

Supplementary materials

Binding of Organometallic Ruthenium Anticancer Complexes to DNA: A Thermodynamic Aspect on Base and Sequence Selectivity

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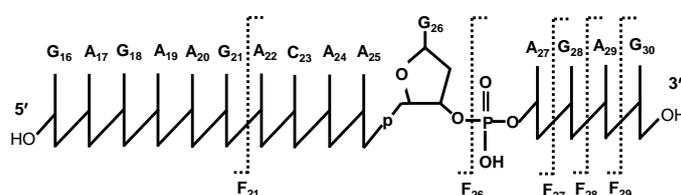
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Table S1. Equilibrium binding constants for the reactions of complex **4** with different one-G-centered single-stranded ODNs (**I** and **IV-IX**). The general sequence of ODNs is 5'-CTCTCTXG₈YCTTCTC-3'.

ODN	K_1 (10^4 M ⁻¹)	K_2 (10^4 M ⁻¹)	K_1/K_2
-C ₇ G ₈ A ₉ - (V)	2.81 ± 0.55	2.59 ± 0.55	1.08
-T ₇ G ₈ T ₉ - (I)	2.92 ± 0.46	2.75 ± 0.47	1.06
-A ₇ G ₈ C ₉ - (VI)	3.33 ± 0.37	1.92 ± 0.24	1.73
-A ₇ G ₈ A ₉ - (IX)	3.61 ± 0.39	1.62 ± 0.20	2.22
-T ₇ G ₈ A ₉ - (IV)	3.99 ± 0.31	1.90 ± 0.16	2.10
-C ₇ G ₈ C ₉ - (VII)	4.75 ± 0.53	2.07 ± 0.25	2.29
-A ₇ G ₈ T ₉ - (VIII)	5.74 ± 0.44	2.20 ± 0.18	2.61

Table S2. Negatively-charged ions observed by HPLC-ESI-MS for SVP digests of ruthenated **II** produced by reaction of complex **1** or **2** with strand **II** (Ru/**II** = 3.0). The scheme below shows the representation of exonuclease digestion of single-stranded ODN **II** by SVP (**F_i** indicates the 5'-side fragment). **1'** = $\{(\eta^6\text{-benzene})\text{Ru}(\text{en})\}^{2+}$, **2'** = $\{(\eta^6\text{-}p\text{-cymene})\text{Ru}(\text{en})\}^{2+}$.



Ru complexes	Observed (Calculated) m/z	Ion Fragments
1	1050.53 (1050.18)	$[\text{F}_{21} + \mathbf{1}']^{2-}$
2	1078.24 (1078.21)	$[\text{F}_{21} + \mathbf{2}']^{2-}$
	1225.29 (1225.25)	$[\text{F}_{21} + \mathbf{2}'_2]^{2-}$
	1335.63 (1335.59)	$[\text{F}_{26} + \mathbf{2}'_2]^{3-}$

