

# **Supplementary Materials: Use of Supplemented or Human Material to Simulate PD Behavior of Antibiotics at the Target Site In Vitro**

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**Table S1.** Antibiotic susceptibility testing in adjusted growth media and in body fluids and their impact on antibiotic activity..

Adjusted MHB/Body Fluid	Used Antibiotic	Bacterial strain/s	Antibiotic activity	Reference
Serum+MHB	ertapenem	<i>E. cloacae</i> and <i>S. aureus</i> isolates	↓	[1]
Serum+MHB	cefepime-tazobactam	KPC-producing <i>Enterobacteriaceae</i>	↑	[2]
Serum+MHB	ampicillin	<i>Enterococci</i> isolates	↓	[3]
Serum+MHB	telavancin	Glycopeptide non-susceptible <i>Staphylococci</i> , Vancomycin resistant <i>S. aureus</i> strains	↓	[4]
Serum+Todd-Hewitt-Broth	ciprofloxacin, levofloxacin, trovafloxacin, moxifloxacin, clinafloxacin, gemifloxacin	<i>S. pneumoniae</i> isolates	moxifloxacin ↔, All other tested AB + serum ↓	[5]
Serum+MHB, Albumin+MHB	daptomycin, telavancin, teicoplanin, vancomycin	<i>S. aureus</i> isolates	All tested AB + serum ↓ vancomycin + albumin ↔ daptomycin + albumin ↓	[6]
Serum+MHB, Albumin+MHB	telavancin	<i>S. aureus</i> (methicillin resistant and methicillin susceptible)	↔	[7]
Serum+MHB, Albumin+MHB	clindamycin	<i>S. aureus</i> ATCC-29213	↓	[8]
Serum+MHB, Albumin+MHB	cefditoren	penicillin-resistant <i>S. pneumoniae</i> isolates	cefditoren+albumin ↓ cefditoren+90% human serum ↔	[9]
Pure serum, pure MHB (control), albumin+MHB, serum+MHB	moxifloxacin, trovafloxacin	<i>S. aureus</i> ATCC-29213, <i>P. aeruginosa</i> ATCC-27853	↓	[10]
Albumin+MHB	moxifloxacin, ampicillin, oxacillin, fosfomycin (negative control)	<i>S. aureus</i> ATCC-29213	fosfomycin ↔, All others ↓	[11]
Albumin+MHB	daptomycin	MRSA, vancomycin resistant <i>E. faecium</i>	↔	[12]
Plasma+MHB	iclaprim	MRSA, MSSA isolates	↔	[13]

<b>Defibrinated blood+MHB</b>	rifampin, rifampin + fusidic acid, rifampin + co-trimoxazole, mupirocin, taurolidine	17 <i>E. faecium</i> clinical isolates	rifampin, rifampin + fusidic acid ↔, rifampin + co-trimoxazole ↔, mupirocin ↓ taurolidine ↓	[14]
<b>Defibrinated blood+MHB</b>	teicoplanin, vancomycin, teicoplanin + fusidic acid, teicoplanin + fusidic acid, teicoplanin + other drug combinations	MDR <i>S. aureus</i> isolates	teicoplanin ↓, vancomycin ↓, teicoplanin + fusidic acid ↓, teicoplanin + fusidic acid ↓, teicoplanin + other drug combinations ↓	[15]
<b>Defibrinated blood+MHB</b>	ampicillin, imipenem, mezlocillin, ofloxacin, piperacillin, vancomycin	<i>S. faecalis</i> isolates	↔	[16]
<b>Defibrinated blood+MHB</b>	cefoperazone, gentamicin, netilmicin, aztreonam, ceftazidime, ciprofloxacin, fleroxacin, imipenem, tobramycin, azlocillin, ceftazidime, norfloxacin, ofloxacin, piperacillin, ticarcillin, cefepime, ceftazidime, rifampin, and timentin, ofloxacin, cotrimoxazole, polymyxin B,	<i>P. aeruginosa</i> isolates	cefoperazone ↔, gentamicin ↔, netilmicin ↔, All further drug combinations ↑,	[17]
<b>Defibrinated blood+MHB</b>	imipenem, polymyxin B, amikacin, ceftazidime, ciprofloxacin,	<i>Stenotrophomonas (Xanthomonas) maltophilia</i> isolates	Various combinations of tested AB ↑	[18]
<b>Defibrinated blood+MHB</b>	ciprofloxacin, meropenem, tigecycline	<i>Acinetobacter calcoaceticus</i>	Various combinations of tested AB ↑	[19]
<b>MHB+50% erythrocytes</b>	<i>E. coli</i> ATCC-25922, <i>S. aureus</i> ATCC-29213, <i>P. aeruginosa</i> ATCC-27853		↓	[20]

