

Title:

Transcriptomic Analysis Reveals the High-oleic Acid Feedback Regulating the Homologous Gene Expression of Stearyl-ACP Desaturase 2 (*SAD2*) in Peanut

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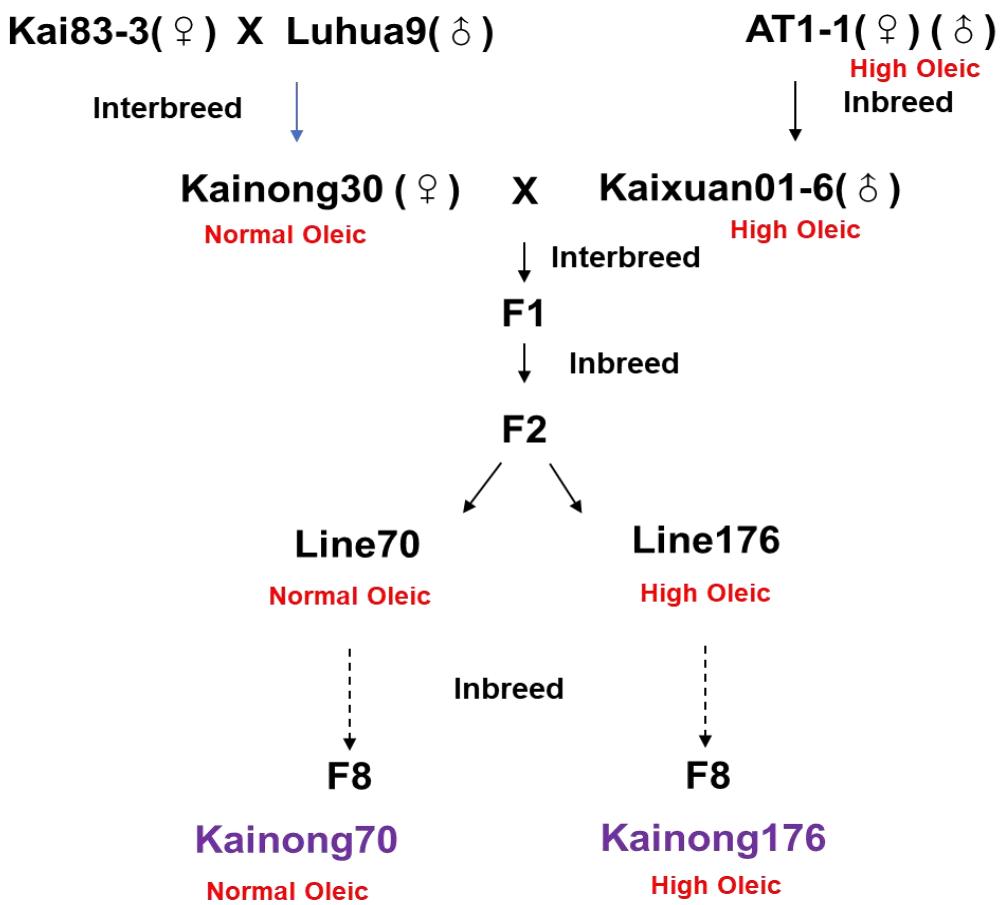


Figure S1. The breeding processes of normal- and high-oleic cultivars Kainong70 and Kainong176. Kai83-3(♀) intercrossed with Luhua9(♂) to cultivate the kainong30, Kaixuan01-6 selected from the inbreeding population of American introduced high-oleic peanut variety AT1-1(♀) (♂). Kainong30 (♀) intercrossed with Kaixuan01-6 (♂) to generate the F2 population, normal- and high-oleic line70 and 176 isolated from the F2 population, and self-fertilized to generate the normal-oleic cultivar Kainong70 and high-oleic cultivar Kainong176 until the stable F8 population. These varieties information provided by the website of www.peanutdata.cn.