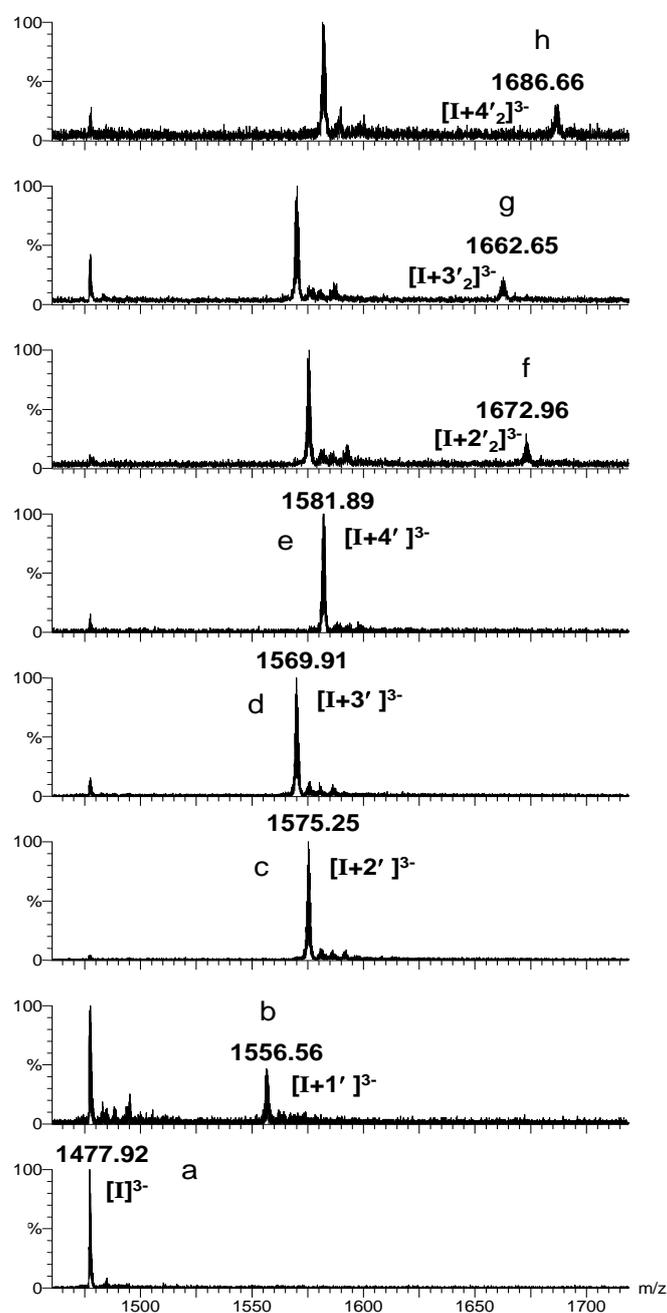


Figure S1. Mass spectra for HPLC fractions shown in Figure 1. $\mathbf{1}' = \{(\eta^6\text{-benzene})\text{Ru}(\text{en})\}^{2+}$, $\mathbf{2}' = \{(\eta^6\text{-}p\text{-cymene})\text{Ru}(\text{en})\}^{2+}$, $\mathbf{3}' = \{(\eta^6\text{-indane})\text{Ru}(\text{en})\}^{2+}$, $\mathbf{4}' = \{(\eta^6\text{-biphenyl})\text{Ru}(\text{en})\}^{2+}$.

