

Supplementary Materials

Temperature-Driven Structural Evolution during Preparation of MCM-41 Mesoporous Silica

Tao Xu ¹, Kuixin Cui ^{1,2} and Shengming Jin ^{1,2,*}

¹ School of Minerals Processing and Bioengineering, Central South University, Changsha 410083, China;
xu-tao@mail.csu.edu.cn (T.X.); kuixin.cui@csu.edu.cn (K.C.)

² Key Laboratory for Mineral Materials and Application of Hunan Province, Central South University, Changsha 410083, China

* Correspondence: shmjin@csu.edu.cn

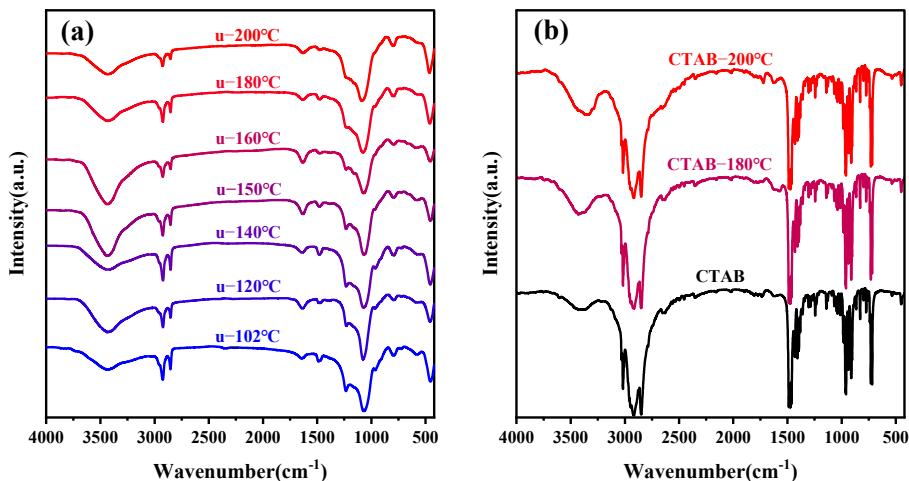


Figure S1. FTIR spectra of (a) MCM-41 samples after hydrothermal crystallization at various temperatures; (b) CTAB under different treatment conditions.

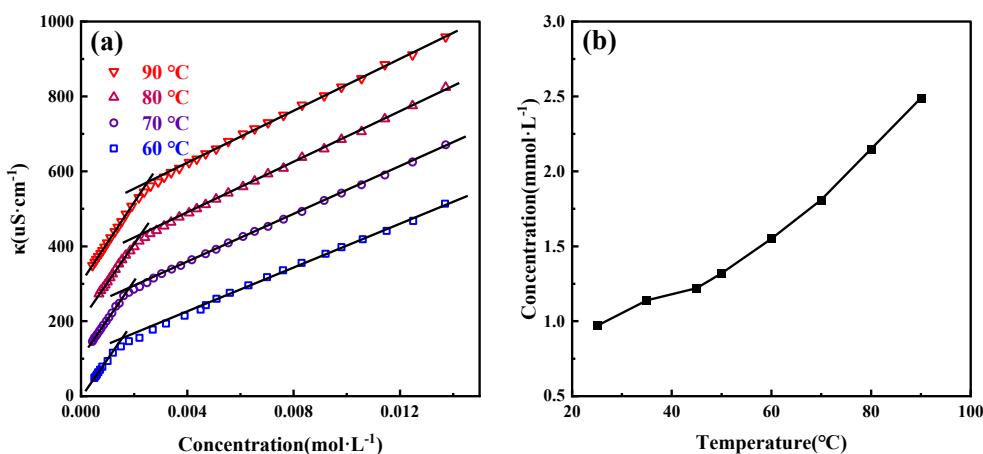


Figure S2. (a) Variation of the conductivity of CTAB solutions with concentration at different temperatures; (b) Changes in CMC of CTAB aqueous solutions with temperature.

