

**Function (S1)**

```
function Bootstrap

global MER5212 MER678 %i5212 i678 aa bb cc TT obj1 obj2 CL

global obj1

i = 0;
MER5212 = [];
for func=4.3:0.2:4.5
    for OHV=obj1:1:obj1
%    for pp=861.1:1:861.1
        for Cp_spec=2.3:1:2.3
            MER5212(i+1,:) = [func,OHV,Cp_spec];
            i=i+1;
        end
    end
end
%i5212 = height(MER5212);
MER5212;

MER678 = [];
interval = 0.25;
max = 1.00;
min = 0.00;
limit = 0.50;
i = 0;
for hs=limit:interval:max
    for p=min:interval:limit
        for s=min:interval:limit
%for p=0.01:interval:0.01
%    for s=0.20:interval:0.20
%        for hs=0.79:interval:0.79
            if hs+p+s == max
                MER678(i+1,:) = [p,s,hs];
                i=i+1;
            end
        end
    end
end
```

```
    end
  end
end
%i678=height (MER678) ;
```

```
end
```

%The selection of the limits and intervals in the above defined variables  
%is a task that requires expertise or educated guess from  
%literature review, consultation and laboratory experimentation.  
%Moreover, the limits and intervals is a great factor in the speed  
%of the execution of the overall code  
%and the accuracy of its result.

%Thus, focus on this matter may be very beneficial.  
%The coder must look closely on narrowing limits,  
%determining acceptable intervals,  
%or prioritizing certain values.

%The convention of using the terms "coder-defined", "coder limited",  
%or the like does not necessarily pertain to any claim by the code.  
%Rather, it may pertain to variables defined or limited not by user-input  
%through a user-interface, say a message box.