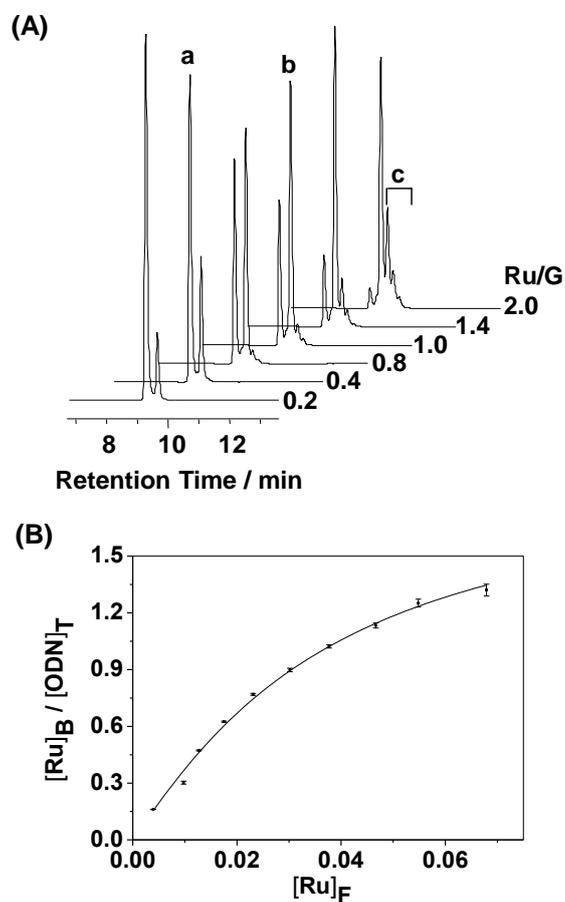


Figure S2. (A) HPLC chromatograms for reactions of complex **4** with single strand -TGA- (0.1 mM) at various molar ratios in 50 mM TEAA (pH 7) at 310 K for 24 h. Peak assignments: a, unruthenated -TGA-; b, mono-ruthenated -TGA-; c, di-ruthenated -TGA-; (B) Plot (dots) of DNA-bound **4** as a function of the concentration of free ruthenium complexes. Computer-fitting (line) of the experimental data to the ligand-receptor binding equation 8 gave rise to the equilibrium constants for the reaction of **4** with the ODN -TGA- listed in Table S3.

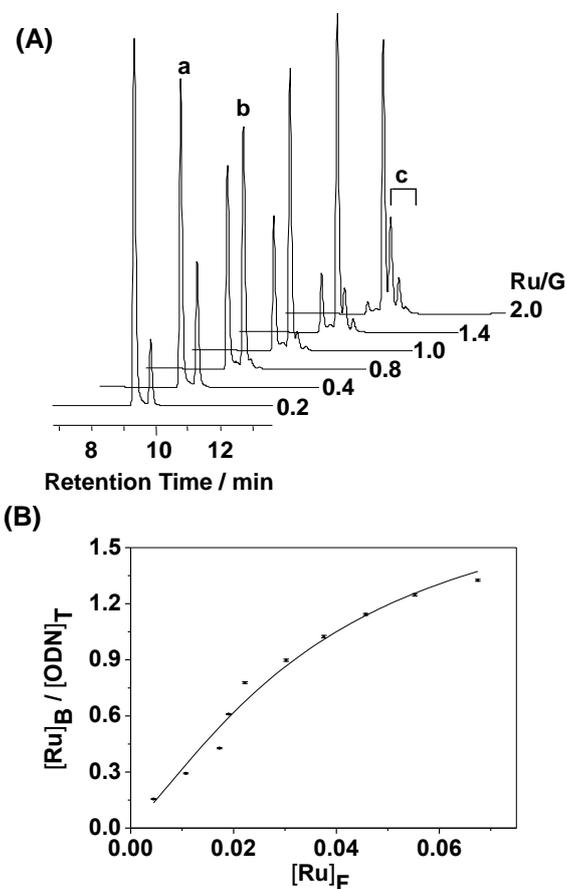


Figure S3. (A) HPLC chromatograms for reactions of complex **4** with single strand -CGA- (0.1 mM) at various molar ratios in 50 mM TEAA (pH 7) at 310 K for 24 h. Peak assignments: a, unruthenated -CGA-; b, mono-ruthenated -CGA-; c, di-ruthenated -CGA-; (B) Plot (dots) of DNA-bound **4** as a function of the concentration of free ruthenium complexes. Computer-fitting (line) of the experimental data to the ligand-receptor binding equation 8 gave rise to the equilibrium constants for the reaction of **4** with the ODN -CGA- listed in Table S3.