>*FAD2-A* coding sequence in high-oleate cultivar kainong176

ATGGGAGCTGGAGGGCGTGTCACTAAGATTGAAGCTAAAAGAACGCCTTTCAAGG
GTTCCACATTCAAACCCCTCATTCACTAGTGTGGCCAACACTCAAGAAAGCAATTCCACCAC
ATTGCTTGAACGTTCTCTTTCATATCATTCTCCTATGTTGTCTATGATCTCTTAGTGGC
CTACTTACTCTTCTACATTGCCACCACTTATTCCACAAGCTCCATACCCATTTCCTTC
CTTGCTTGGCCAATCTATTGGGCATCCAAGGCTGCATTCTCACTGGTGTGGTGAT
TGCTCATGAGTGTGGCCACCATGCCTCAGCAAGTACCAACTGTTGATGACATGGTTG
GTTGACCCTTCACTCT**TGA(375bp)**CTATTAGTCCTTATTCTCATGGAAAATCAGCCA
CCGCCGCCACCACTCCAACACCCGGTCCCTCGACCGCAACGAAGTGTGTCCCCAAA
CCAAAATCAAAGGTATCATGGTATAACAAGTACATGAACAAATCCACCAGGGAGGGCTAT
CTCCCTCTTCATCACACTCACACTAGGATGCCCTGTACTTGGCCTCAATGTTCTGG
CAGACCCTATGATAGATTGCAAGCCACTATGACCCCTATGCTCCCATAACTCTAACAG
GGAAAGGCTTCTAAATTATGTCTCAGATTCTGTCTTGCTGTAACATATCTGCTATAT
CACATAGCAACTTGAAAGGTTGGGTGGGTGGTATGTGTTATGGGTGCCATTGCT
CATTGTGAATGGGTTCTAGTTACCATACCTATTGCAAGCAGACACATGCATCATTGAC
TCACTATGATTCCGAATGGGACTGGTTAAGAGGGAGCATTGGCAACAGTGGACAGA
GATTATGGGATACTGAATAAGGCATTTCATCATATAACTGATACGCATGTGGCTCATCATT
TGTCTCAACAATGCCCTATTACCATGCAATGGAAGCAACCAATGCAATAAAGCCAATA
TTGGGTGATTACTACCAATTGATGGCACCCAGTTACAAAGCATTGTGGAGAGAAGC
CAAAGAGTGCCTCTATGTGGAGCCAGATGATGGAGCTCTCAGAAGGGTGTATTGGT
ACAAGAACAAAGTTCTGA

>*FAD2-A* in normal-oleate cultivar kainong70

ATGGGAGCTGGAGGGCGTGTCACTAAGATTGAAGCTAAAAGAACGCCTTTCAAGG
GTTCCACATTCAAACCCCTCATTCACTAGTGTGGCCAACACTCAAGAAAGCAATTCCACCAC
ATTGCTTGAACGTTCTCTTTCATATCATTCTCCTATGTTGTCTATGATCTCTTAGTGGC
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CTTGCTTGGCCAATCTATTGGGCATCCAAGGCTGCATTCTCACTGGTGTGGTGAT
TGCTCATGAGTGTGGCCACCATGCCTCAGCAAGTACCAACTGTTGATGACATGGTTG
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GCCACCACTCCAACACCCGGTCCCTCGACCGCGACGAAGTGTGTCCCCAAAACCAA
AATCAAAGGTATCATGGTATAACAAGTACATGAACAAATCCACCAGGGAGGGCTATCTCC
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ACCCTATGATAGATTGCAAGCCACTATGACCCCTATGCTCCCATAACTCTAACAGGGA
AAGGCTTCTAAATTATGTCTCAGATTCTGTCTGTAACATATCTGCTATATCAC
ATAGCAACTCTGAAAGGTTGGGTGGGTGGTATGTGTTATGGGTGCCATTGCTCAT
TGTGAATGGGTTCTAGTTACCATACCTATTGCAAGCAGACACATGCATCATTGCCCTCA
CTATGATTCCGAATGGGACTGGTTAAGAGGGAGCATTGGCAACAGTGGACAGAGAT
TATGGGATACTGAATAAGGCATTTCATCATATAACTGATACGCATGTGGCTCATATTGT
TCTCAACAATGCCCTATTACCATGCAATGGAAGCAACCAATGCAATAAAGCCAATATTG
GGTGATTACTACCAATTGATGGCACCCAGTTACAAAGCATTGTGGAGAGAAGCCA
AAGAGTGCCTCTATGTGGAGCCAGATGATGGAGCTCTCAGAAGGGTGTATTGGTAC
AAGAACAAAGTTCTGA