## Function (S2)

```
function Recipe

global mer NW0 NCO2 Totalm cat T0 Ts H0 NBp0 NBs0 NBt0 NBET0 BA r0 V W_MW P_atm S TT Toluene_Cp
global E A h cp Ug Uf Ant_const vapHba Area VoverA Nc R RR Toluene Toluene_MW Toluene_MolarCp Boltz
global MER5212 MER678 i5212 i678

%efficiency of reactions
ef=1; %ef/Ef/eff/Eff = 'effective'/'reactive'

%Matrix of Isocyanate & Polyol Properties (A & B Ingredients)-----
%rows are only updated by MER512 & MER678 in Bootstrap
%          1      2      3      4      5      6      7      8      9      10
%          A     B1     B2     B3     B4     B5     B6     B7     B8     B9
mer=[ 44.46   50      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0; %1 Mass (g)
       0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0; %2 OHV of Bi
  369.9    0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0; %3 MW (g/mol)
       0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0; %4 Moles
      2.7    0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0; %5 Functionality
       0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0; %6 Xp of Bi
       0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0; %7 Xs of Bi
       0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0; %8 Xhs of Bi
       0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0; %9 Molar Cp (J/mol-K)
     1.23   1.08    0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0; %10 Density (g/cm^3)
       0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0; %11 Eq.Wt. (eq/g)
  1.799    0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0; %12 Specific Cp (J/g-K)
       0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0; %13 Volume (cm^3)
       0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0; %14 Moles p in Bi
       0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0; %15 Moles s in Bi
       0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0]; %16 Moles hs in Bi

mer(5,2) = MER5212(i5212,1); %Func. of B1 = Polyol Mix
mer(2,2) = MER5212(i5212,2); %OHV of B1 = Polyol Mix
mer(12,2) = MER5212(i5212,3); %Sp.Cp of B1 = Polyol Mix
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mer(6,2) = MER678(i678,1); %Xp of B1 = Polyol Mix
mer(7,2) = MER678(i678,2); %Xs of B1 = Polyol Mix
mer(8,2) = MER678(i678,3); %Xhs of B1 = Polyol Mix

for i=2:2 %up to 10
mer(3,i)=56100*mer(5,i)/mer(2,i); %MW of Polyols
end

for i=1:2 %up to 10
mer(4,i)=mer(1,i)/mer(3,i)*ef; %Moles of Reactants
mer(9,i)=mer(12,i)*mer(3,i)/mer(5,i); %Molar Cp of Reactants
mer(11,i)=mer(3,i)/mer(5,i); %Eq. Wt. of Reactants
mer(13,i)=mer(1,i)/mer(10,i); %Volume of Reactants
end

for i=2:2 %up to 10
mer(14,i)=mer(4,i)*mer(5,i)*mer(6,i); %Moles p in Bi
mer(15,i)=mer(4,i)*mer(5,i)*mer(7,i); %Moles s in Bi
mer(16,i)=mer(4,i)*mer(5,i)*mer(8,i); %Moles hs in Bi
end
%-----


%Initial amount of c(13), c(14), c(15) %up to 10
NBp0 = mer(14,2); %= sum(mer(14,2:10)) %Total Bp
NBS0 = mer(15,2); %= sum(mer(15,2:10)) %Total Bs
NBt0 = mer(16,2); %= sum(mer(16,2:10)) %Total Bhs

%Initial amount of c(11)
NBEt0 = 0; %mer(4,10)*mer(5,10)*mer(7,10); %Total Epoxy

%Initial amount of c(19) %up to 10 (= sum(mer(4,2:10))/100)
NCO2 = (mer(4,2))/100; %Intrinsic CO2 in system

%CBA: Water
W_m=0; %Mass (g)
W_M=W_m*ef; %Eff. Mass (g)
W_MW=18; %MW (g/mol)
nW0=(W_m/W_MW); %Moles
NW0=nW0*ef; %Eff. Moles (= W_M/W_MW)

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W_dens=1; %Density (g/cm^3)
W_v=W_m/W_dens; %Volume (cm^3)
W_V=W_v*ef; %Eff. Volume (cm^3) (= W_M/W_dens)

%Matrix of PBA Properties (9 Entities)-----
%      1       2       3       4       5       6       7       8       9
%      MF     n-Pen   iso-Pen cyc-Pen n-Hex cyc-Hex nButane solstice Forane
%-----%
BA = [ 0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0; %1
Mass (g) 60.052 72.151 72.151 70.135 86.178 84.162 58.124 130.5 130.5; %2
MW (g/mol) 0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0; %3
Moles 0.98    0.626   0.616   0.751   0.6548  0.7781  0.551   1.27   1.27; %4
Density (g/cm^3) 129.3897 167.19 164.85 128     197.66 156     98.49  300    300; %5
Heat capacity J/mol-K 304.95 309.25 301     322.41 341.15 353.85 0       0       0; %6
Boiling Point (K) 0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0; %7
Volume (cm^3)

for i=1:9
BA(3,i)= BA(1,i)/BA(2,i); %moles PBA
BA(7,i)= BA(1,i)/BA(4,i); %volume PBA
end
%-----%

%Matrix of Catalyst Mass & Eff. Catalyst Mass (11 Entities)-----
%      1       2       3       4       5       6       7       8       9       10      11
%      cat5   cat8   UL-1   UL-6   UL-22  UL-29  UL-38  33-LV  BL-17  Stan   SUL-4
cati=[ 0.12, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0]; %cat mass (g)

cat = cati*ef; %eff. cat mass (g)
%-----%

%Other Ingredients Mass Input (g)
TCPPi=0; %F.R.

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L6900i=0;           %Surf.
Toluenei=0;          %Solv.

%Other Ingredients Eff. Mass (g)
TCPPi=TCPPi*ef;
L6900=L6900i*ef;
Toluene=Toluenei*ef;

%Toluene Properties
Toluene_dens = 0.86694; %g/cm3
Toluene_MW = 92.14; %g/mol
Toluene_MolarCp = 155.96; %J/mol-K
Toluene_Cp=(Toluene/Toluene_MW)*Toluene_MolarCp; %J/K (eff.)
Toluene_v = Toluenei/Toluene_dens; %cm^3 (volume)
Toluene_V = Toluene/Toluene_dens; %cm^3 (eff. volume)

%Total (Initial) Mass of Mixture %up to 10 (use: sum(mer(1,1:10))
Totalm=sum(mer(1,1:2))+W_m+sum(BA(1,1:9))+sum(cati(1,1:11))+TCPPi+L6900i+Toluenei; %(g)

%Total (Initial) Volume of Mixture %up to 10 (use: sum(mer(13,1:10))
%dens of cati(1:11), TCPPi, L6900i approx. 1 g/cm^3
V=sum(mer(13,1:2))+W_v+sum(BA(7,1:9))+sum(cati(1,1:11))+TCPPi+L6900i+Toluene_v; %(cm^3)

%Initial Temp. of Reactions (K)
Tr=TT;           %room temp.
T0=Tr+273.15;    %initial temp. of reactants
Ts=Tr+273.15;    %temp. of surr.

%Initial Height of Mixture (cm)
H0=1.5;

%Surfactant & Cell Structure Consideration*****
Csurf = (L6900/Totalm) + 2.1E-5;      %eff. concentration of surfactant (in total mixture) %in w/w >>
why add 2.1E-5?

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st = (21.046-(1.4378*log(Csurf)))/1000; %surface tension (original comment says unit is in N/m) >> formula
in the Publication is in dyn/cm, 1 dyn/cm = 10^-3 N/m
% >> Publication: Modeling the Impact of Surfactants on
Polyurethane Foam Polymerization (2015)

r0 = 3.4E-3;                                     %initial bubble radius (in cm; if in m = 3.4E-5 m or 0.000034 m)

WW = 0.05;                                         %energy introduced by mixing (in J) >> assumed equal to Kanner's
Study: 10 seconds mixing, 1200 rpm >> review, if time permits
% >> Publication: Urethane Foam Formation—Role of the Silicone
Surfactant (1969)

Nc = WW/(4*pi*st*((r0/100)^2));                %no. of nucleation sites or Nc=W/(4*pi*st*(r0/100)^2)
% [dimensional analysis: J/((N/m)*(m^2)) = J/(N-m) = N-m/(N-m) >>
dimensionally correct, dimensionless overall]

R = 82.05736;                                     %gas constant in atm-cm^3/mol-K (with 5 decimal places)

RR = 8.31446;                                     %gas constant in J/mol-K (with 5 decimal places)