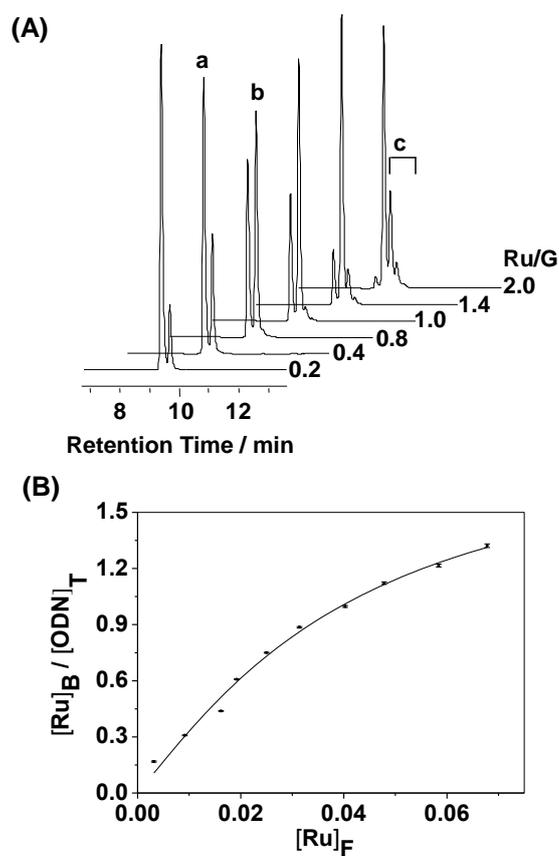


Figure S4. (A) HPLC chromatograms for reactions of complex **4** with single strand -AGC- (0.1 mM) at various molar ratios in 50 mM TEAA (pH 7) at 310 K for 24 h. Peak assignments: a, unruthenated -AGC-; b, mono-ruthenated -AGC-; c, di-ruthenated -AGC-; (B) Plot (dots) of DNA-bound **4** as a function of the concentration of free ruthenium complexes. Computer-fitting (line) of the experimental data to the ligand-receptor binding equation 8 gave rise to the equilibrium constants for the reaction of **4** with the ODN -AGC- listed in Table S3.

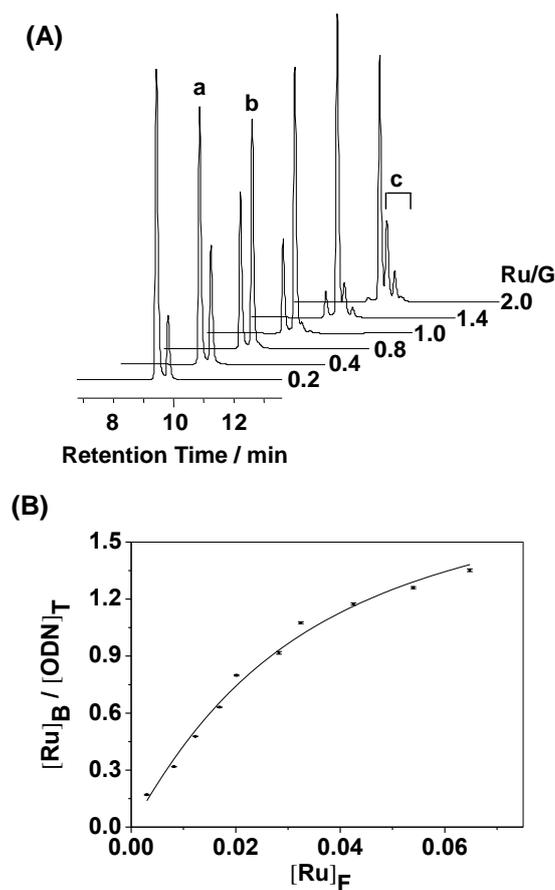


Figure S5. (A) HPLC chromatograms for reactions of complex **4** with single strand -CGC- (0.1 mM) at various molar ratios in 50 mM TEAA (pH 7) at 310 K for 24 h. Peak assignments: a, unruthenated -CGC-; b, mono-ruthenated -CGC-; c, di-ruthenated -CGC-; (B) Plot (dots) of DNA-bound **4** as a function of the concentration of free ruthenium complexes. Computer-fitting (line) of the experimental data to the ligand-receptor binding equation 8 gave rise to the equilibrium constants for the reaction of **4** with the ODN -CGC- listed in Table S3.

