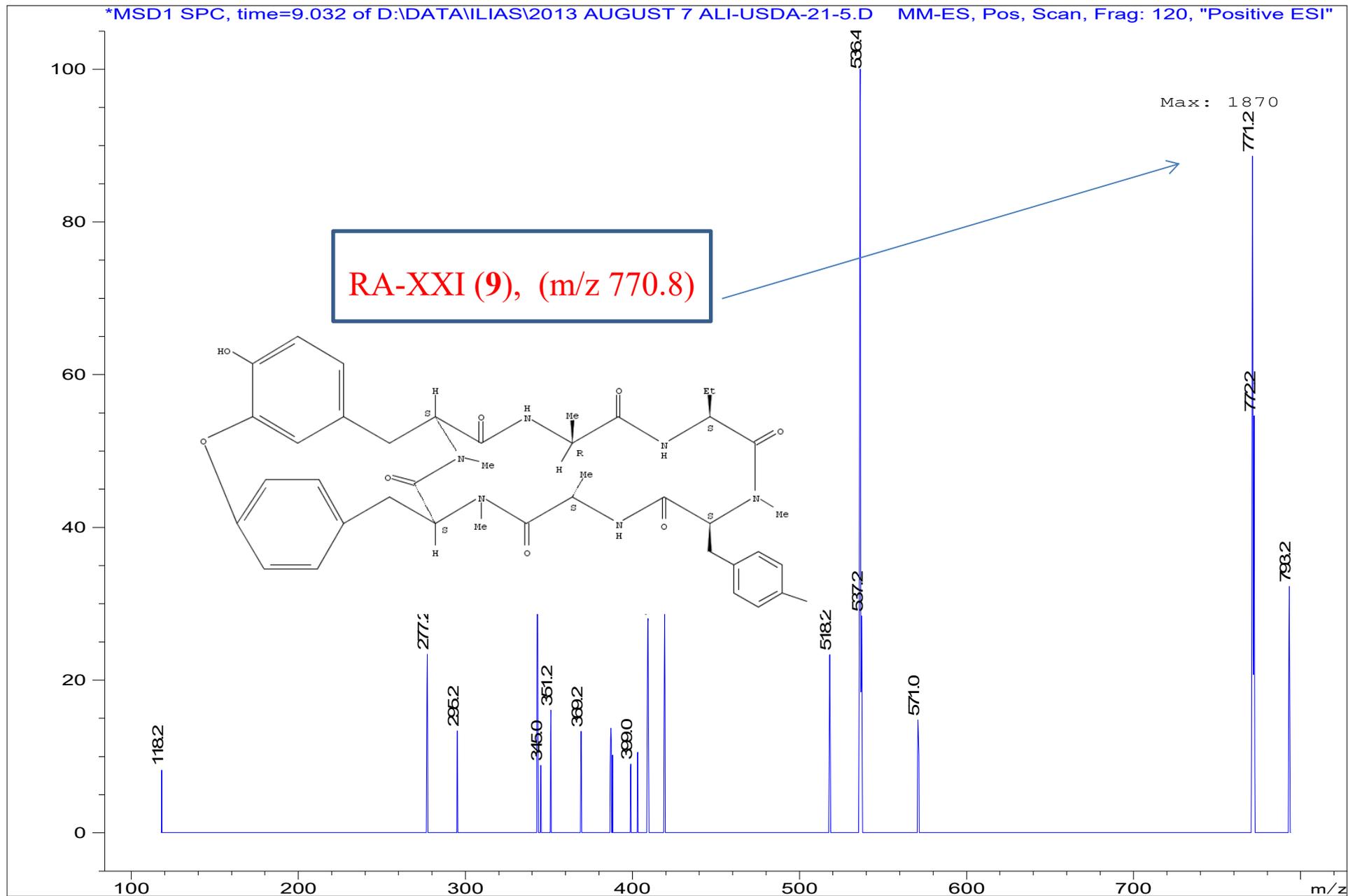


Figure S19: Mass (+) spectrum of RA-XXI (9)