```

**Function (S3)**

```
function Database

global E A h cp Ug Uf Ant_const vapHba

Press=1;

% ptot=1;

%Antoine equation constants, Pc, and Tc of BAs-----
%          A        B        C        D        Pc      Tc
Ant_const=[-6.99601  0.89328 -2.52294 -3.16636  60    487.2; %BA 1: Methyl Formate
           -7.28936  1.53679 -3.08367 -1.02456  33.7  469.7; %BA 2: n-Pentane
           -7.12727  1.38996 -2.54302 -2.45657  33.9  460.4; %BA 3: iso-Pentane (2-methyl butane)
           -6.51809  0.38442 -1.11706 -4.50275  45.1  511.7; %BA 4: cyclo-Pentane
           -7.46765  1.44211 -3.28222 -2.50941  30.1  507.5; %BA 5: n-Hexane
           -6.96009  1.31328 -2.75683 -2.45491  40.7  553.5; %BA 6: cyclo-Hexane
           -6.88709  1.15157 -1.99873 -3.13003  38    425.2; %BA 7: n-Butane
           -3.70105  -5.6665   3.99824 -0.02625  35    450; %BA 8: Sol
           -4.77394  -2.7714  -0.78228 -0.02772  35    450 ]; %BA 9: Forane
%-----

%Latent Heat of vaporization of BAs (J/mol) [Using Giacalone Equation]-----
%-         1        2        3        4        5        6        7        8
%          MF      n-Pen     iso-P     cyc-P     n-H     cyc-H     n-But     Sol
For
vapHba=[27648.6,     26363.35,     25372.42,     26378.7,     29543.300,   30108.864,   22473.6,     25317,
25225.65];
%-----
-%*****Kinetics Consideration*****%
%Arrhenius Constant for 13 reaction groups, uncatalyzed + catalyzed (with 11 kinds of catalyst)-----
```

```

% >> used for calculating the Rate Constant, k, for each Reaction using the Arrhenius Equation: k =
A*(e^(E/(RT)))
% >> in the same units as k: [(mol/V)^(1-a)]·s^-1, where a = the overall order of the reaction >>
(cm^3)/mol·s
%Rxn. Group: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13
% P-A/Ap S-A/Ap HS-A/Ap A-U Ap-U A-W Ap-W Ap-Am A-Amp Ap-Amp A-Urp Ap-Ur Ap-Urp
A = [ 0.38 0.13 0.0125 0.012 0.012 0.25 0.25 2.5 2.5 2.5 0 0 0;
%0 uncatalyzed
80 100 15 0 0 600 600 6000 6000 6000 0 0 0;
%1 cat5
500 58 42 0 0 540 540 5400 5400 5400 0 0 0;
%2 cat8
0 8000 1300 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0;
%3 UL-1
0 300 65 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0;
%4 UL-6
0 10000 3000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0;
%5 UL-22
0 270 60 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0;
%6 UL-29
0 600 150 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0;
%7 UL-38
0 250 70 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0;
%8 33-LV
0 60 20 0 0 240 240 0 0 0 0 0 0 0;
%9 BL-17
0 500 150 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0;
%10 Stan
0 1200 550 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0];
%11 SUL-4
-----
```

```

%Activation Energy (Ea in J/mol) for 13 reaction groups, uncatalyzed + catalyzed (with 11 kinds of
catalyst)-----
%Rxn. Group: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13
% P-A/Ap S-A/Ap HS-A/Ap A-U Ap-U A-W Ap-W Ap-Am A-Amp Ap-Amp A-Urp Ap-Ur Ap-Urp
E = [ 40000 42000 54000 0 0 39000 39000 39000 39000 39000 0 0 0;
%0 uncatalyzed
60000 3000 300 0 0 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000 0 0 0;
%1 cat5
```