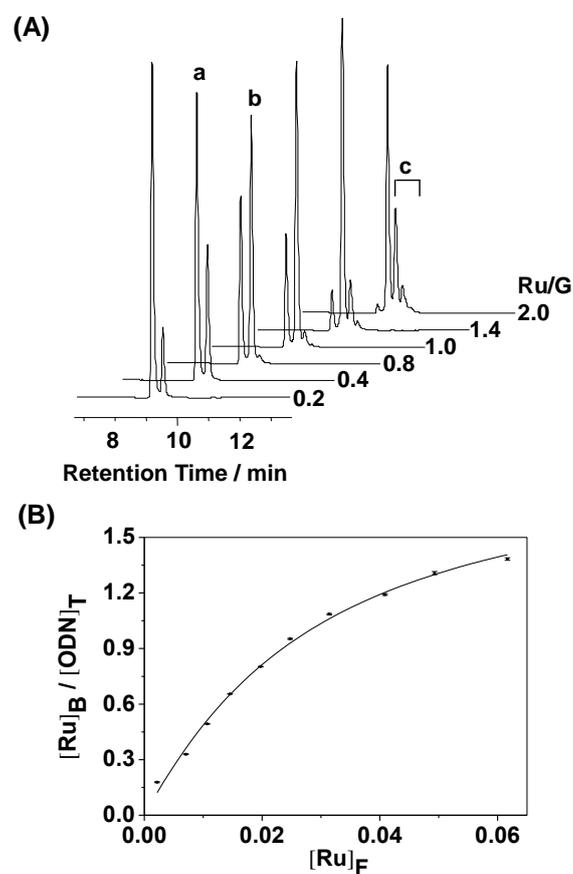


Figure S6. (A) HPLC chromatograms for reactions of complex **4** with single strand -AGT- (0.1 mM) at various molar ratios in 50 mM TEAA (pH 7) at 310 K for 24 h. Peak assignments: a, unruthenated -AGT-; b, mono-ruthenated -AGT-; c, di-ruthenated -AGT-; (B) Plot (dots) DNA-bound **4** as a function of the concentration of free ruthenium complexes. Computer-fitting (line) of the experimental data to the ligand-receptor binding equation 8 gave rise to the equilibrium constants for the reaction of **4** with the ODN -AGT- listed in Table S3.

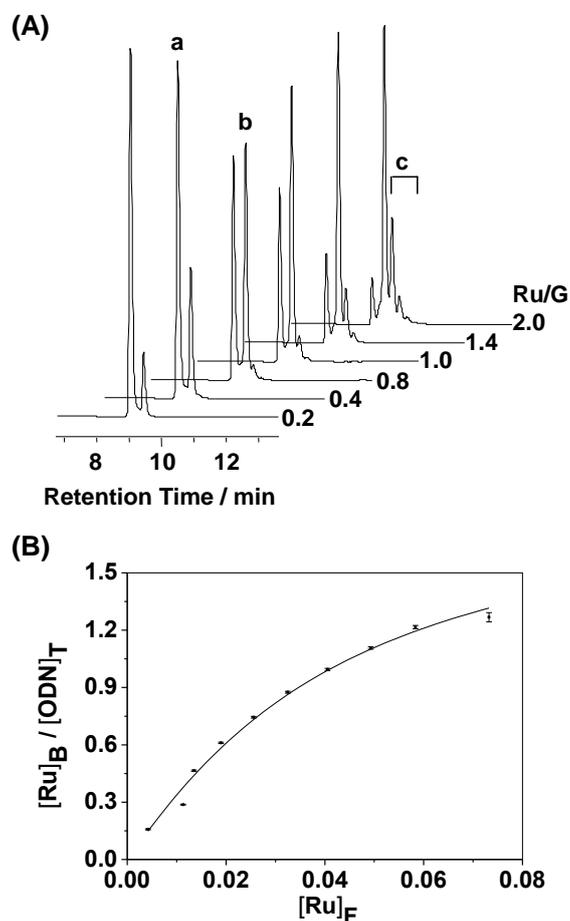


Figure S7. (A) HPLC chromatograms for reactions of complex **4** with single strand -AGA- (0.1 mM) at various molar ratios in 50 mM TEAA (pH 7) at 310 K for 24 h. Peak assignments: a, unruthenated -AGA-; b, mono-ruthenated -AGA-; c, di-ruthenated -AGA-; (B) Plot (dots) DNA-bound **4** as a function of the concentration of free ruthenium complexes. Computer-fitting (line) of the experimental data to the ligand-receptor binding equation 8 gave rise to the equilibrium constants for the reaction of **4** with the ODN -AGA- listed in Table S3.

