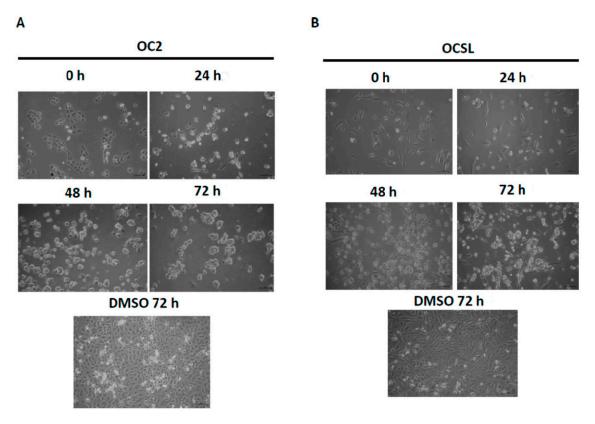
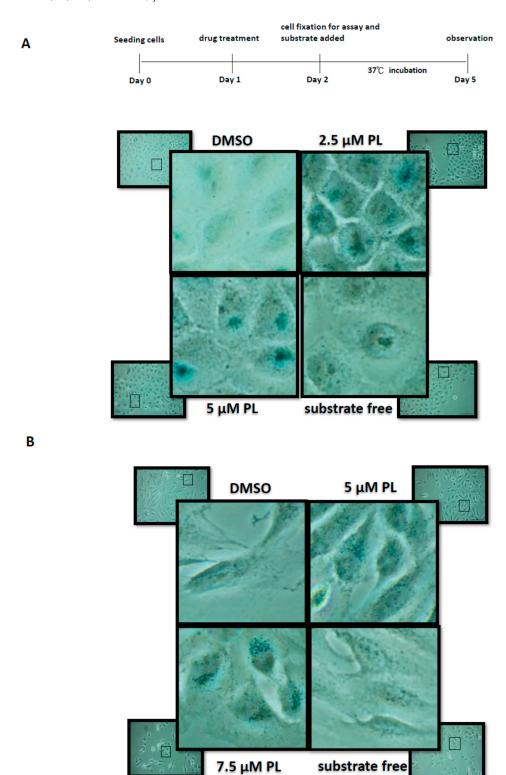
## Supplementary Materials: Piperlongumine Suppresses Proliferation of Human Oral Squamous Cell Carcinoma through Cell Cycle Arrest, Apoptosis and Senescence

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**Figure S1.** Piperlongumine treatment induced cytotoxicity, which was observed in the significant reduction of the cell number and morphological round-up instead of attachment. OC2 (**A**) and OCSL (**B**) cells were incubated with DMSO and piperlongumine (10  $\mu$ M) for various times, and the morphologic changes were observed under a microscope.



**Figure S2.** Piperlongumine induced cellular senescence in human OSCC cells. After treatment with DMSO or piperlongumine for 24 h, (**A**) OC2 and (**B**) OCSL cells were stained with SA- $\beta$ -Gal, and the senescent cells were determined under a microscope.