	37000	40000	42000	0	0	35000	35000	35000	35000	35000	0	0	0;
%2 cat8	0	40000	50000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0;
%3 UL-1	0	40000	82000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0;
%4 UL-6	0	40000	52000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0;
%5 UL-22	0	40000	78000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0;
%6 UL-29	0	40000	65000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0;
%7 UL-38	0	38000	45000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0;
%8 33-LV	0	38000	45000	0	0	35000	35000	32000	0	0	0	0	0;
%9 BL-17	0	55000	60000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0;
%10 Stan	0	32000	38000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	01;

%-----  
-----

%Heats of Reactions (J/mol) (delta H)-----							
% 1	% 2	% 3	% 4	% 5	% 6	% 7	%Monomer or on Polymer
% P-A	% S-A	% T-A	% A-U	% A-W	% A-Am	% A-Ur	
h=[72800, 72800, 72800,			0,	60000,	30000,	0]	;

%-----

%cp of Reactants (J/mol-K)-----

%cp of A (J/mol-K)  
 cp\_A = mer(9,1);

%cp\_ave of B (Polyols) (J/mol-K) %up to 10  
 cp\_Bave=mer(9,2);%(mer(4,2)\*mer(5,2)\*mer(9,2));%+mer(4,3)\*mer(5,3)\*mer(9,3)+mer(4,4)\*mer(5,4)\*mer(9,4)+mer(4,5)\*mer(5,5)\*mer(9,5))/ (mer(4,2)\*mer(5,2)+mer(4,3)\*mer(5,3)+mer(4,4)\*mer(5,4)+mer(4,5)\*mer(5,5));

%cp of Urethane (J/mol-K)  
 cp\_U=cp\_A+cp\_Bave;

```

%cp Vector (J/mol-K)
%    1      2      3      4      5      6      7
%    A      B      U      W     Am    CO2    Ur
cp=[cp_A, cp_Bave, cp_U, 75.42, 128, 39.6, 361];

%-----

%Heat Transfer Considerations*****



%Overall Heat Transfer Coefficient (to surroundings, in W/m^2-K)
Ug=3;    %gel in (plastic) cup
Uf=2.2;  %foam

%Area of Heat Transfer & V2H Conversion Factor

%wood box
%Area=0.0102+0.004*c(24)*c(25)/273;
%VoverA=22400/102;

%plastic cup
%Area=0.006+0.002*c(24)*c(25)/273;
Area=0.0078;
VoverA=22400/35;

%Harith's small box
% Area=0.0072+0.0024*c(17)*c(18)/273;
% VoverA=22400/36;

*****


end