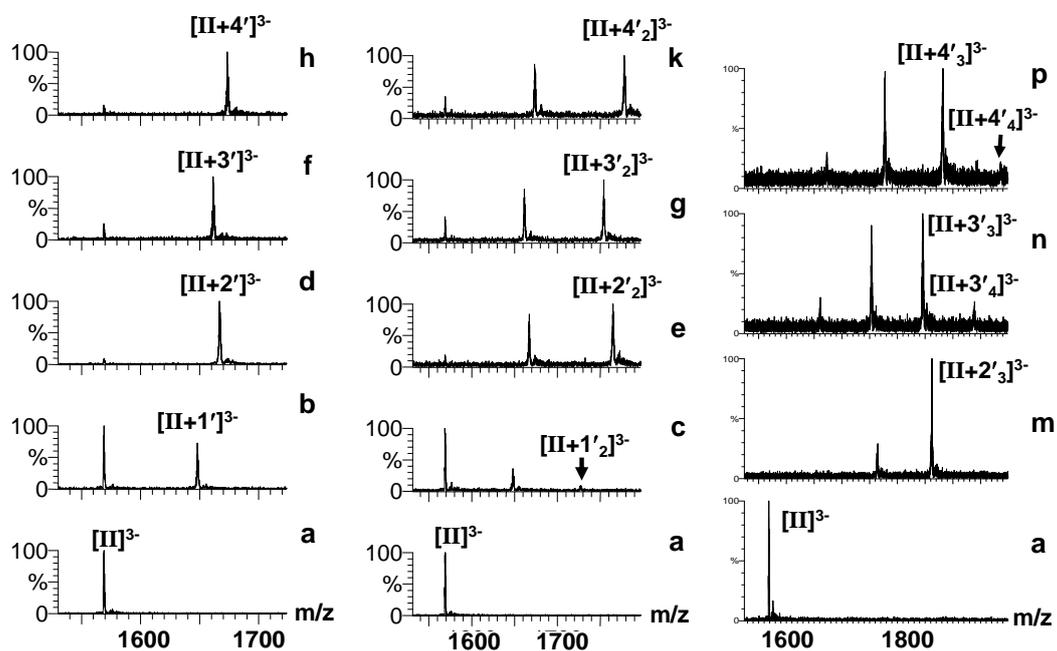


Figure S8. Mass spectra for HPLC fractions showed in Figure 5. $\mathbf{1}' = \{(\eta^6\text{-benzene})\text{Ru}(\text{en})\}^{2+}$, $\mathbf{2}' = \{(\eta^6\text{-}p\text{-cymene})\text{Ru}(\text{en})\}^{2+}$, $\mathbf{3}' = \{(\eta^6\text{-indane})\text{Ru}(\text{en})\}^{2+}$, $\mathbf{4}' = \{(\eta^6\text{-biphenyl})\text{Ru}(\text{en})\}^{2+}$.

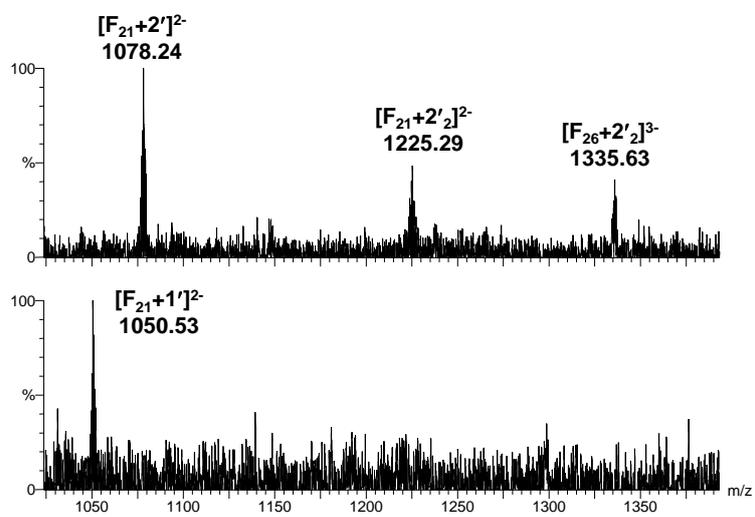


Figure S9. Mass spectra for ruthenated oligonucleotide fragments F_{21} and F_{26} arising from SVP digestion of ruthenated **II** by complex **1** or **2**. $1' = \{(\eta^6\text{-benzene})\text{Ru}(\text{en})\}^{2+}$, $2' = \{(\eta^6\text{-}p\text{-cymene})\text{Ru}(\text{en})\}^{2+}$.

