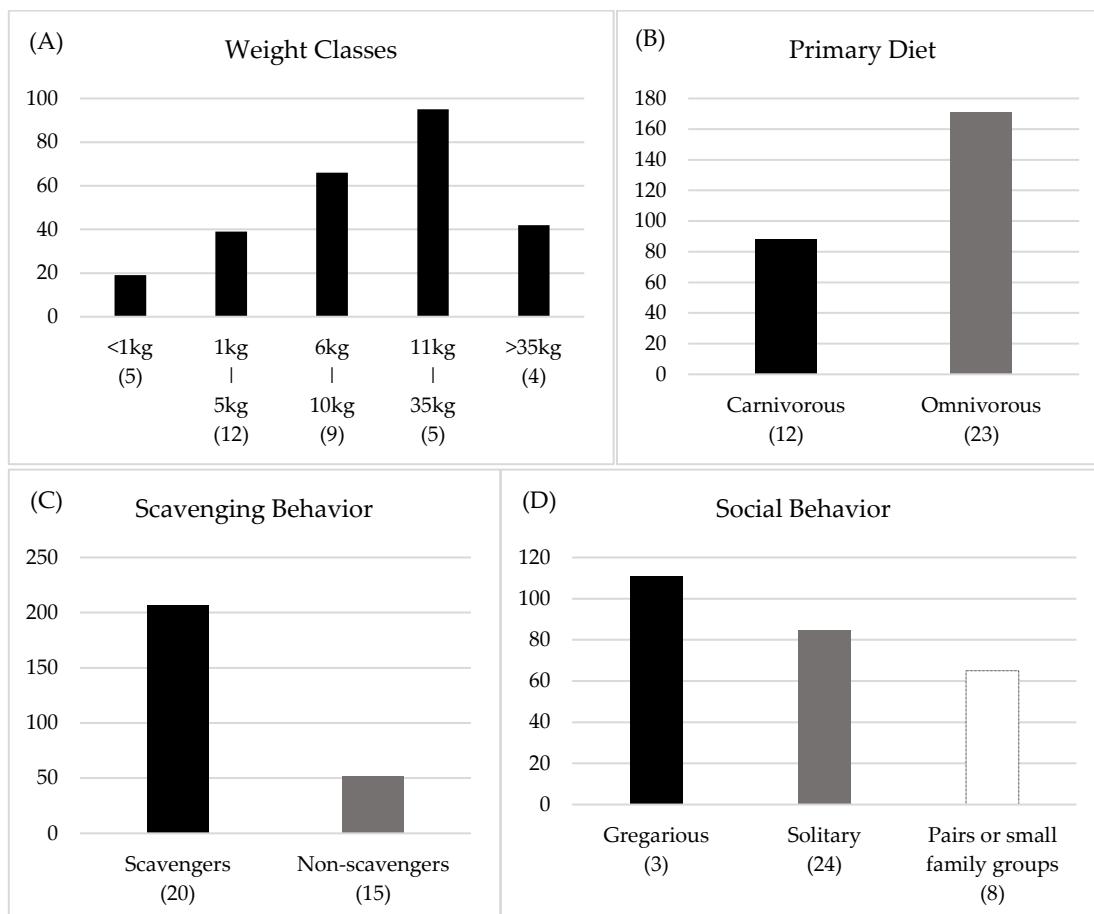


1 **Supplementary Materials**

2 **Figure S1** - Weight classes (A), primary diet (B), reported scavenging behavior (C) and social behavior (D)
3 of the carnivore species consumed by wolves worldwide according to the number of times a species of each
4 category appears as a wolf food item in the sampling sites. The number of consumed species reported for
5 each category is represented between parentheses.



19 **Table S1** – List of scientific literature on wolf diet that was reviewed to assess carnivore consumption by
 20 wolves, including Country, Region and Bibliographic source. The bibliographic sources with reported
 21 consumption of carnivore species by wolves are marked in bold.