<b>MHB+thrombocyte concentrates</b>	ciprofloxacin, meropenem, tigecycline	<i>E. coli</i> ATCC-25922, <i>S. aureus</i> ATCC-29213, <i>P. aeruginosa</i> ATCC-27853	Dependent on thrombocyte concentrate	[21]
<b>Urine+MHB+ different pH settings</b>	ciprofloxacin, norfloxacin, ofloxacin	<i>E. coli</i> , <i>S. aureus</i> , <i>P. aeruginosa</i> isolates	Acidic pH ↓	[22]
<b>Urine+MHB+ different pH settings</b>	ciprofloxacin, levofloxacin, moxifloxacin	<i>E. coli</i> ATCC-25922, <i>K. oxytoca</i> ATCC-29213	Acidic pH ↓	[23]
<b>Urine+MHB+ different pH settings</b>	trimethoprim, fosfomycin, amikacin, colistin, ertapenem	<i>E. coli</i> ATCC-25922, <i>K. oxytoca</i> ATCC-29213, <i>P. mirabilis</i> ATCC-14153, <i>E. faecalis</i> ATCC-29212	Acidic pH ↓	[24]
<b>Urine+MHB+ different pH settings</b>	24 widely used antimicrobial agents	<i>E. coli</i> , <i>K. pneumoniae</i> , <i>P. mirabilis</i> , <i>E. faecalis</i> , <i>Staphylococcus saprophyticus</i> , <i>Staphylococcus epidermidis</i>	Activity varied between antibiotics tested (acidic pH↓ and acidic pH↑)	[25]
<b>CSF + MHB</b>	cefepime, rifampicin	<i>S. aureus</i> ATCC-29213	cefepime ↑, rifampicin ↓	[26]
<b>CSF+MHB</b>	linezolid	<i>S. aureus</i> ATCC-29213, <i>S. epidermidis</i> ATCC-12228	linezolid ↑	[27]
<b>CSF+MHB</b>	fosfomycin	<i>S. aureus</i> ATCC-29213	fosfomycin ↓	[28]
<b>Bile</b>	linezolid, tigecycline, meropenem, ciprofloxacin	<i>E. faecalis</i> ATCC-29212, <i>E. coli</i> ATCC-25922	↓	[29]
<b>Cations Ca<sup>+</sup> and Mg<sup>+</sup>+MHB</b>	colistin	<i>P. aeruginosa</i> , <i>A. baumannii</i> , <i>E. coli</i>	Increase in AB activity against <i>P. aeruginosa</i> and <i>A. baumannii</i> , Decrease of AB activity against <i>E. coli</i>	[30]

<b>MHB+Lung Surfactant (bovine lung surfactant)</b>	amoxicillin, ceftazidime, tobramycin,	<i>P. aeruginosa</i> ATCC-27853, <i>S. aureus</i> ATCC-25923, <i>S. pneumoniae</i> ATCC-6301, <i>K. pneumoniae</i> ATCC-43816	ceftazidime ↔, amoxicillin ↔, tobramycin ↓,	[31]
<b>MHB+Lung Surfactant (Survanta)</b>	daptomycin	<i>S. aureus</i> ATCC-29213	↓	[32]
<b>MHB+Lung Surfactant (Curosurf)</b>	daptomycin, linezolid, doripenem, tigecycline moxifloxacin,	<i>S. aureus</i> ATCC-29213	↓	[33]
<b>MHB+Lung Surfactant (Surventa)</b>	telavancin, daptomycin, ceftriaxone, vancomycin,	MRSA	telavancin ↔, daptomycin ↓, ceftriaxone ↔, vancomycin ↔	[34]
<b>MHB+Lung Surfactant (Surventa)</b>	Expanded spectrum lipopeptide MX-2401 (semisynthetic analogue to amphotericin), daptomycin, vancomycin	<i>S. aureus</i> (MRSA, MSSA, etc.) <i>S. pneumoniae</i>	daptomycin ↓, vancomycin ↔, MX2401 ↔,	[35]

**Table S1:** This table summarizes an excerpt of studies dealing with antibiotic susceptibility testing with adjusted growth media and body fluids. This table is organized in 5 columns; column 1 shows the adapted growth media or body fluid, column 2 describes the tested antibiotics, column 3 displays the tested bacterial strains, column 4 describes the impact on antibiotic activity of the adjuvants or the body fluid (↓ impaired, ↑ enhanced and ↔ equal activity). Column 5 lists the references.

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