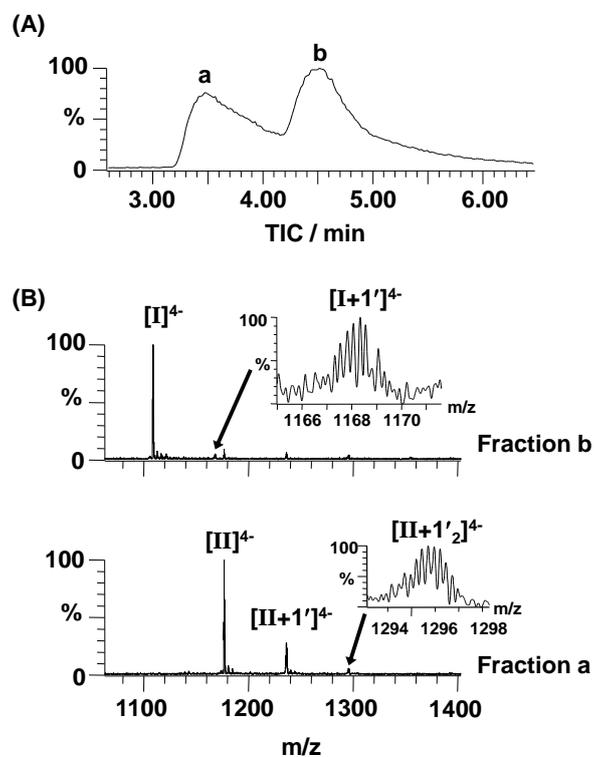


Figure S10. (A) Chromatograms with total ion count (TIC) detection for the reaction mixture of complex **1** and 15-mer duplex **III** ($Ru/III = 6.0$) in 50 mM TEAA buffer (pH 7) and 100 mM $NaClO_4$ incubated at 310 K for 48 h. (B) Mass spectra for HPLC fractions shown in (A).