Country	Region	Bibliographic source
PORTUGAL	Peneda-Gerês	Álvares, 2011
		Álvares, 1995
		Guerra, 2004
		Petrucci-Fonseca, 1990
		Vos, 2000
		Lançós, 1999
	Alvão-Padrela	Roque <i>et al.</i> , 2001
		Carreira, 1996
		Silva, 2006
		Carreira, 2010
		Carreira and Petrucci-Fonseca, 2000
		Quaresma, 2002
SPAIN	South Douro	Vos, 2000
		Vingada <i>et al.</i> , 1997
		Quaresma, 2002;
		Roque <i>et al.</i> , 2003
		Torres, <i>et al.</i> , 2015
		Petrucci-Fonseca, 1990
	Bragança	Moreira, 1992
		Pimenta, 1998
		Barja, 2009
		Lagos, 2013
		Gutián <i>et al.</i> , 1979
		Cuesta <i>et al.</i> , 1991
SPAIN	Galicia	Llaneza and López-Bao, 2015
		Echegaray <i>et al.</i> , 2007
		Llaneza <i>et al.</i> 2000
		Llaneza <i>et al.</i> 1996
		Nores <i>et al.</i> , 2008
		Cuesta <i>et al.</i> , 1991
	Asturias	Braña <i>et al.</i> , 1982
		Vicente <i>et al.</i> , 2000
		Vilà <i>et al.</i> , 1990
		Cuesta <i>et al.</i> , 1991
		Barrientos, 1994
		Salvador and Abad, 1987
SPAIN	Castilla-León	Cuesta <i>et al.</i> , 1991
		Cuesta <i>et al.</i> , 1991
	Léon	Castroviejo <i>et al.</i> , 1975
SPAIN	La Rioja	
	Estremadura/Sierra Morena	
	North Spain	

22 **Table S1 (Cont.)** – List of scientific literature on wolf diet that was reviewed to assess carnivore consumption
 23 by wolves, including Country, Region and Bibliographic source. The bibliographic sources with reported
 24 consumption of carnivore species by wolves are marked in bold.

Country	Region	Bibliographic source
ITALY	Pollino National Park	Ciucci et al., 2004
	Cuneo (includes France)	Marucco, 2003
	Turin	Gazzola <i>et al.</i> , 2007
		Gazzola <i>et al.</i> , 2005
	Aosta	Palmegiani <i>et al.</i>, 2013
	Tuscany	Mattioli <i>et al.</i> , 1995
		Davis <i>et al.</i> , 2012
		Ståhlberg <i>et al.</i>, 2016
		Mattioli <i>et al.</i> , 2011
	Arezzo	Bassi <i>et al.</i> , 2012
	Appenines	Boitani, 1982
	Northern Apennines	Meriggi <i>et al.</i> 1991
POLAND	Orecchiella Natural Park	Ciucci <i>et al.</i>, 1996
	Abruzzo National Park	Patalano and Novari, 1993
	Central-East Italy	Pezzo <i>et al.</i>, 2003
	Southeastern Poland	Smietana <i>et al.</i> , 1993
		Jędrzejewski <i>et al.</i> 2012
	South Poland	Nowak <i>et al.</i> , 2005
	Northeastern Poland	Jędrzejewski <i>et al.</i> 2012
	Eastern Poland	Jędrzejewski <i>et al.</i> 2012
	Central Poland	Nowak <i>et al.</i>, 2011
	Northwest Poland	
	North and West Poland	
GREECE	Podlaskie	Jędrzejewski, <i>et al.</i>, 2000
		Jędrzejewski <i>et al.</i>, 2002
	Biatowieza Primeval Forest	Jędrzejewski <i>et al.</i>, 1992
	Greece	Papageorgiou, <i>et al.</i>, 1994
GERMANY	Greece	Migli <i>et al.</i> , 2005
		Wagner <i>et al.</i>, 2012
BELARUS	Eastern German	Ansorge <i>et al.</i>, 2006
	Northeastern Saxony	
HUNGARY	Northeastern Belarus	Sidorovich <i>et al.</i>, 2003
ESTONIA	Northeastern Hungary	Lanszki <i>et al.</i>, 2012
	Southern Estonia	Kübarsepp and Valdmann, 2003
LATVIA	Middle and South-eastern Estonia	Valdmann <i>et al.</i>, 1998
	North-eastern and Western Latvia	Valdmann <i>et al.</i>, 2005
	Latvia	Žunna <i>et al.</i>, 2009
		Andersone and Ozolins, 2004
SCANDINAVIA PENINSULA	Sweden and Norway	Müller, 2006
		Ståhlberg <i>et al.</i>, 2017

25 **Table S1 (Cont.)** – List of scientific literature on wolf diet that was reviewed to assess carnivore consumption
 26 by wolves, including Country, Region and Bibliographic source. The bibliographic sources with reported
 27 consumption of carnivore species by wolves are marked in bold.