```

**Function (S4)**

```
function ReacSim (t,c)

global mer E A h cat Ts cp Ug dTdt V kk Area VoverA Nc Boltz RR W_MW gm vapHba BA Toluene_Cp

%-----%
%          Part A: Instantaneous Mixture Cp (J/K)
%-----%

Cp_solv = Toluene_Cp;
Cp_A     = cp(1)*c(12);
Cp_B     = cp(2)*(c(13)+c(14)+c(15));

Cp_BA = 0;
for i = 1:9
    for j = 26:34
        Cp_BA = Cp_BA + (BA(5,i)*c(j));
    end
end

Cp_U      = cp(3)*c(16);
Cp_W      = cp(4)*c(17);
Cp_Am     = cp(5)*c(18);
Cp_CO2    = cp(6)*c(19);
Cp_Ur     = cp(7)*c(20);

Cp_all = Cp_solv + Cp_A + Cp_B + Cp_BA + Cp_W + Cp_U + Cp_CO2 + Cp_Am + Cp_Ur;

Cp = Cp_all*(1+(c(24)-300)/1000); %Cp_others: FR, surf, cat? Cp_solv = 0; Cp_cat?
%the (1+(c(24)-300)/1000) maybe some assumptions/heuristics or find literature!

%-----%
%          Part B. Instantaneous Moles of Polymer Resin
%-----%

moles_AnPoll = sum(c(1:2));    %up to 10
moles_water = c(17);
moles_pdpd = c(21);
moles_BA = 0; %moles_others: FR, surf, cat, solv? moles_solv = 0; moles_surf, moles_cat, + moles_CO2?
moles_resin = moles_AnPoll + moles_water + moles_pdpd + moles_BA;
molres = moles_resin;
```

```

%-----  

%-----  

%          Part C: Kinetics Consideration  

%-----  

%Rate Constant Calculation - - - - -  

  

for i = 1:13
    kuncat(i) = V      *A(1,i)*exp(E(1,i)/RR*(1/298-1/c(24)));
    kcat5 (i) = cat(1)*A(2,i)*exp(E(2,i)/RR*(1/298-1/c(24)));
    K(i)=kuncat(i)+kcat5(i);
end  

  

ktr(1)=1; ktr(2)=1; ktr(3)=1;  

  

kp(1)=K(1)*ktr(1);
kp(2)=K(2)*ktr(2);
kp(3)=K(3)*ktr(3);  

  

% - - - - -  

%Mass Transfer (Coeff) of Water Vapor - - - - -  

  

gm=E1_Viscosity(c(1), c(2), c(21),c(24)); %up to 10  

  

%gm treatment
if gm <= kk
    gm=kk;
else if gm <= 0
    gm=kk;
else if gm > 1.5e13
    gm=1.5E13;
end
end
end  

  

%mass transfer coeff of water from bubbles to resin
wdz= 1.5E-24 *(W_MW^1/3);
kwm=(Boltz*c(24)/(6*pi*gm*wdz));  

  

%updating kk in Main.m -> ReacSim.m for t(i+1)
kk=gm;  

  

% - - - - -
```





```

%DPx2a=DPx1^pow;
%DPx2=1/(DPx2a);
%Y=2/DPx2;
Y=2*(DPx1^pow);

%
%Stoichiometric Coefficient Matrix (23 x 45) -
%1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37
38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 >> add more columns for every additional Bi reaction
sc = [ -1 -1 -1 0 0 0 0 0 -1 -1 -1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 -1 0 -1 0 0 -1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ;%1 for the reactions of Monomer A (Isocyanate) (with B, BP, U, W, Am/P, CO2, Ur/P)
-1 -1 -1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ;%2 for the reactions of Monomer B1 (G76-635) (with A and with Ap)
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ;%3 for the reactions of Monomer B2 (V360) (with A and with Ap)
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ;%4 for the reactions of Monomer B3 (R315x) (with A and with Ap)
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ;%5 for the reactions of Monomer B4 (M5020) (with A and with Ap)

%1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37
38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ;%6 for the reactions of Monomer B5 ----- (with A and with Ap)
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ;%7 for the reactions of Monomer B6 ----- (with A and with Ap)
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ;%8 for the reactions of Monomer B7 ----- (with A and with Ap)
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ;%9 for the reactions of Monomer B8 ----- (with A and with Ap)

%1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37
38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ;%10 for the reactions of Monomer B9/ESBO (with A and with Ap)
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ;%11 for the reactions of Total Epoxy (with A and with Ap)

%1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37
38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45
-1 -1 -1 0 0 0 0 0 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 0 0 0 0 0 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ;%12 for the reactions of Total A (Monomer A + A on Polymer) (with B, BP, U, W, Am/P, CO2, Ur/P)

```

```

        -1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 -1 0 0 -1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 -1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ;%13 for the reactions of Total Bp (from Monomers B1, B2, B3... + Bp on Polymer (with A and
with Ap))
0 -1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 -1 0 0 -1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 -1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ;%14 for the reactions of Total Bs (from Monomers B1, B2, B3... + Bs on Polymer (with A and
with Ap))
0 0 -1 0 0 0 0 0 -1 0 0 -1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 -1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ;%15 for the reactions of Total Bt (from Monomers B1, B2, B3... + Bt on Polymer (with A and
with Ap))

```

```

      %1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37
38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45
      1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 -1 -1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ;%16 for the reactions of Urethane (from A/Ap + B/BP reactions, with A/Ap reactions to
Allophanate)
      0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 ;%17 for the reactions of Water (with A/Ap reactions to Amine + CO2 + mass transfer)
      0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ;%18 for the reactions of Amine (from A/Ap + W reactions, considering Ap-Am reaction only (to
Urea); excludes A & Ap reactions with AmP) BUT Urea formation accounts A & Ap reactions with AmP: sc(20,30-31) is = 1,
though sc(18,30-31) = 0 >> hmmm
      0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ;%19 for the reactions of CO2 (from A/Ap + W reactions)
      0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ;%20 for the reactions of Urea (sc(20,30-31) is = 1, though sc(18,30-31) = 0 >> hmmm; Ap-Ur
reaction only (to Biuret); excludes A & Ap reactions with UrP)

