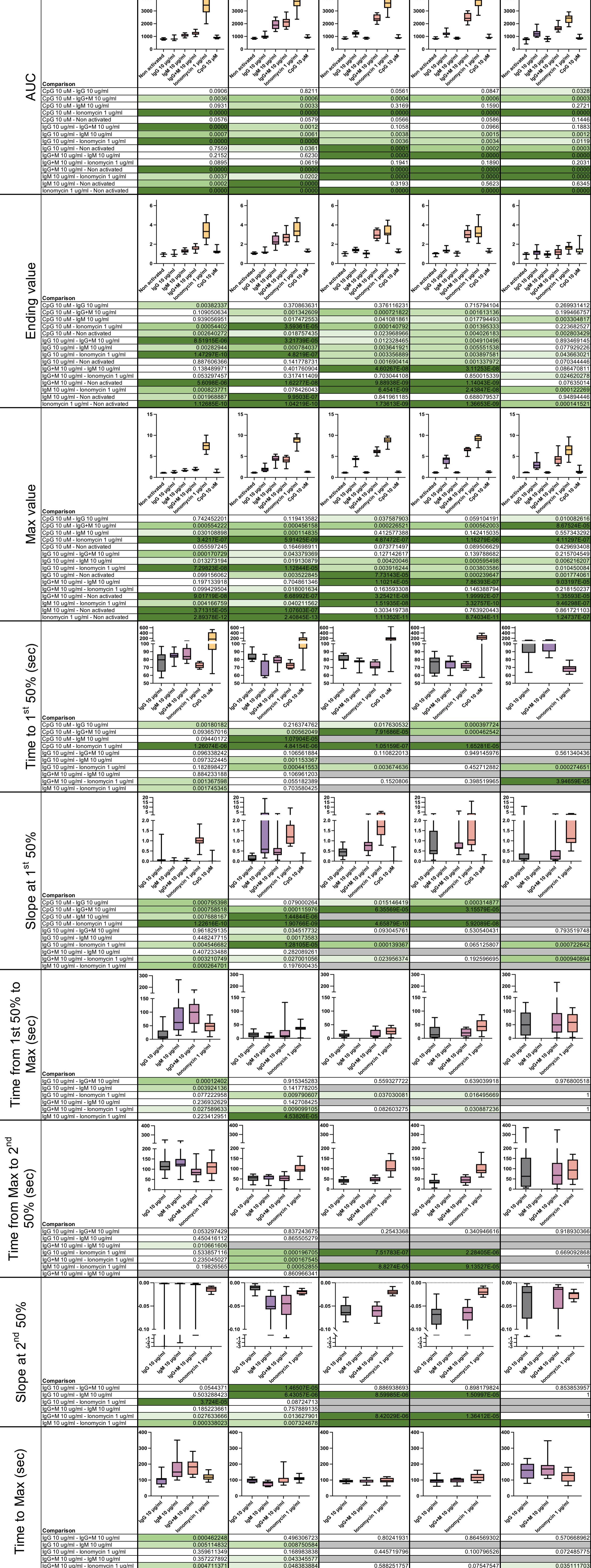


**Supplementary Table S1**
**Comparison of the effect of different activating agents on the calcium flux kinetic parameters of each B cell subset.**

The B cell subsets are **naive**, **NSw**: non-switched memory, **Sw**: switched memory, **DN**: double-negative memory, **ASC** (= Plasmablasts (PB) + Plasmacells (PC)): antibody secreting cells. Each subset was stimulated via the IgG receptor with 10 µg/ml of goat anti-human F(ab)'2 fragment specific anti-IgG, via the IgM receptor with 10 µg/ml of F(ab)'2 fragment goat anti-human Fc5µ fragment specific anti-IgM, via both IgG and IgM with 10 µg/ml of goat anti-human F(ab)'2 fragment IgG + IgM (H+L), with 10 µM of CpG-B DNA and with 1 µg/ml ionomycin. Each parameter of the kinetic curve was compared between the various activating agents within one B cell subset. The exact p values are listed in the table under each figure, the level of significance is marked by the intensity of the color. Those parameters which cannot be calculated or are biologically irrelevant (for example T cells do not respond to anti-IgG+M) were left grey. AUC: area under the curve.