Country	Region	Bibliographic source
FINLAND	North Karelia	Gade-Jorgensen and Stagegaard, 2000
DENMARK (GREENLAND)	Nansen Land	Marquard-Petersen, 1988.
ROMANIA	Eastern Romanian Carpathians mountains	Corradini, 2015
SLOVAKIA	North Central Slovakia	Rigg and Gorman, 2004
SWITZERLAND	Swiss Alps	Weber and Hofer, 2010
TURKEY	Kars	Capitani <i>et al.</i>, 2016
IRAN	Northwest Isfahan	Hosseini-Zavarei <i>et al.</i> , 2013
	Yazd	Tourani <i>et al.</i> , 2014
PAKISTAN	Gilgit Baltistan	Anwar <i>et al.</i> , 2012
	Khyber-Pakhtunkhwa	Shabbir <i>et al.</i>, 2013
INDIA	Maharashtra	Habib, 2007
	Gujarat	Jhala, 1993
		Jethva and Jhala, 2004
CHINA	Qinghai	Liu and Jiang, 2003
	Harbin	Gao, 1990
	Inner Mongolia	Gao, 1990
		Zhang <i>et al.</i> , 2009
		Chen <i>et al.</i> , 2011
KYRGYZSTAN	Issyk-Kul Region	Jumabay-Uulu <i>et al.</i>, 2014
MONGOLIA	Hustai National Park	Van Duyne <i>et al.</i> , 2009
		Hovens and Tungalakuja, 2005
CANADA	Canada's Artic	Kuyt, 1969
	Yukon	Theberge and Cotrell, 1977
	British Columbia	Darimont <i>et al.</i>, 2004
		Bryan <i>et al.</i>, 2006
		Milakovic and Parker, 2011
		Steenweg, 2011
	British Columbia and Alberta	Cowan, 1947
	Alberta	Fuller and Keith, 1980
		James, 1999
		Morehouse and Boyce, 2011
		Carbyn <i>et al.</i> , 1993
	Western Manitoba	Salloows, 2007
	Québec	Messier and Crête, 1985
		Tremblay <i>et al.</i> , 2001

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30 **Table S1 (Cont.)** – List of scientific literature on wolf diet that was reviewed to assess carnivore consumption
 31 by wolves, including Country, Region and Bibliographic source. The bibliographic sources with reported
 32 consumption of carnivore species by wolves are marked in bold.

Country	Region	Bibliographic source
CANADA	Ontario	Potvin <i>et al.</i> , 1988
		Forbes and Theberge, 1996
		Theberge <i>et al.</i>, 1978
		Pimlott <i>et al.</i>, 1969
		Voigt <i>et al.</i>, 1976
	Alaska	Peterson <i>et al.</i> , 1984
		Fox and Streveler, 1986
		Spaulding <i>et al.</i> , 2000
		Stephenson <i>et al.</i>, 1982
		Ballard <i>et al.</i>, 1987
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	Montana	Murie, 1944
		Lafferty <i>et al.</i>, 2014
	Minnesota	Arjo <i>et al.</i>, 2002
		Derbridge <i>et al.</i> , 2012
		Van Ballenberghe <i>et al.</i>, 1975
	Arizona and New Mexico	Fritts and Mech, 1981
		Chavez and Gese, 2005
		Reed <i>et al.</i> , 2006
	Isle Royale Grand Teton Yellowstone	Carrera <i>et al.</i> , 2008
		Merkle <i>et al.</i> , 2009
		Mech, 1966
		Trejo, 2012

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Table S2 – Eco-morphological traits of each carnivore species reported to be consumed by wolves, with reference to the number of compiled studies and sampling sites, reported magnitude of consumption (FO: Frequency of Occurrence; Biomass: Percentage of consumed biomass) and extant range per Continent.

Species	Scientific name	Family	Average adult weight (Kg)	Weight Class ^(a)	Primary Diet	Scavenging Behavior ^(b)	Social Behavior ^(c)	Nº of Studies	Nº of Sampling Sites	Mean FO ^(d)	Mean Biomass ^(d)	Range
Domestic Dog	<i>Canis familiaris</i>	Canidae	31.0	iv	Omnivore	1	G	42	70	5.2%	1.9%	N America Europe Asia
Red Fox	<i>Vulpes vulpes</i>	Canidae	7.0	iii	Omnivore	1	P	33	39	0.6%	0.4%	N America Europe Asia
Wolf	<i>Canis lupus</i>	Canidae	43.3	v	Carnivore	1	G	15	22	0.8%	0.3%	N America Europe Asia
Raccoon Dog	<i>Nyctereutes procyonoides</i>	Canidae	7.7	iii	Omnivore	1	P	10	11	2.0%	1.3%	Europe Asia
Coyote	<i>Canis latrans</i>	Canidae	11.5	iv	Omnivore	1	P	4	4	0.9%	NA	N America
Artic Fox	<i>Alopex lagopus</i>	Canidae	3.7	ii	Carnivore	1	P	2	3	0.7%	NA	N America Europe Asia
Indian Fox	<i>Vulpes bengalensis</i>	Canidae	2.6	ii	Omnivore	0	P	2	2	NA	1.0%	Asia
Corsac Fox	<i>Vulpes corsac</i>	Canidae	2.3	ii	Carnivore	1	P	1	1	NA	NA	Asia
Golden Jackal	<i>Canis aureus</i>	Canidae	7.9	iii	Carnivore	1	P	1	1	0.2%	NA	Europe Asia
European Badger	<i>Meles meles</i>	Mustelidae	13.0	iv	Omnivore	1	G	19	19	1.6%	2.3%	Europe Asia