```

```

      %1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37
38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45
      1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 -Y -Y -Y 0 -Y 0 0 0 0 -Y 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ;%21 for the reactions of P [= product/polymer/resin]
      0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ;%22 for the reactions of Total Amine (from A/Ap + W, includes A & Ap reactions with AmP)
      0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 -1 -1 -1 0 0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ];%23 for the reactions of Total Urea (from A/Ap + Am/AmP, includes A & Ap reactions with UrP)

```

```
%-----
```

```
%Temperature Profile Calculation -----
```

```
%-----
%          BA Consideration
%-----
```

```
%dbaldt(i) = rate of mass transfer of BA(i) from bubbles to resin
%drdt      = rate of change of bubble radius
%dcondt(i) = rate of condensation of BA(i) in bubbles
```



```

%-----%
%          Part D: Final Output of ReacSim
%-----%

dCO2dt=(r(27)+r(28));

dydt=[sc*r;
      dTdt;
      VoverA*(dCO2dt+(-Tdbaldt));
      dbaldt(1);
      dbaldt(2);
      dbaldt(3);
      dbaldt(4);
      dbaldt(5);
      dbaldt(6);
      dbaldt(7);
      dbaldt(8);
      dbaldt(9);
      (-r(45));
      dCO2dt/Nc;
      (-Tdbaldt)/Nc;
      drdt;
      Tdcondt];
                                         %c(1) to c(23) = Amt. of 23 entities (comments on sc)
                                         %c(24) = Temperature
                                         %c(25) = Height
                                         %c(26) = Amt.of BA 1 (in liq. resin)
                                         %c(27) = Amt.of BA 2 (in liq. resin)
                                         %c(28) = Amt.of BA 3 (in liq. resin)
                                         %c(29) = Amt.of BA 4 (in liq. resin)
                                         %c(30) = Amt.of BA 5 (in liq. resin)
                                         %c(31) = Amt.of BA 6 (in liq. resin)
                                         %c(32) = Amt.of BA 7 (in liq. resin)
                                         %c(33) = Amt.of BA 8 (in liq. resin)
                                         %c(34) = Amt.of BA 9 (in liq. resin)
                                         %c(35) = Amt.of Water that vaporized %resin to bubbles
                                         %c(36) = Amt.of CO2 that evolved into each bubble
                                         %c(37) = Amt.of Total BA that vaporized into each bubble %resin to bubbles
                                         %c(38) = Bubble Diameter >> f(c(36, c(37), c(24), c(38), c(21)) in bafn
                                         %c(39) = Amt.of Total BAs that condensed in bubbles

%-----%
%          Part E: Safety Nets from Complex Number Calculations
%-----%

if t > 20
  if c(21) < 0
    %   if t > 20
      dydt(21)=0; %c(21) = pdp
    %   end
  end
end

End

```

**Function (S5)**

```
function Main

%profile on;
%diary on;
clear;
clc;
close all;
clear title;

global aa bb cc MER5212 MER678 combon zz i5212 i678 NBet0 NBp0 NBs0 NBt0 NCO2 T0 H0 BA NW0 r0

global Matrix_Matches Matrix_MaxPoints Matrix_TempProfile Matrix_ViscoProfile Matrix_HeightProfile trange_min t_int
trange_max mer

global xx y1 y2 y3 y4 y5 y6 matrices_height imax kk CL imax2

%note that B1 = BM or Bmix
%update Ac & Bc of B1, verify for A

B_UserInput
clear title;
lowerCL = (100-CL)/100;
upperCL = (100+CL)/100;

format bank

Bootstrap
rr1 = height(MER5212);
rr2 = height(MER678);
run_size = rr1*rr2;
fprintf('\nMER5212 (Functionality, OH#, Cp) Combinations = %d\n', rr1);
fprintf('\nMER678 (xp, xs, xhs) Combinations = %d\n', rr2);
fprintf('\nExpected runs = %d x %d = %d\n\n', rr1, rr2, run_size);
fprintf('Conditions for Match Finding: %.4f*Input Tmax <= Simulated Tmax <= %.4f*Input Tmax\n\n', lowerCL, upperCL)

combon = 1;
zz = 2;

for i5212 = 1:height(MER5212)
```

```

%combon = 1;

for i678 = 1:1:height(MER678)

    %Solving ReacSim -----
    %-----D_Database-----%
    kk=1;

    trange_min = 0; t_int = 5; trange_max = cc*60;
    matrices_height = ((trange_max - trange_min)/t_int) + 1;

    %1          2          3          4          5
    6      7      8      9      10      11
    B5      B6      B7      B8      B9      T.Epoxy
    [t,c] = ode45( @E_ReacSim, trange_min:t_int:trange_max, [ mer(4,1);     mer(4,2);     mer(4,3);     mer(4,4);
    mer(4,5);     mer(4,6);     mer(4,7);     mer(4,8);     mer(4,9);     mer(4,10);   NBet0;

    %12         13         14         15         16
    17      18      19      20      21      22      23
    W       A       CO2      Ur      T.P      T.Am     T.Ur
    0;      0;      NCO2;    0;      0;      0;      0;
    mer(4,1)*mer(5,1); NBp0;      NBS0;      NBt0;      0;

    %24         25         26         27         28
    29      30      31      32      33      34
    BA_4     BA_5     BA_6     BA_7     BA_8     BA_9
    BA(3,3); BA(3,4); BA(3,5); BA(3,6); BA(3,7); BA(3,8); BA(3,9);

    %Temp        Ht.        BA_1        BA_2        BA_3
    T0;      H0;      BA(3,1); BA(3,2); BA(3,3);

    %35         36         37         38         39
    Cond.BA      %Vap. W      CO2_in_Bubb.  T.BA      Bubb.r
    NW0;      6.95E-12;  0;      r0;

    %-----Unnested Viscosity Calculation-----%