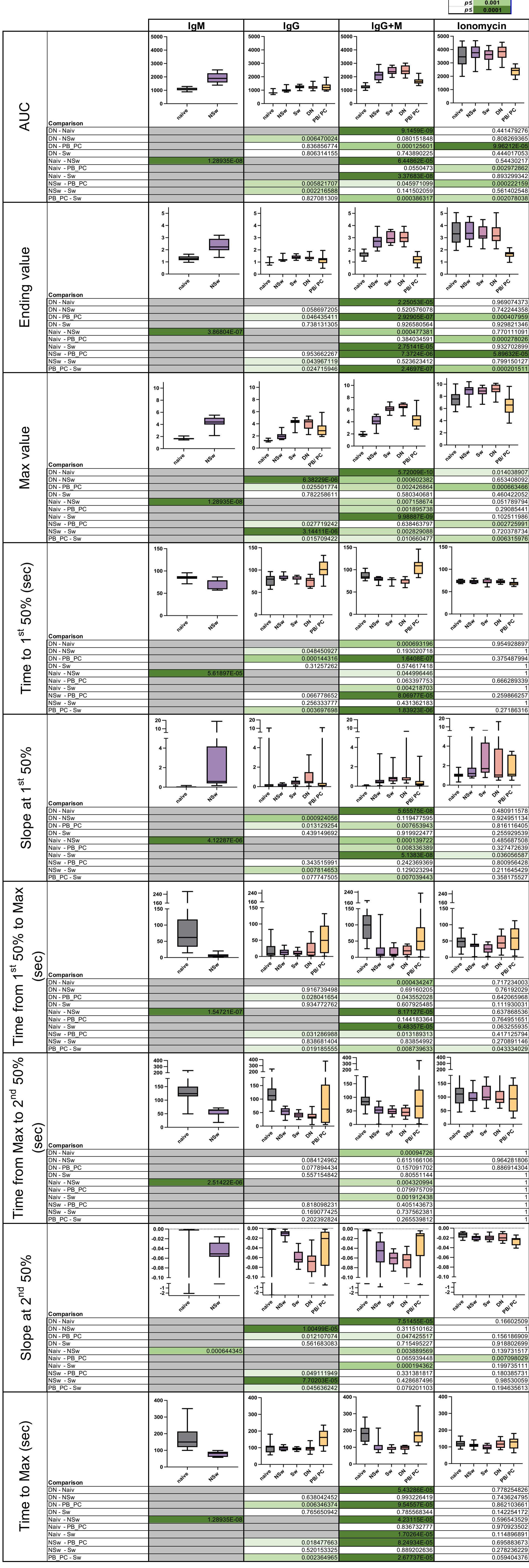
Level of significance	
p ≤ 0.05	grey
p ≤ 0.01	light green
p ≤ 0.001	medium green
p ≤ 0.0001	dark green