^(a)Weight Classes: i = <1kg; ii = 1-5kg; iii = 6-10kg; iv= 11-35kg; v = >35kg; ^(b)Scavenging Behavior: 1= scavenging behavior reported; 0 = scavenging behavior not reported.;

^(c)Social behavior: S = Solitary; G = Gregarious; P = Pairs or small family groups; ^(d)NA: Not Available

Table S2 (Cont.) – Eco-morphological traits of each carnivore species reported to be consumed by wolves, with reference to the number of compiled studies and sampling sites, reported magnitude of consumption (FO: Frequency of Occurrence; Biomass: Percentage of consumed biomass) and extant range per Continent.

Species	Scientific name	Family	Average adult weight (Kg)	Weight Class ^(a)	Primary Diet	Scavenging Behavior ^(b)	Social Behavior ^(c)	Nº of Studies	Nº of Sampling Sites	Mean FO ^(d)	Mean Biomass ^(d)	Range
Stoat	<i>Mustela erminea</i>	Mustelidae	0.2	i	Carnivore	0	S	6	8	2.7%	2.7%	N America Europe Asia
Fisher	<i>Martes pennanti</i>	Mustelidae	3.4	ii	Carnivore	1	S	3	5	0.8%	NA	N America
American Mink	<i>Neovison vison</i>	Mustelidae	1.0	i	Carnivore	0	S	3	4	1.8%	1.3%	N America
North American River Otter	<i>Lontra canadensis</i>	Mustelidae	8.2	iii	Carnivore	0	P	3	4	3.1%	2.1%	N America
American Marten	<i>Martes americana</i>	Mustelidae	0.7	i	Carnivore	0	S	1	4	1.1%	NA	N America
Marten	<i>Martes sp.</i>	Mustelidae	1.5	ii	-	-	-	3	2	2.6%	1.5%	Europe
European Pine Marten	<i>Martes martes</i>	Mustelidae	1.3	ii	Carnivore	1	S	2	2	NA	NA	Europe Asia
Least Weasel	<i>Mustela nivalis</i>	Mustelidae	0.1	i	Carnivore	1	S	2	2	NA	NA	N America Europe Asia
American Badger	<i>Taxidea taxus</i>	Mustelidae	7.4	iii	Carnivore	1	S	1	1	NA	NA	N America
Long-tailed Weasel	<i>Mustela frenata</i>	Mustelidae	0.2	i	Carnivore	0	S	1	1	0.1%	NA	N America

^(a)Weight Classes: i = <1kg; ii = 1-5kg; iii = 6-10kg; iv= 11-35kg; v = >35kg; ^(b)Scavenging Behavior: 1= scavenging behavior reported; 0 = scavenging behavior not reported.;

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Table S2 (Cont.) – Eco-morphological traits of each carnivore species reported to be consumed by wolves, with reference to the number of compiled studies and sampling sites, reported magnitude of consumption (FO: Frequency of Occurrence; Biomass: Percentage of consumed biomass) and extant range per Continent.

Species	Scientific name	Family	Average adult weight (Kg)	Weight Class ^(a)	Primary Diet	Scavenging Behavior ^(b)	Social Behavior ^(c)	Nº of Studies	Nº of Sampling Sites	Mean FO ^(d)	Mean Biomass ^(d)	Range
Stone Marten	<i>Martes foina</i>	Mustelidae	1.7	ii	Omnivore	0	S	1	1	NA	NA	Europe Asia
Eurasian Otter	<i>Lutra lutra</i>	Mustelidae	9.5	ii	Carnivore	0	S	1	1	NA	NA	Europe Asia
Wolverine	<i>Gulo gulo</i>	Mustelidae	11.8	iv	Carnivore	1	S	1	1	0.4%	NA	N America Europe Asia
Domestic Cat	<i>Felis catus</i>	Felidae	4.4	ii	Carnivore	0	S	15	17	1.3%	1.0%	N America Europe Asia
Jungle Cat	<i>Felis chaus</i>	Felidae	7.3	iii	Carnivore	0	S	1	1	NA	NA	Asia
Bobcat	<i>Lynx rufus</i>	Felidae	9.3	iii	Carnivore	0	S	1	1	NA	NA	N America
Canada Lynx	<i>Lynx canadensis</i>	Felidae	11.2	iv	Carnivore	1	S	1	1	NA	NA	N America
Pallas's Cat	<i>Otocolobus manul</i>	Felidae	3.5	ii	Carnivore	0	S	1	1	NA	NA	Asia
Black Bear	<i>Ursus americanus</i>	Ursidae	118.8	v	Omnivore	1	S	8	9	2.0%	5.8%	N America
Brown Bear	<i>Ursus arctos</i>	Ursidae	252.5	v	Omnivore	1	S	6	6	1.0%	0.6%	N America Europe Asia