```

```

pdpnk=(mer(4,1)+mer(4,2))-(c(:,1)+c(:,2)); %up to 10 %arithmetic ops = element-wise %row vector
pdpk=c(:,21); %row vector

TS = (mer(4,1)+mer(4,2))-(c(1,1)+c(1,2)); %up to 10 %threshold

%pdpk calculation, where pdpk = column vector
for i=1:matrices_height
    if pdpnk(i)<=TS %threshold
        pdpk(i,1)=2;
    else
        pdpk(i,1)=pdpnk(i)/pdpk(i);
    end
end

MWpro=318.*pdpk+700; %column vector
Denpro=1.116;

%values of group contributions to Parameters A & B of some groups
%   1      2      3      4      5      6      7      8      9      10     11     12
% carbon -CH< >C< AR Ortho Meta Para -OH -O- -N=C=O C-O-C SugarRing
AGC=[-0.21 -0.15 -1.20 0 -0.12 0.05 -0.01 -2.14 -0.38 -4.83 -0.73 0.42];
BGC=[88 35 400 20 100 -34 -5 1218 140 2176 210 -1408];

%Parameter A
%A                                         %B1                                         %up to 10
AC=[ (-6.53+AGC(1)*1)+AGC(4)*2+AGC(5)*2+AGC(10)*2+AGC(11)*2,      (-6.53+AGC(1)*6)+AGC(8)*3+AGC(11)*3];%
6.53+AGC(1)*12)+AGC(8)*5+AGC(11)*9+AGC(12)*1, (-6.53+AGC(1)*13)+AGC(8)*3+AGC(11)*7];
Acpro=-0.9.*pdpk-21.43; %product %column vector

%Parameter B
%A                                         %B1                                         %up to 10
Bc=[ (263+BGC(1)*1)+BGC(4)*2+BGC(5)*2+BGC(10)*2+BGC(11)*2,      (263+BGC(1)*6)+BGC(8)*3+BGC(11)*3];%
(263+BGC(1)*12)+BGC(8)*5+BGC(11)*9+BGC(12)*1, (263+BGC(1)*13)+BGC(8)*3+BGC(11)*7];
Bcpro=500.*pdpk+7085; %product %column vector

%Pure Component Viscosity %up to 10 + 1
%A                                         %B1
%Product
g3=[mer(10,1)*mer(3,1)*exp(Ac(1)+(Bc(1)./c(:,24))), mer(10,2)*mer(3,2)*exp(Ac(2)+(Bc(2)./c(:,24))),%
Denpro.*MWpro(:,1).*exp(Acpro(:,1)+(Bcpro(:,1)./c(:,24)))]; %arithmetic ops = element-wise
%mer(10,3)*mer(3,3)*exp(Ac(3)+(Bc(3)./c(:,24))), mer(10,4)*mer(3,4)*exp(Ac(4)+(Bc(4)./c(:,24)))

%Mass Fractions %up to 10 + 1
x1=((c(:,1)*mer(3,1))./((c(:,1)*mer(3,1))+(c(:,2)*mer(3,2))+(c(:,21).*MWpro))); %arithmetic ops = element-wise
x2=((c(:,2)*mer(3,2))./((c(:,1)*mer(3,1))+(c(:,2)*mer(3,2))+(c(:,21).*MWpro))); %arithmetic ops = element-wise
x5=( (c(:,21).*MWpro)./((c(:,1)*mer(3,1))+(c(:,2)*mer(3,2))+(c(:,21).*MWpro))); %arithmetic ops = element-wise