ATTGCTTGAAACGTTCTCTTTCATATCATTCTCATATGTTGCTATGATCTCTTAATGGCC
TACTTACTCTTCTACATTGCCACCACTTATTCCACAAGCTCCATACCCATTTCTTCC
TTGCTTGGCCAATCTATTGGGCCATCCAAGGCTGCATTCTCACCGGTGTTGGGTGATT
GCTCATGAGTGTGGCCACCATGCCTCAGCAAGTACCAACTGTTGATGACATGGTTGG
TTTGAACCCTCACTCTTGTCTATTAGTCCATTATTCATGGAAAATCAGCCACCGCCG
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ATCAAAGGTATCATGGTATAACAAGTACATGAACAACTCCACCAGGGAGGGCTATTCTC
TTTCATCACACTCACACTAGGATGCCCTGTACCTGGCCTCAATGTTCTGGCAGA
CCCTATGATAGATTGCAAGCCACTATGACCTTATGCTCCATATACTCTAACAGGGAA
AGGCTTCTAATTATGTCTCAGATTCACTGTCTTGCTGTAACATATCTGCTATATCACA
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ATGGGATACTGAATAAGGCATTCTCATATAACTGATAACGCATGTGGCTCATTTGTT
CTCAACGATGCCATTACCATGCAATGGAAGCAACCAATGCAATAAGCCAATTGG
GTGATTACTACCAATTGATGGCACCCAGTTACAAAGCATTGTGGAGAGAAGCCAA
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AGAACAAAGTCTGA

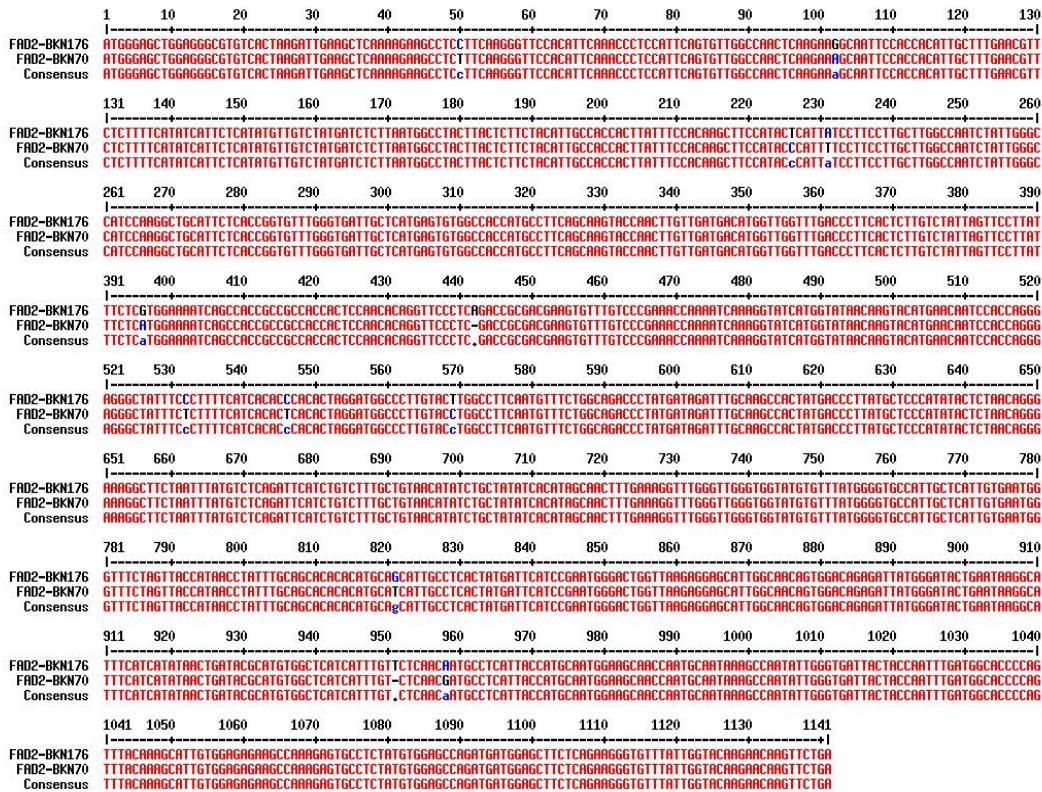


Figure S2. Coding sequence of *FAD2-A* and *FAD2-B* in kainong176 and kainong70.