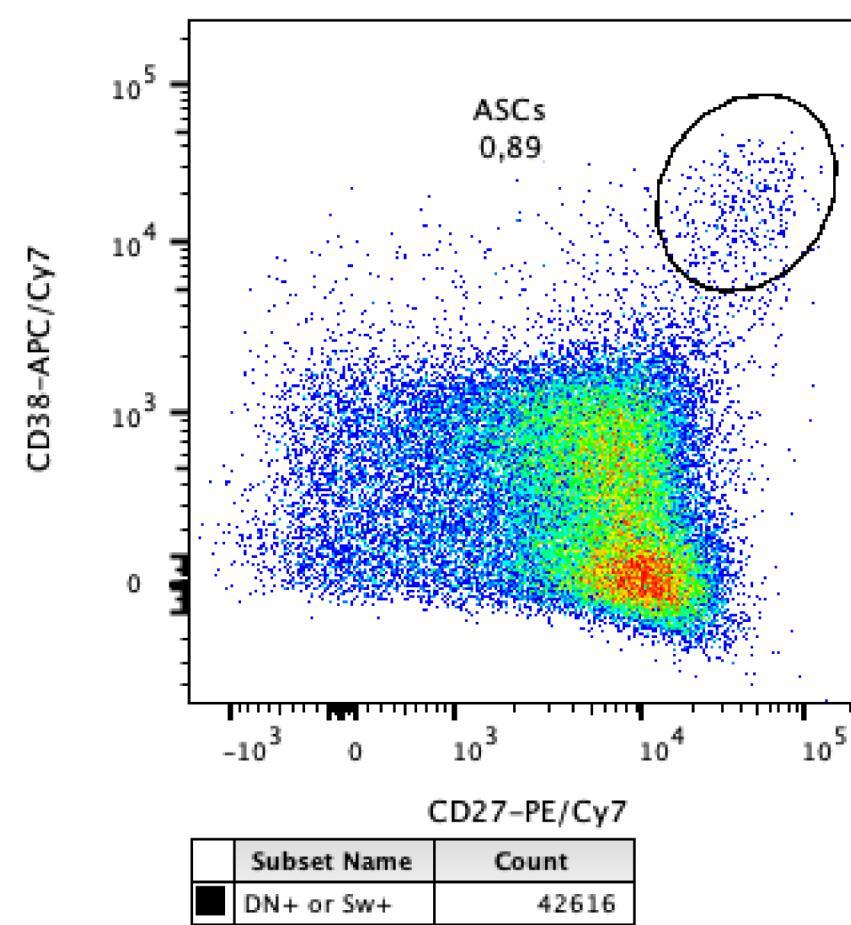
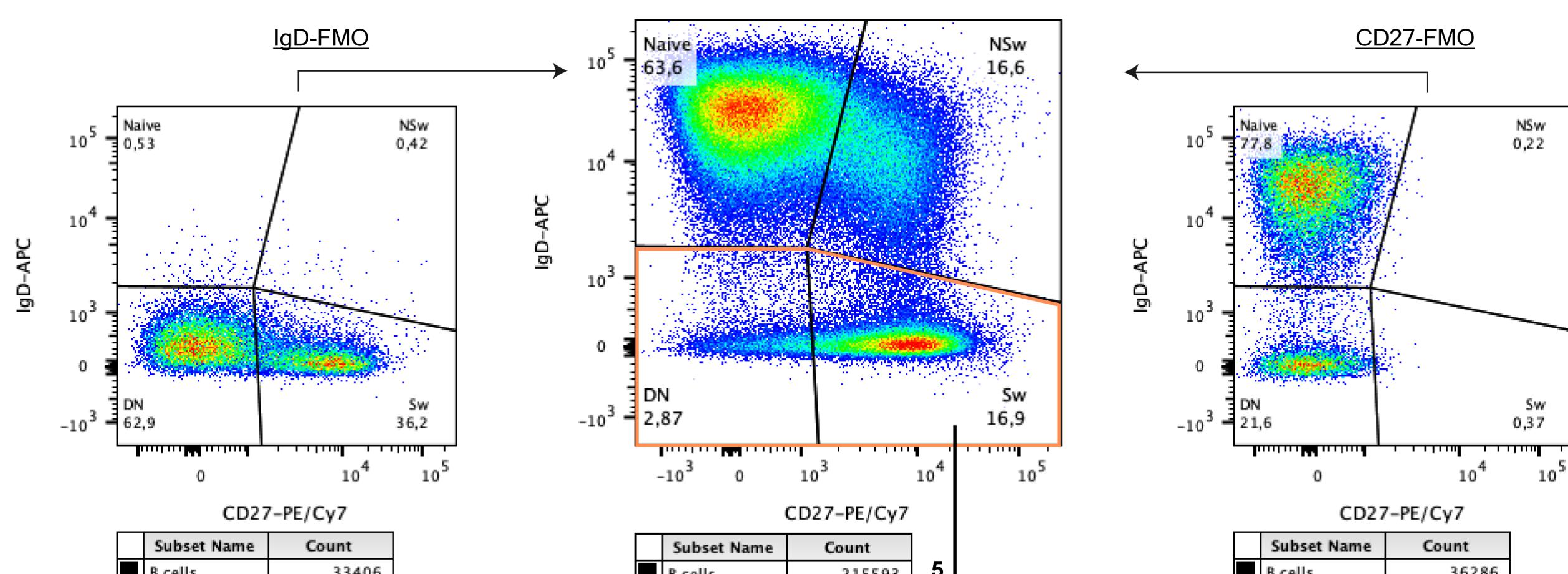