```

```

%Mixture Viscosity %up to 10 + 1
gm3=exp((x1.*log(g3(:,1)))+(x2.*log(g3(:,2)))+(x5.*log(g3(:,3))));  

%+(x3.*log(g3(:,3)))+(x4.*log(g3(:,4)))

%-----  

%Variable Assignment-----  

  

xx = t;                                %x values for the Profiles  

y1 = c(:,24)- 273.15;                  %y1 = y values for the Temperature Profile (in deg. C)  

y2 = gm3(:,1);                         %y2 = y values for the Viscosity Profile  

y3 = c(:,25);                          %y3 = y values for the Height Profile  

%y4 = c(:,13);                         %y4 = y values for the Bp Profile  

%y5 = c(:,16);                         %y5 = y values for the Urethane Profile  

%y6 = c(:,21);                         %y6 = y values for the pdp Profile  

  

%-----  

%For Finding Properties at Maximum-----  

  

imax = find(max(y1) == y1);      %the ith row of y1 for which y1 is max  

imax2 = find(max(y2) == y2);      %the ith row of y2 for which y1 is max  

  

%-----  

%Validation-----  

  

fprintf('Combo %d [i5212: %d, i678: %d | ', combon, i5212, i678);

%validity criteria for match-finding
if lowerCL*aa <= y1(imax) && y1(imax) <= upperCL*aa && lowerCL*bb <= xx(imax) && xx(imax) <= upperCL*bb

fprintf('%.2f %.2f %.2f , %.2f %.2f %.2f | %.2f %.2f, %.2f %.2f] MATCH!\n',
mer(5,2),mer(2,2),mer(12,2),mer(6,2),mer(7,2),mer(8,2),aa,y1(imax),bb,xx(imax));

beep on; beep;

%populating match matrices if match is found
F_Simulate_MatchMatrices

```

```

%simulating plots if match is found
G_Simulate_Plot1
%G_Simulate_Plot2

%updating zz if match is found
zz = zz + 1;

else

    fprintf('%.2f %.2f %.2f , %.2f %.2f %.2f | %.2f %.2f, %.2f %.2f]
Mismatch\n',mer(5,2),mer(2,2),mer(12,2),mer(6,2),mer(7,2),mer(8,2),aa,y1(imax),bb,xx(imax));

end

%-----
----- combon = combon + 1;

end

%combon = combon + 1;

end

```

**Function (S6)**

```
function FoamSim

global combon xx y1 imax2 trange_max Matrix_Matches

%ensure legend is shown
legend show

%legend for curve
zeys = combon;
text = ['Combo ',num2str(zeys)];

%plot T vs. t curve
%figure
%plot_1 = plot(xx,y1,'DisplayName',text);
plot(xx,y1,'DisplayName',text);
title('Temperature Profile of Matching Runs')
xlabel('Time (s)')
ylabel('Temperature (deg. C)')
axis([0, trange_max, 0, 500-273.15])

%hold plot to superimpose gel point on curve
hold on

%legend for gel point
max_text = ['T_m_a_x of C',num2str(zeys)];

%plot for gel point >> inaccurate imax, use imax of max(y2) instead
plot(xx(imax2),y1(imax2),'^r','DisplayName',max_text);

%hold plot to superimpose plot for next combon
hold on

end

prompt = {'Enter desired max. temp. (in deg. C):','Enter corresponding time for max. temp. (in s):', 'Enter time range for profile (in min):', 'Enter Confidence (in %):'};
title = 'Inputs';
dims = [1 48];
definput = {'145','470', '10', '5'};
answer = inputdlg(prompt,title,dims,definput);
aa = str2double(answer{1}); %round(str2double(answer{1}),2);
```

```

bb = str2double(answer{2}); %round(str2double(answer{2}),2);
cc = str2double(answer{3}); %round(str2double(answer{3}),2);
CL = str2double(answer{4}); %round(str2double(answer{4}),2);

prompt = {'Enter room temp. (in deg. C):'};
title = 'Inputs';
dims = [1 48];
definput = {'33'};
answer = inputdlg(prompt,title,dims,definput);
TT = str2double(answer{1}); %round(str2double(answer{1}),2);

nmatches = height(Matrix_Matches);
if nmatches == 0
    fprintf('\nNo match has been found throughout whole run.\n\n');
else if nmatches == 1
    fprintf('\nThere is %d match.\n\n',nmatches);
else
    fprintf('\nThere are %d matches.\n\n',nmatches);
end
end

end

```