



Supplementary Materials:

Table S1. Primer sequences and amplification conditions in PCR reactions for the detection of *blaZ*, *mecA* and *mecC* genes used in this study.

Gene	Primer sequences (5' → 3')	Amplicon size (bp)	Reference
<i>blaZ</i>	TGCTGATAAAAGTGGTCAAGCA ACACTCTTGGCGGTTTCACT	165	[12]
<i>mecA</i>	TCCAGATTACAACCTTCACCAGG CCACTTCATATCTTGTAACG	162	[32]
<i>mecC</i>	GAAAAAAAGGCTTAGAACGCCTC GAAGATCTTTTCCGTTTTCAGC	138	

Table S2. SCC*mec* cassette genes used in this study based on [27].

Reaction	Gene or gene allele detected	Type/class of <i>ccr</i> complex	Amplicon size (bp)
M-PCR 1	<i>mecA</i>	II	286
	<i>ccrA1-ccrB</i>	I	695
	<i>ccrA2-ccrB</i>	II	937
	<i>ccrA3-ccrB</i>	III	1791
	<i>ccrA4-ccrB4</i>	VI	1287
	<i>ccrC</i>	V	518
M-PCR 2	<i>mecA-mecI</i>	II	1963
	<i>mecA-IS1272</i>	I	2827
	<i>mecA-IS431</i>	V	804
M-PCR 3	E007 in type I SCC <i>mec</i>	I	154
	CQ02 in type IV (IVa) SCC <i>mec</i>	IV	458
	M001 in type IV (IVb) SCC <i>mec</i>	IV	726
	CR008 in type IV (IVc) SCC <i>mec</i>	IV	259
	CD002 in type IV (IVd) SCC <i>mec</i>	IV	1242

Abbreviations: M-PCR 1-3 - multiplex-PCR reactions 1-3



Table S3. The frequency of the individual genes detected in this study in relation to the staphylococcal *mecA*-positive species and the number of isolates obtained from a pregnant patient.

Patient no.	Age	Trimester	Antibiotic use history	No. of staphylococcal strains isolated	No. of strain	Species	MALDI-TOF MS identification		Resistance profile	Beta-lactam genes			Type of <i>ccr</i> compl ex	Class of <i>mec</i> gene compl ex	SCC _{mec} cassette	Type according to [14]
							score	index ±SD		<i>blaZ</i>	<i>mecA</i>	<i>mecC</i>				
C20	26	III	very rare	2	C20-1	<i>S. epidermidis</i>	2.042	0.045	PNG,FOX,ERY,C	+	+	-	IV	B	VI	VI
C33	27	III	rare	3	C33-1	<i>S. aureus</i>	2.248	0.051	PNG,FOX,CIP,TET,SXT	+	+	-	V	-	ND	-
					C33-2	<i>S. aureus</i>	2.023	0.010	PNG,TET,C	+	+	-	IV	-	ND	-
c35	28	I	rare	2	C35-2	<i>S. aureus</i>	1.963	0.085	PNG,ERY	+	+	-	-	-	ND	-
					C35-3	<i>S. aureus</i>	2.004	0.019	PNG,FOX,ERY	+	+	-	IV	-	ND	-
c36	32	II	rare	2	C36-1	<i>S. aureus</i>	2.105	0.020	PNG,ERY	-	+	+	-	-	ND	-
c38	32	III	very rare	2	C38-7	<i>S. aureus</i>	2.029	0.030	PNG	+	+	-	-	-	ND	-
c39	33	II	very rare	3	C39-2	<i>S. aureus</i>	1.962	0.006	PNG,C	+	+	-	-	-	ND	-
c40	30	III	rare	1	C40-1	<i>S. aureus</i>	2.121	0.026	PNG,FOX	+	+	-	V	-	ND	-
c49	29	III	very rare	3	C49-2	<i>S. aureus</i>	2.301	0.048	PNG,FOX,CIP	+	+	-	I	A	ND	UT5v
c51	24	III	very rare	1	C51-5	<i>S. hominis</i>	2.028	0.67	PNG,FOX,TET,ERY,SXT	+	+	-	-	A	ND	-
c52	31	III	very rare	1	C52-7	<i>S. hominis</i>	2.193	0.017	PNG,FOX,ERY	+	+	-	I	A	ND	UT5v
c63	29	II	very rare	2	C63-1	<i>S. hominis</i>	2.052	0.023	PNG,FOX,TET,ERY	+	+	-	-	-	ND	-
					C63-2	<i>S. epidermidis</i>	2.086	0.045	PNG,FOX	+	+	-	IV+V	-	ND	-

Abbreviations: “+/-” – the presence or absence of gene tested, ND - not defined, PNG - benzylopicillin (1 U), CIP - ciprofloxacin (5 µg), NOR - norfloxacin (10 µg), TET - tetracycline (30 µg), LIN - linezolid (10 µg), ERY - erythromycin (15 µg), C - chloramphenicol (30 µg), SXT - trimethoprim-sulfamethoxazole (1.25 µg -23.75 µg)