^(a)Weight Classes: i = <1kg; ii = 1-5kg; iii = 6-10kg; iv= 11-35kg; v = >35kg; ^(b)Scavenging Behavior: 1= scavenging behavior reported; 0 = scavenging behavior not reported.;

^(c)Social behavior: S = Solitary; G = Gregarious; P = Pairs or small family groups; ^(d)NA: Not Available

Table S2 (Cont.) – Eco-morphological traits of each carnivore species reported to be consumed by wolves, with reference to the number of compiled studies and sampling sites, reported magnitude of consumption (FO: Frequency of Occurrence; Biomass: Percentage of consumed biomass) and extant range per Continent.

Species	Scientific name	Family	Average adult weight (Kg)	Weight Class ^(a)	Primary Diet	Scavenging Behavior ^(b)	Social Behavior ^(c)	Nº of Studies	Nº of Sampling Sites	Mean FO ^(d)	Mean Biomass ^(d)	Range
Raccoon	<i>Procyon lotor</i>	Procionidae	6.6	iii	Omnivore	1	S	4	7	19.0%	NA	N America Europe Asia
Harbor Seal	<i>Phoca vitulina</i>	Phocidae	97.5	v	Carnivore	0	S	2	2	6.3%	NA	N America
Seal	<i>Phoca</i> sp.	Phocidae	97.5	v	Carnivore	0	S	1	3	NA	2.0%	N America
Striped Skunk	<i>Mephitis mephitis</i>	Mephitidae	2.3	ii	Omnivore	1	S	3	2	NA	NA	N America
Common Genet	<i>Genetta genetta</i>	Viveridae	2.0	ii	Carnivore	0	S	1	1	0.3%	0.2%	Europe
Masked Palm Civet	<i>Paguma larvata</i>	Viveridae	4.0	ii	Omnivore	0	S	1	1	10.6%	NA	Asia
Indian Gray Mongoose	<i>Herpestes edwardsii</i>	Herpestidae	2.5	ii	Carnivore	1	S	1	1	NA	NA	Asia
Undetermined canid	-	Canidae	13.0	iv	-	-	-	3	6	1.9%	NA	N America Europe Asia
Undetermined mustelid	-	Mustelidae	4.3	ii	-	-	-	7	6	0.9%	1.9%	-
Undetermined felid	-	Felidae	7.1	iii	-	-	-	1	2	NA	NA	-
Undetermined Carnivores	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	13	1.1%	0.6%	-

^(a)Weight Classes: i = <1kg; ii = 1-5kg; iii = 6-10kg; iv= 11-35kg; v = >35kg; ^(b)Scavenging Behavior: 1= scavenging behavior reported; 0 = scavenging behavior not reported.;

^(c)Social behavior: S = Solitary; G = Gregarious; P = Pairs or small family groups; ^(d)NA: Not Available

Table S3 – Published evidences on observations of antagonistic interactions between wolves and carnivore species, with reference to the existence/absence of consumption of the victims (total or partial), observation method, country and respective continent.