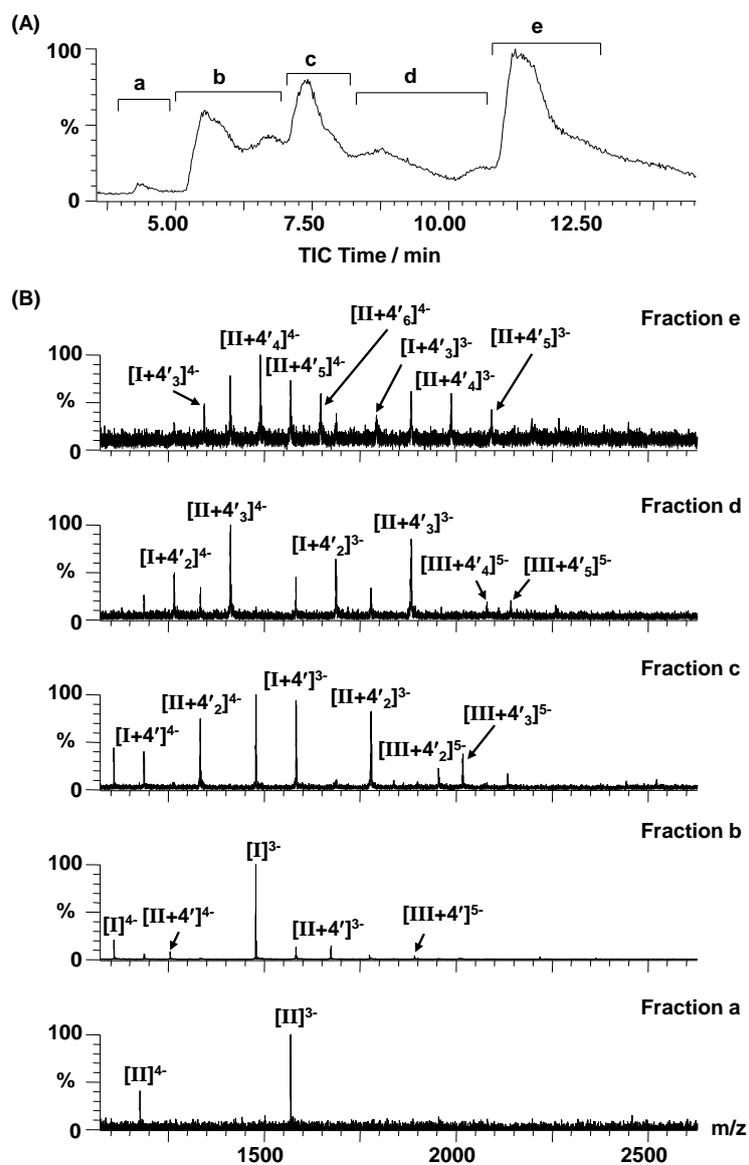


Figure S11. (A) Chromatogram with total ion count (TIC) detection for the reaction mixture of complex **4** and duplex **III** ($Ru/III = 6.0$) in 50 mM TEAA buffer (pH 7) and 100 mM $NaClO_4$ incubated at 310 K for 48 h. (B) Corresponding mass spectra for HPLC fractions shown in (A).

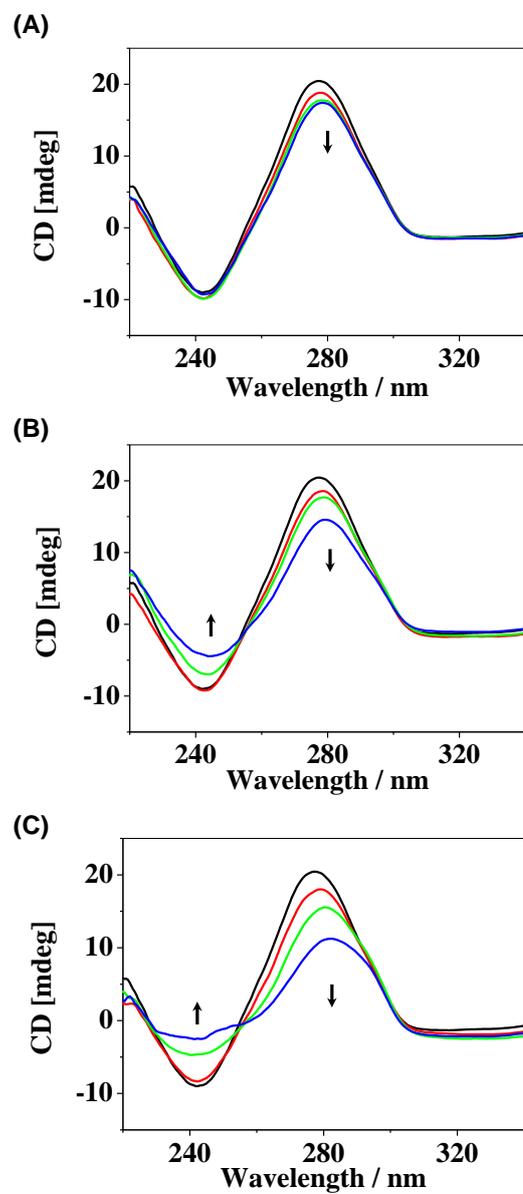


Figure S12. CD spectra of free duplex **III** (black) and the reaction mixtures of duplex **III** with complex **1** (A), **2** (B) or **4** (C) incubated under 310 K for 24 h at a molar ratio of Ru/**III** = 1.0 (red), 3.0 (green) and 6.0 (blue).