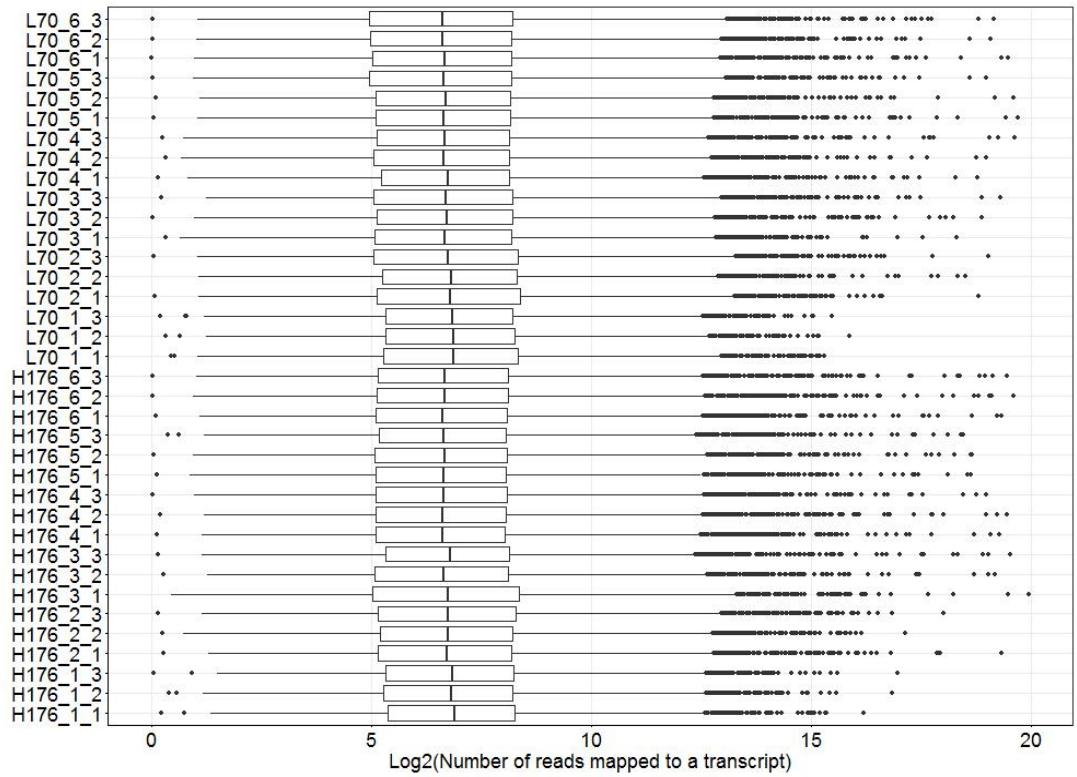


Figure S3. Statistical analysis of assembly reads mapped to the transcript.