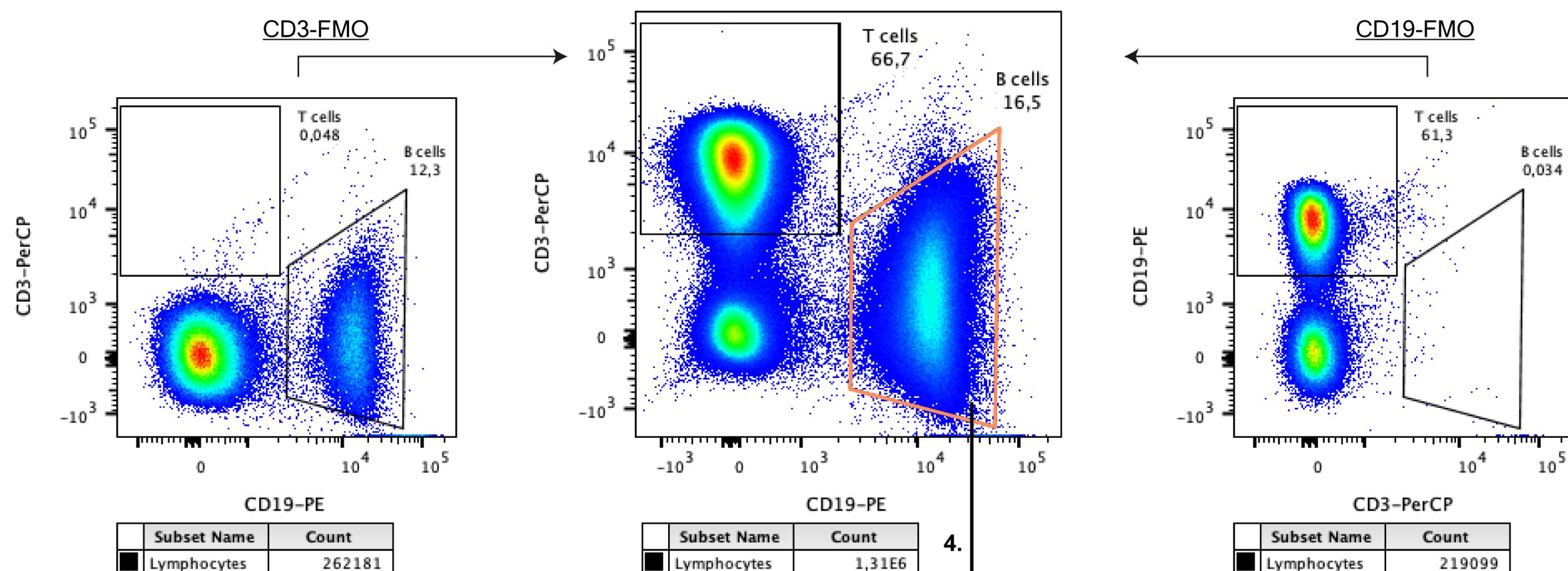
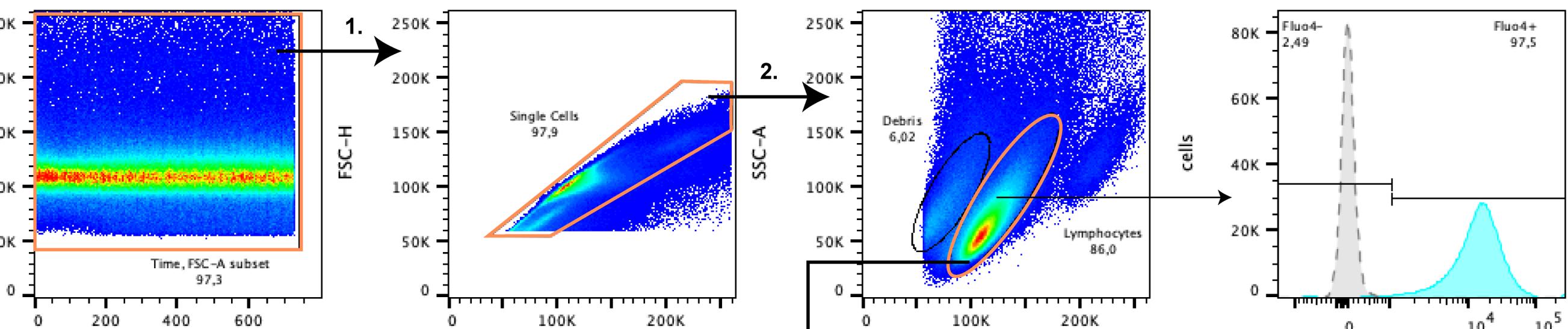