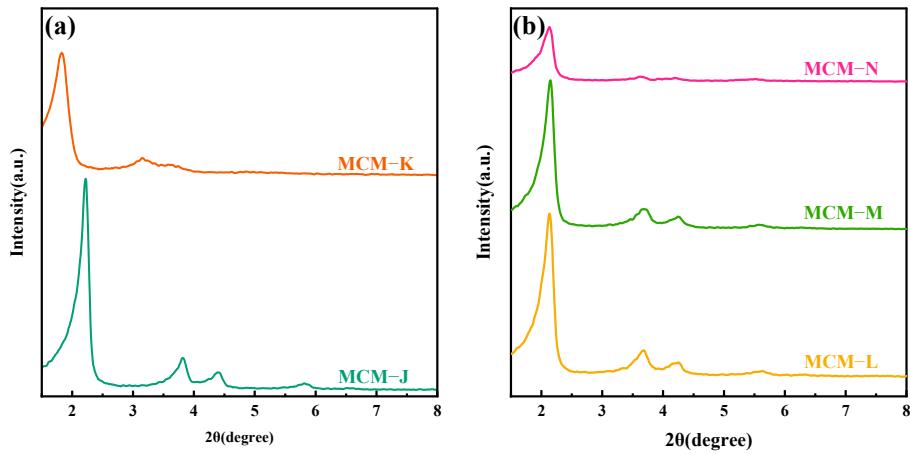


Figure S3. SAXD spectra. (a) MCM-J and MCM-K; (b) MCM-L, MCM-M and MCM-N.

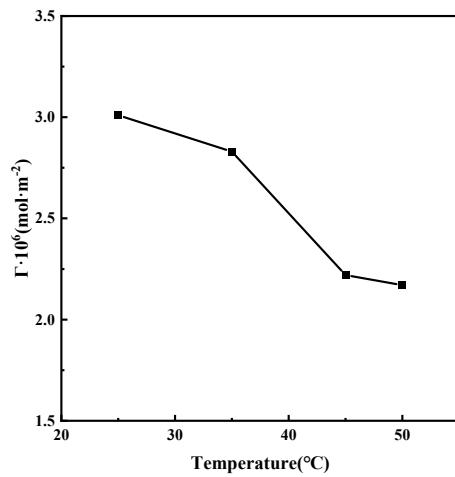


Figure S4. The variation of Γ_{\max} with temperature.

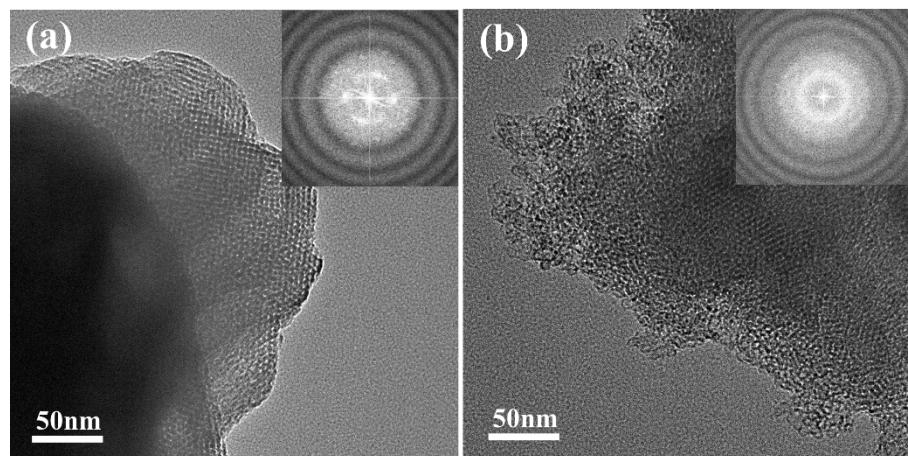


Figure S5. TEM image of the sample after different hydrothermal treatment. (a) 180 °C; (b) 200 °C.