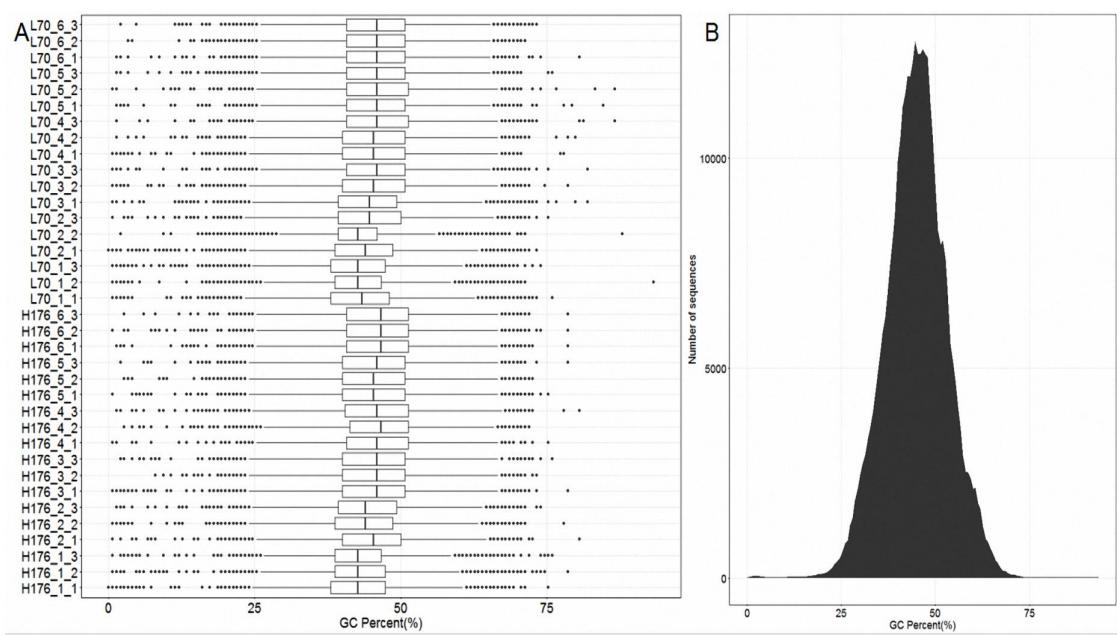


Figure S4. GC content analysis of peanut transcripts. A, Frequency of GC content of peanut transcripts. B, Distribution of GC content of transcripts for peanut transcriptome-seq.

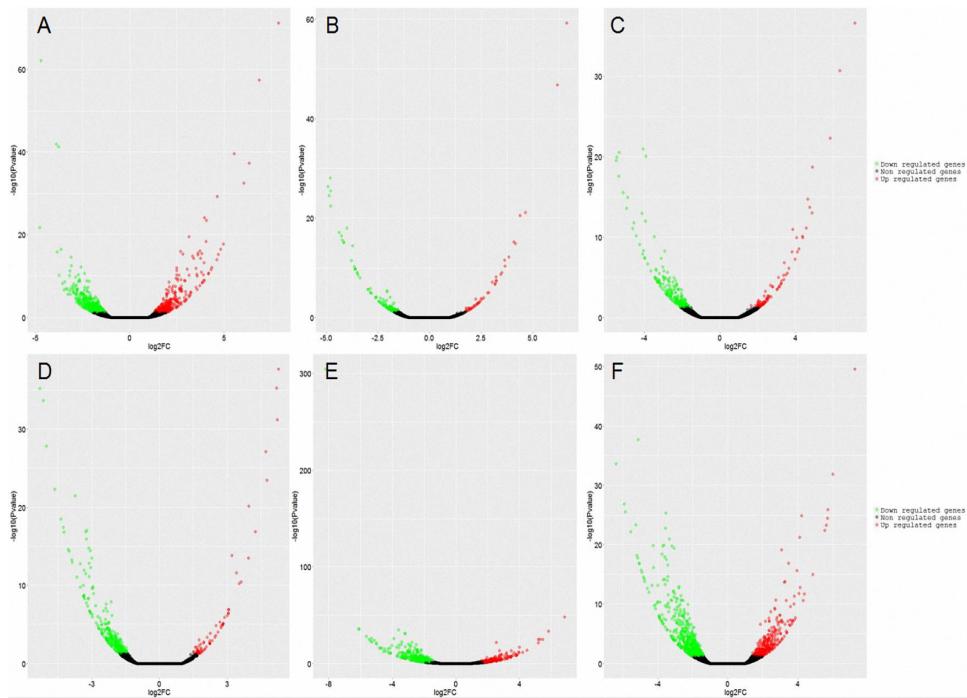


Figure S5. Volcano plot displayed the screening criteria of total DEGs at different seed development stages. A-F represented from 20DAF to 70DAF, respectively.