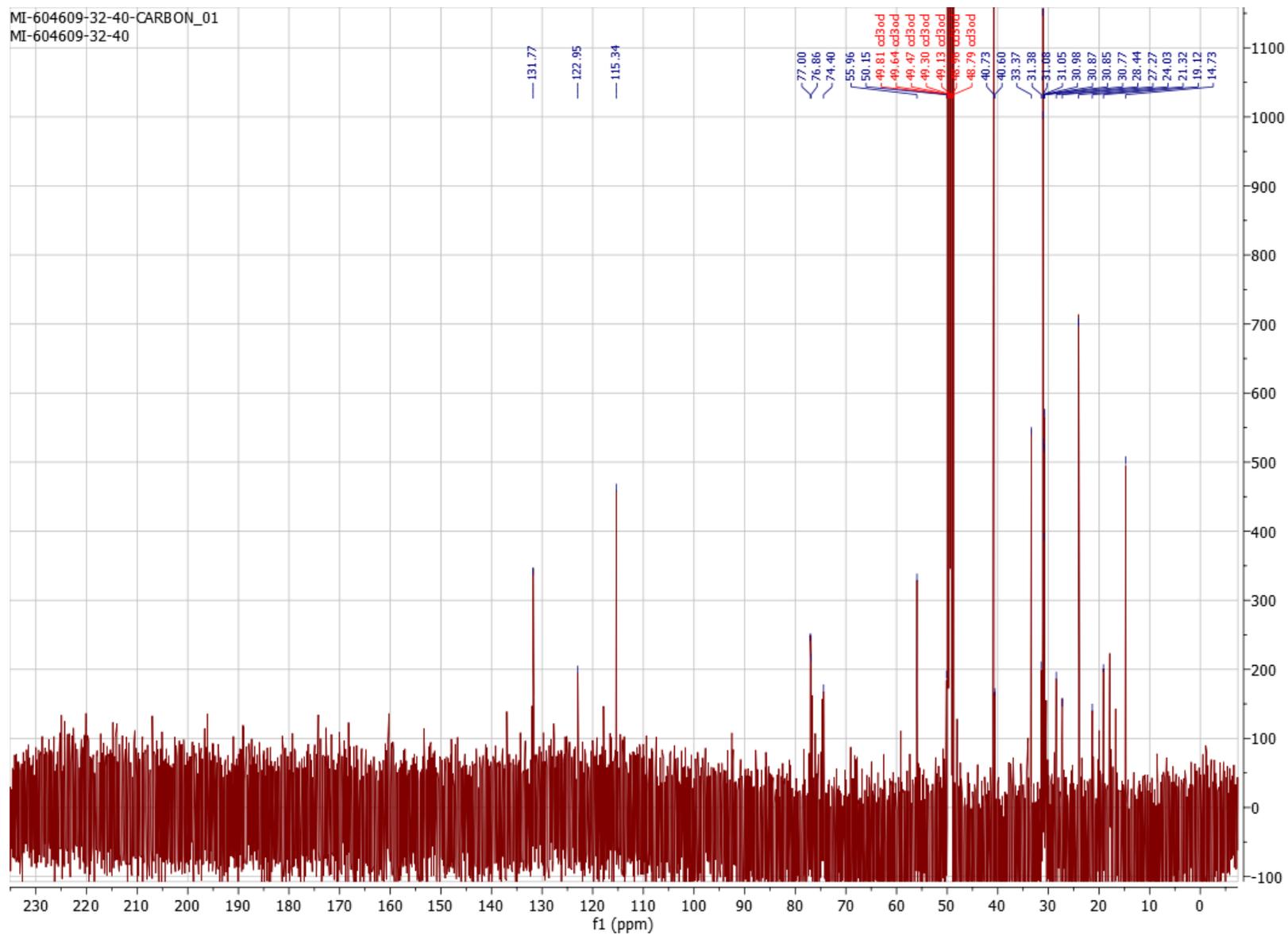


Figure S 21: ^{13}C NMR of cyclic hexapeptide RA-V (**6**) [400 MHz, $\text{MeOH-}d_4$]

Table S1: Activities of Simulated Gastric Fluid (SGF) treated and untreated compound 6 against cancer related signaling pathways in Hela cells.

	Stat3/ IL-6	Smad / TGF-b	Ap-1/ PMA	NF-kB/ PMA	E2F/ PMA	Myc/ PMA	Ets/ PMA	Notch/ PMA	FoxO	Wnt/ m-wnt 3a	Hdghog/ PMA	miR21	pTK
Untreated Compound 6 (1µg/ml)	-4	33	48	33	82	-8	60	65	51	6	1	183	50
SGF treated compound 6 (1µg/ml)	-4	41	43	34	8	20	58	56	68	12	5	150	48

Values are percentage of luciferase induction at 1µg/ml concentration by the indicated inducers when compared to pTK as control. Test agents were added to the cells 30mins before the indicated inducer and were harvested for the luciferase assay four or six (Notch, FoxO, Wnt, Hedgehog and miR21) hours later. No inducer was added to the cells transfected with control vector (pTK), FoxO and miR-21.