Species killed by wolves	Scientific name	Victim(s) consumption	Methods	Country	Continent	Source
Golden Jackal	<i>Canis aureus</i>	No	Telemetry/Prey remains	Iran	Asia	Mohammadi <i>et al.</i> , 2017
Black bear	<i>Ursus americanus</i>	No	Telemetry	USA (Minnesota)	North America	Rogers and Mech, 1981
Black bear	<i>Ursus americanus</i>	Yes	Reports	Canada	North America	Horejsi <i>et al.</i> , 1984
Black bear	<i>Ursus americanus</i>	Yes	Prey remains	Canada	North America	Paquet and Carbyn, 1986
Black bear	<i>Ursus americanus</i>	No	Prey remains	Canada	North America	Joslin, 1966
Brown bear	<i>Ursus arctos</i>	No	Reports	USA (Alaska)	North America	Murie, 1944
Brown bear	<i>Ursus arctos</i>	No	Prey remains	USA (Yellowstone)	North America	Gunther and Smith, 2004
Coyote	<i>Canis latrans</i>	No	Telemetry/Prey remains	USA (Yellowstone)	North America	Merkle <i>et al.</i> , 2009
Coyote	<i>Canis latrans</i>	No	Telemetry/Prey remains	USA (Alaska)	North America	Thurber <i>et al.</i> , 1992
Coyote	<i>Canis latrans</i>	No	Reports/Prey remains	USA (Minnesota)	North America	Stenlund, 1955
Coyote	<i>Canis latrans</i>	Yes	Prey remains	Canada	North America	Munro, 1947
Wolf (pup)	<i>Canis lupus</i>	Yes	Telemetry/Prey remains	Canada	North America	Latham and Boutin, 2011
Wolf (pup)	<i>Canis lupus</i>	Yes	Video Records	Canada	North America	McLeod, 1990
Wolf (pup)	<i>Canis lupus</i>	Yes	Reports	Canada	North America	Kuyt, 1969
Wolverine	<i>Gulo gulo</i>	No	Reports	USA (Alaska)	North America	Murie, 1944
Wolverine	<i>Gulo gulo</i>	No	Prey remains	USA	North America	Burkholder, 1962
Red fox	<i>Vulpes vulpes</i>	No	Reports	USA	North America	Mech, 1970
Domestic Dog	<i>Canis familiaris</i>	No	Telemetry	Finland	Europe	Kojola, 2004
Domestic Dog	<i>Canis familiaris</i>	Yes	Reports	Finland	Europe	Kojola, 2002
Domestic Dog	<i>Canis familiaris</i>	Yes	Reports/Prey remains	USA (Minnesota)	North America	Fritts and Paul, 1973
Domestic Dog	<i>Canis familiaris</i>	No	Reports	USA (Alaska) / Canada	North America	McNay and Hicks, 2002
Domestic Dog	<i>Canis familiaris</i>	Yes	Reports	Sweden	Europe	Backeryd, 2007
Domestic Dog	<i>Canis familiaris</i>	Yes	Prey remains	Portugal / Spain	Europe	F. Álvares, unp. data.
Domestic Cat	<i>Felis catus</i>	Yes	Prey remains	Poland	Europe	S. Novak, unp. data

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Table S4 – Results from Pearson Correlation test between values of Frequency of Occurrence (FO) and Percentage of consumed biomass (Biomass) of carnivores in wolf diet in 87 sampling sites.

		FO	Biomass
FO	Pearson Correlation (q)	1	0.911**
Biomass	Sig. (p value)		0.000
	Pearson Correlation (q)	0.911**	1
	Sig. (p value)		0.000

**. Correlation is significant at the 0.01 level (2-tailed)

Table S5 – Description of the 15 ecological and human-related variables used to assess factors determining carnivore consumption by wolves, including the source, time period, metrics and variable type. The uncorrelated six variables included in the GLM tests are marked in bold (see Methods section for details).

Variables name	Source	Period	Metric	Type
Percentage of Small mammals in wolf diet	Compiled studies	-	Sampling site	Food Source
Percentage of Wild ungulates in wolf diet	Compiled studies	-	Sampling site	Food Source
Percentage of Livestock in wolf diet	Compiled studies	-	Sampling site	Food Source
Protected area	Compiled studies	-	Sampling site	Human activity
Road Density	Socioeconomic Data and Applications Center; NASA; http://sedac.ciesin.columbia.edu/data/set/groads-global-roads-open-access-v1	1980-2010	Nº of cells	Human activity
Human Density	Socioeconomic Data and Applications Center; NASA; http://sedac.ciesin.columbia.edu/data/set/gpw-v4-population-density	2000	Mean density	Human activity
Cattle Density	Global cattle density; http://www.fao.org/geonetwork/srv/en/	2005	Mean density	Human activity
Anthromes	Ellis <i>et al.</i> (2010); Anthromes version 2.0; http://ecotope.org/anthromes/v2/data/	1900-2000	Coefficient	Human activity
Agricultural Area	GlobCover 2009 v2.3; http://due.esrin.esa.int/page_globcover.php	2004-2009	Nº of cells	Human activity
Urban Area	GlobCover 2009 v2.3; http://due.esrin.esa.int/page_globcover.php	2004-2009	Nº of cells	Human activity
Forest Cover	GlobCover 2009 v2.3; http://due.esrin.esa.int/page_globcover.php	2004-2009	Nº of cells	Environmental conditions
Mean Altitude	Worldclim; http://www.worldclim.org/	-	Mean values	Environmental conditions
Temperature Seasonality	Worldclim; http://www.worldclim.org/	1960-1990	Mean values	Environmental conditions
Precipitation Seasonality	Worldclim; http://www.worldclim.org/	1960-1990	Mean values	Environmental conditions
NDVI (Normalized Difference Vegetation Index)	Broxton <i>et al.</i> (2014); https://landcover.usgs.gov/green_veg.php	2001-2012	Mean values	Environmental conditions