**Supplementary Table S2**
**Comparison of the calcium flux kinetic response of different B cell subsets to each activating agent.**

The B cell subsets are **naive**, **NSw**: non-switched memory, **Sw**: switched memory, **DN**: double-negative memory, **ASC** (= Plasmablasts (PB) + Plasmacells (PC)): antibody secreting cells. Each subset was stimulated via the IgG receptor with 10 µg/ml of goat anti-human F(ab')2 fragment specific anti-IgG, via the IgM receptor with 10 µg/ml of F(ab')2 fragment goat anti-human Fc5µ fragment specific anti-IgM, via both IgGand IgM with goat 10 µg/ml of anti-human F(ab')2 fragment IgG + IgM (H+L), with 10 µM of CpG-B DNA and with 1 µg/ml ionomycin. Each parameter of the kinetic curve was compared between the different B cell subsets within one activating agent. The exact p values are listed in the table under each figure, the level of significance is marked by the intensity of the color. Those parameters which cannot be calculated or are biologically irrelevant (for example T cells do not respond to anti-IgG+M) were left grey. AUC: area under the curve.

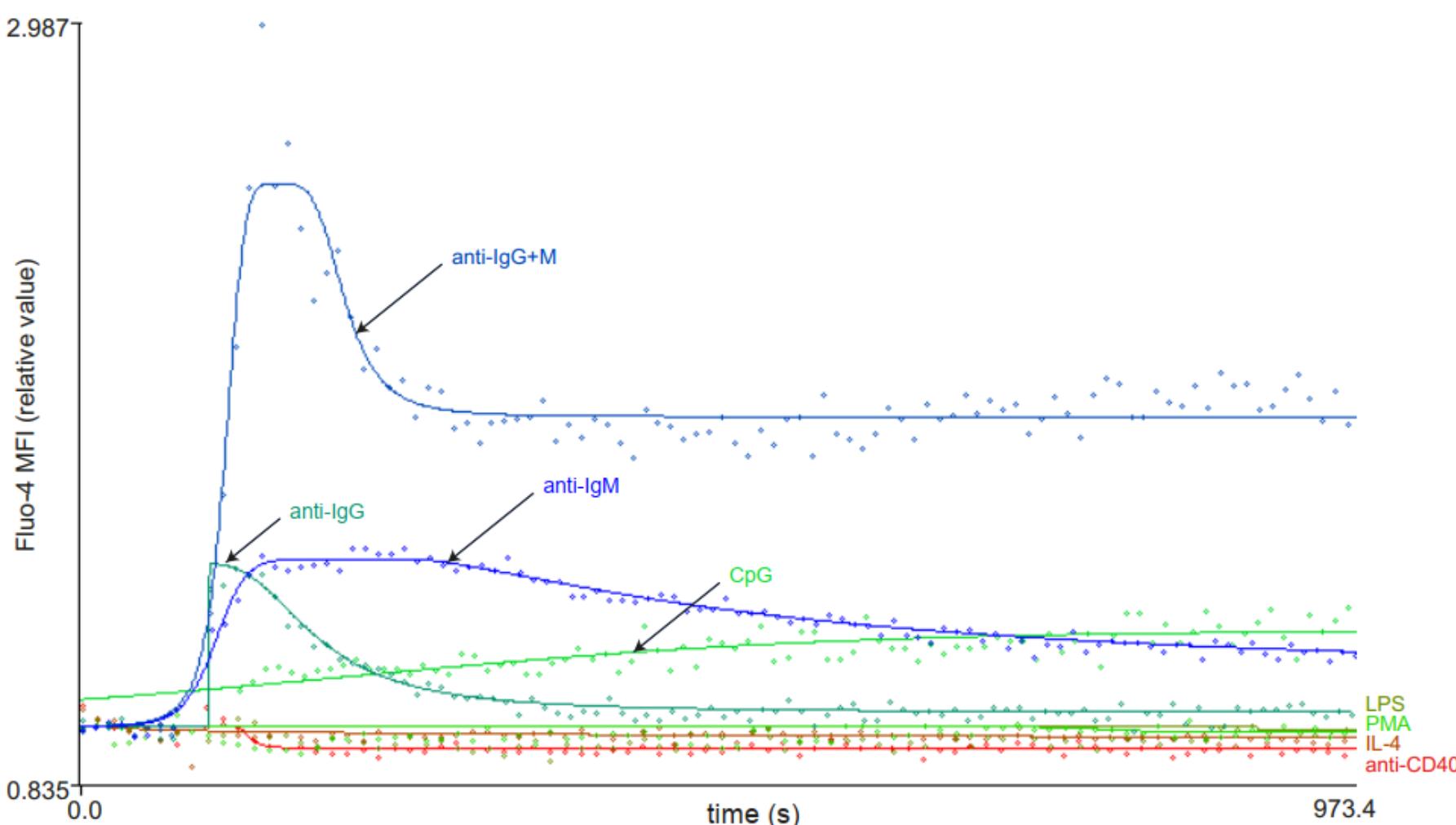
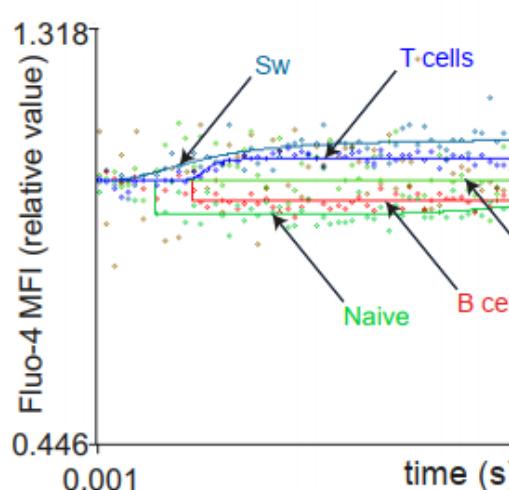
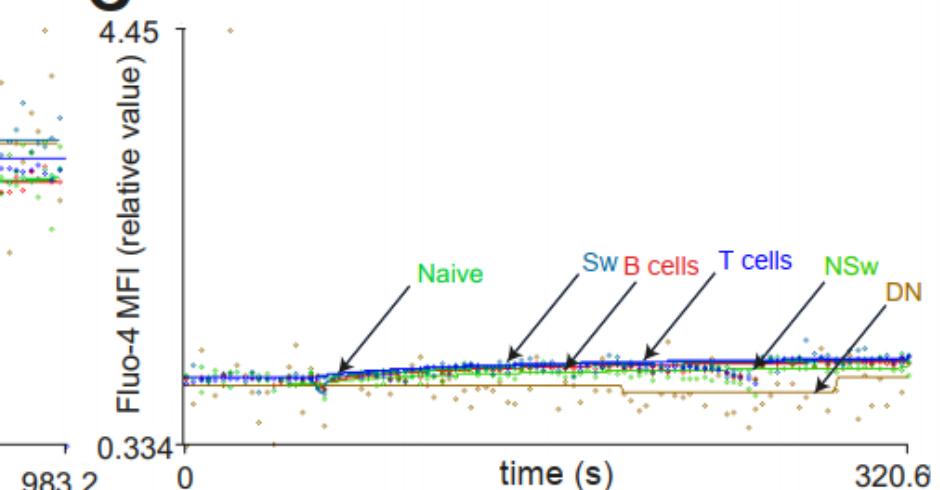
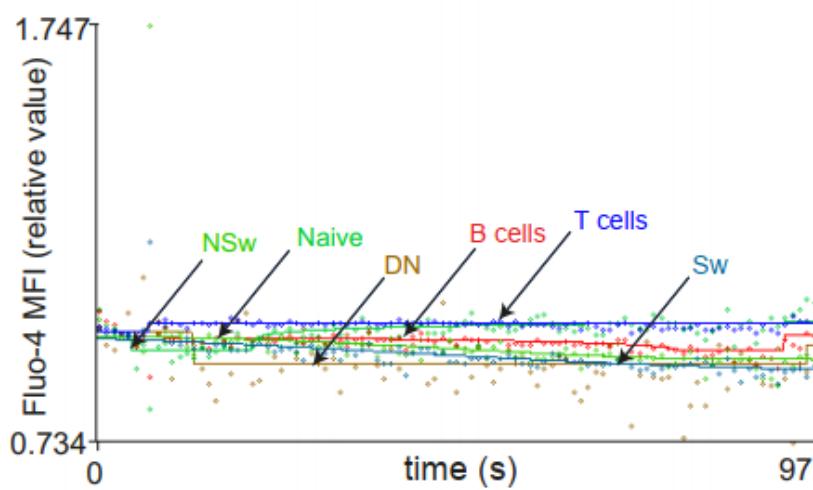
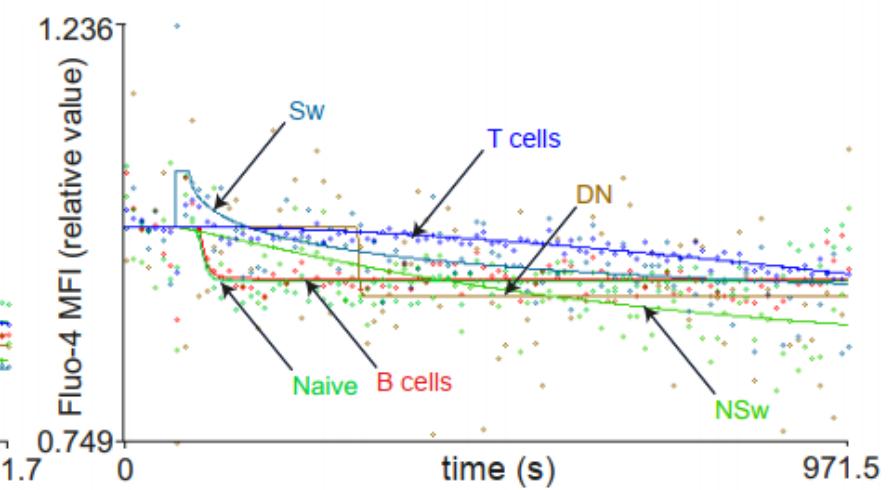
Level of significance	
p ≤	0.05
p ≤	0.01
p ≤	0.001
p ≤	0.0001