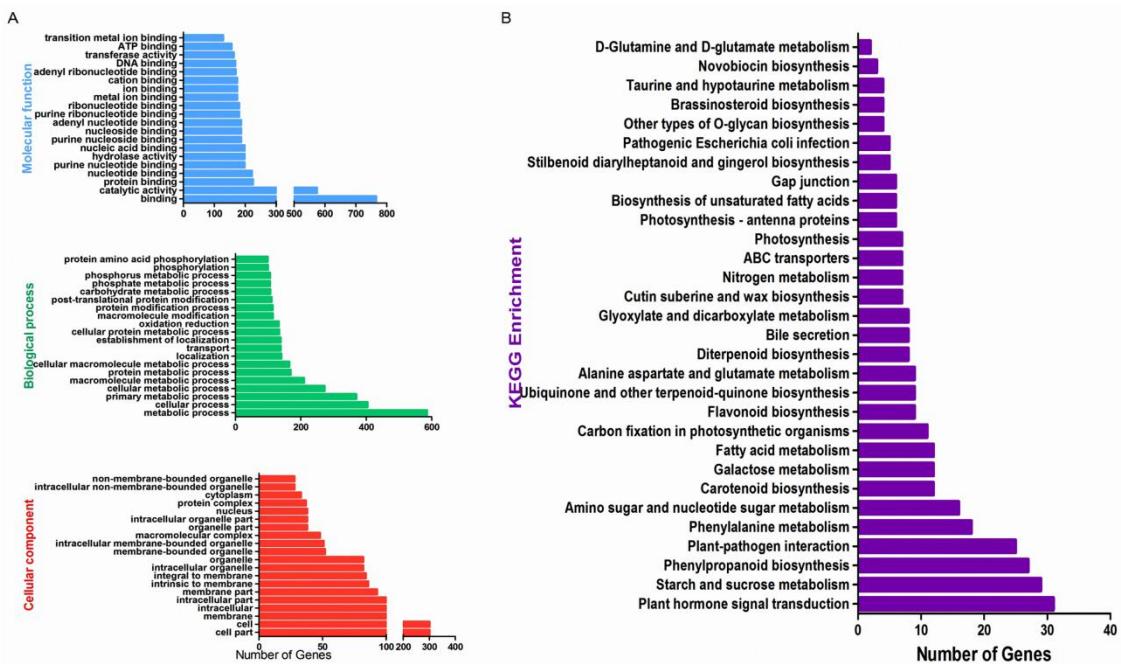


Figure S6. Bioinformatics and statistical analyses of differentially expressed genes. A, GO analysis of the total DEGs in molecular function, biological process, and cellular component, respectively (Top 20 terms). B, KEGG pathway enrichment analysis of DEGs at different seed developmental stages in H176 vs. L70 (Top 30 terms).

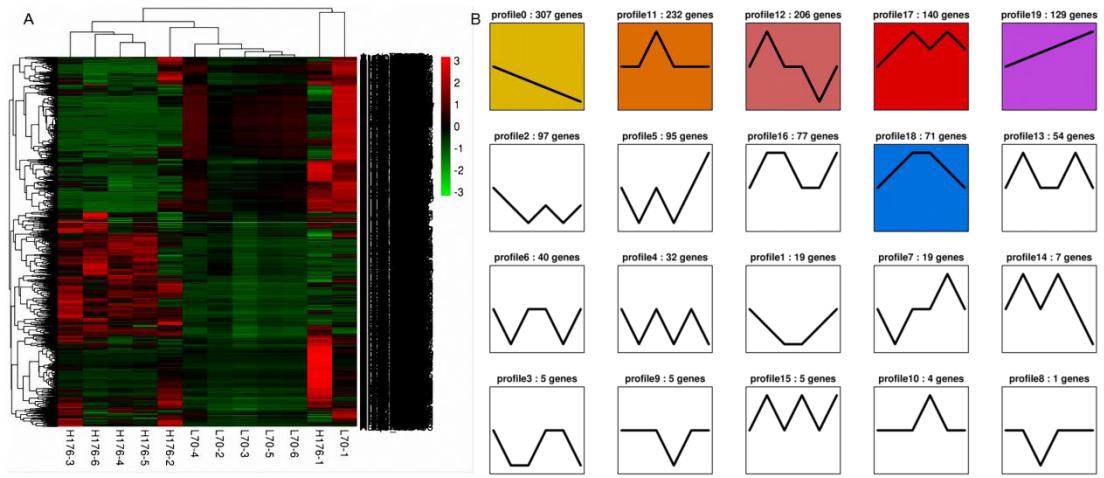


Figure S7. Expression analysis of DEGs between six developmental stages. A, Heatmap showing the relative expression of total DEGs at each stage in L70 and H176. B, Trend analysis of DEGs expression (20 trends). Colored block trend: significant enrichment trend ($P<0.05$). Without color trend: the enrichment of significant trends.