References cited in Table S5

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Table S6 – Results from Pearson Correlation test for the 11 environmental and human related variables obtained from on-line data sources and used to assess factors determining carnivore consumption by wolves. Significant correlations in bold (** Correlation significant at p < 0.01; * Correlation significant at p < 0.05).

		Mean Altitude	Temperature Seasonality	Precipitation Seasonality	NDVI	Anthromes	Cattle Density	Human Density	Urban Area	Agricultural Area	Forest Cover	Road Density
Mean Altitude	Pearson Correlation (q)	1	-0.004	0.040	-0.237**	-0.006	-0.146	-0.114	-0.129	0.064	-0.323**	-0.166*
	Sig. (p value)		0.962	0.604	0.002	0.941	0.060	0.144	0.096	0.409	0.000	0.032
Temperature Seasonality	Pearson Correlation (q)	-0.004	1	0.010	-0.023	-0.247**	-0.510**	0.148	0.135	-0.367**	0.198*	-0.238**
	Sig. (p value)	0.962		0.899	0.771	0.001	0.000	0.057	0.082	0.000	0.010	0.002
Precipitation Seasonality	Pearson Correlation (q)	0.040	0.010	1	-0.339**	0.033	0.210**	0.289**	0.209**	0.268**	-0.448**	-0.019
	Sig. (p value)	0.604	0.899		0.000	0.673	0.007	0.000	0.007	0.000	0.000	0.807
NDVI	Pearson Correlation (q)	-0.237**	-0.023	-0.339**	1	0.086	0.160*	-0.181*	-0.170*	0.023	0.641**	0.237**
	Sig. (p value)	0.002	0.771	0.000		0.268	0.039	0.019	0.028	0.767	0.000	0.002
Anthromes	Pearson Correlation (q)	-0.006	-0.247**	0.033	0.086	1	0.153*	-0.042	-0.067	0.353**	-0.148	0.098
	Sig. (p value)	0.941	0.001	0.673	0.268		0.048	0.589	0.392	0.000	0.056	0.209
Cattle Density	Pearson Correlation (q)	-0.146	-0.510**	0.210**	0.160*	0.153*	1	-0.010	-0.021	0.360**	-0.116	0.349**
	Sig. (p value)	0.060	0.000	0.007	0.039	0.048		0.894	0.784	0.000	0.136	0.000
Human Density	Pearson Correlation (q)	-0.114	0.148	0.289**	-0.181*	-0.042	-0.010	1	0.945**	0.140	-0.228**	0.252**
	Sig. (p value)	0.144	0.057	0.000	0.019	0.589	0.894		0.000	0.070	0.003	0.001
Urban Area	Pearson Correlation (q)	-0.129	0.135	0.209**	-0.170*	-0.067	-0.021	0.945**	1	0.202**	-0.245**	0.322**
	Sig. (p value)	0.096	0.082	0.007	0.028	0.392	0.784	0.000		0.009	0.001	0.000
Agricultural Area	Pearson Correlation (q)	0.064	-0.367**	0.268**	0.023	0.353**	0.360**	0.140	0.202**	1	-0.548**	0.424**
	Sig. (p value)	0.409	0.000	0.000	0.767	0.000	0.000	0.070	0.009		0.000	0.000
Forest Cover	Pearson Correlation (q)	-0.323**	0.198*	-0.448**	0.641**	-0.148	-0.116	-0.228**	-0.245**	-0.548**	1	-0.048
	Sig. (p value)	0.000	0.010	0.000	0.000	0.056	0.136	0.003	0.001	0.000		0.536
Road Density	Pearson Correlation (q)	-0.166*	-0.238**	-0.019	0.237**	0.098	0.349**	0.252**	0.322**	0.424**	-0.048	1
	Sig. (p value)	0.032	0.002	0.807	0.002	0.209	0.000	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.536	

Table S7 - Weight classes, primary diet, reported scavenging behavior and social behavior of the carnivore species consumed by wolves worldwide, the number of times a species of each category appears as a wolf food item in the sampling sites and the number of consumed carnivore species by category. Weight Classes: i) <1kg; ii) 1 to 5kg; iii) 6 to 10kg; iv) 11 to 35kg; v) >35kg.