**Supplementary Figure S1**  
**Complete gating pathway with Fluorescence-minus-one (FMO) controls depicted as 2D pseudocolor dot-plots or single-parameter histogram. Orange-colored gates mark the parent population for the subsequent gating step:**

- Time-Gate (1.) (Time / FSC-A)
- Single cells (2.) (FSC-A / FSC-H)
- Lymphocytes (3.) and Debris (FSC-A / SSC-A)
- Fluo-4 positive (4.) and negative populations (Histogram of Fluo-4 fluorescent intensity)
- B cells (5.) and T cells (CD19-PE / CD3-PerCP)
- Naive, Non-switched memory B cells (NSw), Switched memory B cells (Sw) and Double-negative memory B cells (DN) (CD28-PE/Cy7 /IgD-APC)
- Boolean-gate (DN+ or Sw+) for IgD- B cells (6.)
- Antibody-secreting cells (ASCs) (7.) (CD27-PE/Cy7 / CD38-APC/Cy7).

**A****B****C****D****E**

## Supplementary Figure S2

### Selection of investigated stimuli

Comparison of activating agents that trigger (anti-IgG+M, anti-IgG, anti-IgM, and CpG) to those that fail to trigger (LPS, PMA, IL-4, anti-CD40) a measurable Ca<sup>2+</sup> response in B cells (A). Effect of LPS (B), PMA (C), IL-4 (D), and anti-CD40 (E) on the Ca<sup>2+</sup> mobilization of different B cell subsets and T cells.

IgG/M = Immunoglobulin G/M; LPS = Lipopolysaccharide (O83); PMA = phorbol myristate acetate; IL-4 = Interleukin-4; Sw = switched memory B cells; DN = double negative memory B cells; NSW = non switched memory B cells.