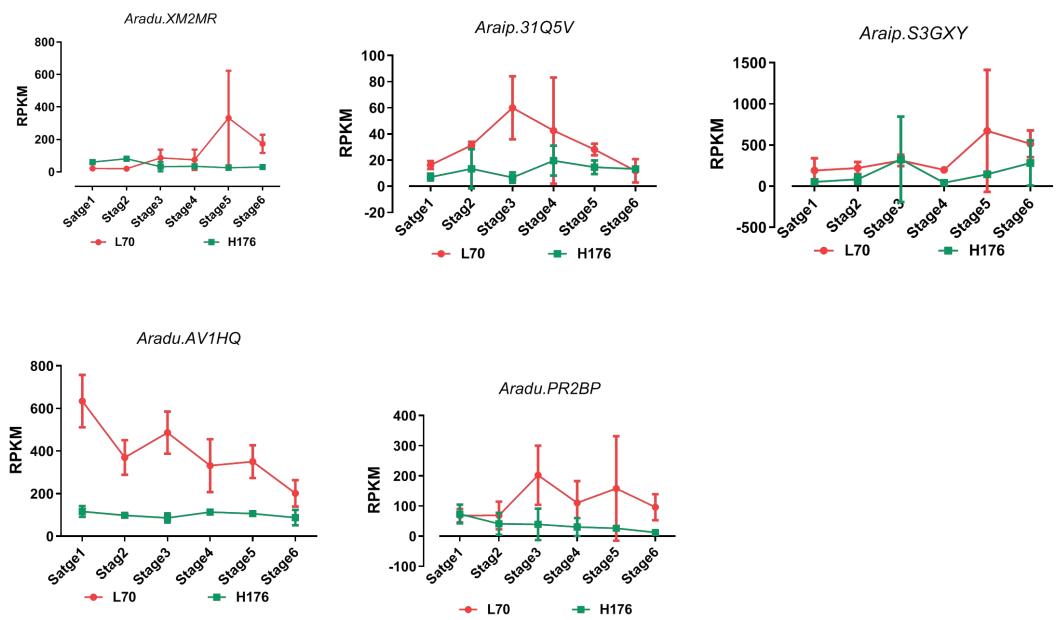


Figure S8. Relative expression levels of lipid DEGs measured by RNAseq.



Figure S9. FAD2 protein structure in peanut. FAD2 protein structure predicted by the online database SMART (<http://smart.embl-heidelberg.de>). The FAD2 protein contains two major conserved domains DUF3474 (5-63aa) and FA-desaturase (78-345aa). DUF3474 indicated the domain of unknown function 3474, this domain is found in fatty acid desaturases (FADs), mainly from plants and fungi. FA indicated the fatty acid, and aa indicated the amino acid.