Weight Class	Primary Diet	Scavenging Behavior	Social Behavior	Nº of Sampling Sites	Nº of Species
i	Carnivorous	Non-Scavengers	Solitary	17	4
		Scavengers	Solitary	2	1
ii	Carnivorous	Non-Scavengers	Solitary	19	3
		Scavengers	Solitary	8	3
			Pairs or small family groups	4	2
iii	Omnivorous	Non-Scavengers	Solitary	2	2
		Scavengers	Pairs or small family groups	2	1
			Solitary	2	1
iv	Carnivorous	Non-Scavengers	Solitary	3	3
		Scavengers	Pairs or small family groups	4	1
			Solitary	1	1
v	Omnivorous	Scavengers	Pairs or small family groups	1	1
			Solitary	7	1
			Pairs or small family groups	50	2
iv	Carnivorous	Scavengers	Solitary	2	2
	Omnivorous	Scavengers	Pairs or small family groups	4	1
			Gregarious	89	2
v	Carnivorous	Scavengers	Gregarious	22	1
		Non-Scavengers	Solitary	2	1
	Omnivorous	Scavengers	Solitary	15	2

Table S8 – Results from the GLM model for the effects of seasons (W- Winter/Autumn and S- Summer/Spring) on the magnitude of carnivore consumption by wolves, in 88 sampling sites worldwide.

Parameter	B	Std. Error	95% Wald Confidence Interval		Hypothesis Test		
			Lower	Upper	Wald Chi-Square	df	Sig. (p value)
(Intercept)	-1.584	0.0643	-1.710	-1.458	606.877	1	0.000
[SEASON=W]	-0.031	0.0889	-0.205	0.143	0.120	1	0.729
[SEASON=S]	.	.	.	.	.	.	.

Table S9 – Results from the chi-square test (by comparing the fitted model against the intercept-only model) to assess the fitness of the GLM for the effects of seasons (W- Winter/Autumn and S- Summer/Spring) on magnitude of carnivore consumption by wolves, in 88 sampling sites worldwide.

Likelihood Ratio Chi-Square	Sig. (p value)
0.120	0.729
Dependent Variable: Log (Class of Carnivore consumption)	
Model: (Intercept), Seasons.	

Table S10 – Results from the GLM model for the effects of seasons (W- Winter/Autumn and S- Summer/Spring) on the number of carnivore species consumed by wolves, in 115 sampling sites worldwide.

Parameter	B	Std. Error	95% Wald Confidence Interval		Hypothesis Test		
			Lower	Upper	Wald Chi-Square	df	Sig. (p value)
(Intercept)	1.984	0.1645	1.662	2.307	145.474	1	0.000
[SEASON=W]	-0.292	0.2446	-0.771	0.188	1.423	1	0.233
[SEASON=S]	.	.	.	.	.	.	.

Table S11 – Results from the chi-square test (by comparing the fitted model against the intercept-only model) to assess the fitness of the GLM for the effects of seasons (W- Winter/Autumn and S- Summer/Spring) on the number of carnivore species consumed by wolves, in 115 sampling sites worldwide.

Likelihood Ratio Chi-Square	Sig. (p value)
1.423	0.233
Dependent Variable: Number of species of consumed carnivores	
Model: (Intercept), Seasons	

Table S12 – Results from the chi-square test (by comparing the fitted model against the intercept-only model) to assess the fitness of the GLM for the effects of environmental and human-related variables on the magnitude of carnivore consumption by wolves, in 87 sampling sites worldwide.

Likelihood Ratio Chi-Square	Sig. (p value)
33.733	0.000
Dependent Variable: Percentage of carnivore consumption	
Model: (Intercept), Protected Area, Percentage of domestic ungulates in wolf diet, Percentage of wild ungulates in wolf diet, Percentage of small mammals in wolf diet, NDVI, Human density	

Table S13 – Results from the chi-square test (by comparing the fitted model against the intercept-only model) to assess the fitness of the GLM for the effects of environmental and human-related variables on the number of carnivore species consumed by wolves, in 143 sampling sites.

Likelihood Ratio Chi-Square	Sig. (p value)
21.390	0.002
Dependent Variable: Number of species of consumed carnivores	
Model: (Intercept), Protected Area, Percentage of domestic ungulates in wolf diet, Percentage of wild ungulates in wolf diet, Percentage of small mammals in wolf diet, NDVI, Human density.	