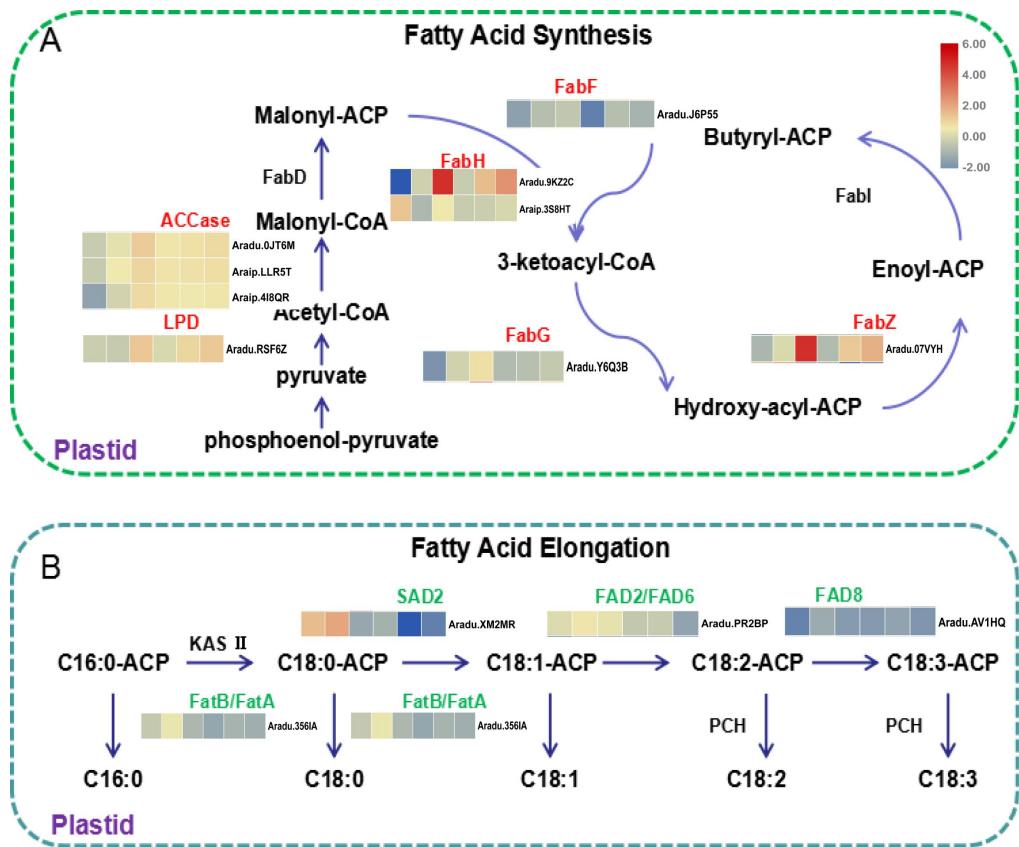


Figure S10. The contrapuntal patterns of lipid DEGs in developing high-oleic peanut seeds. A, identified lipid DEGs are annotated into fatty acid synthesis pathway, the icon is consisted of six blocks that represented six time points of seed development, the icons under the enzyme name show the number of RPKM corresponding to the relative expression of enzyme during high-oleic peanut seed development when compared with L70. B, lipid DEGs are annotated into fatty acid elongation pathway, the icons under the enzyme name show the number of RPKM corresponding to the relative expression of enzyme in H176. Enzyme name with green color indicates the down-regulated gene, and enzyme name with red color represents the up-regulated gene.

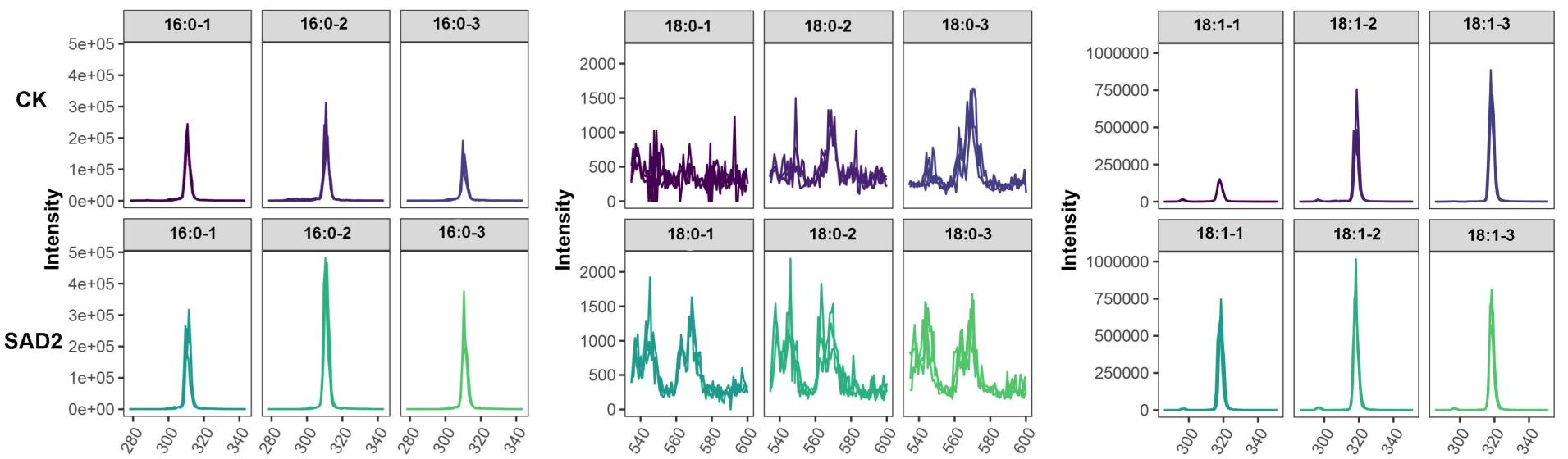


Figure S11. Mass spectrum of C16:0, C18:0, and C18:1 in ectopic expressed yeast cells of *SAD2* (*Aradu.XM2MR*), respectively.