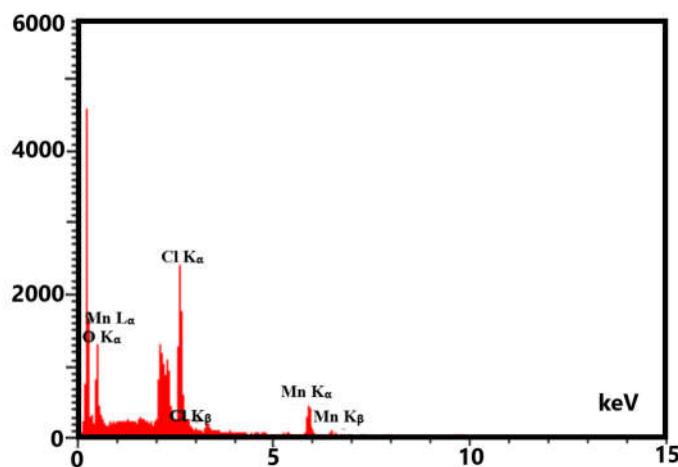


## Supplementary Information

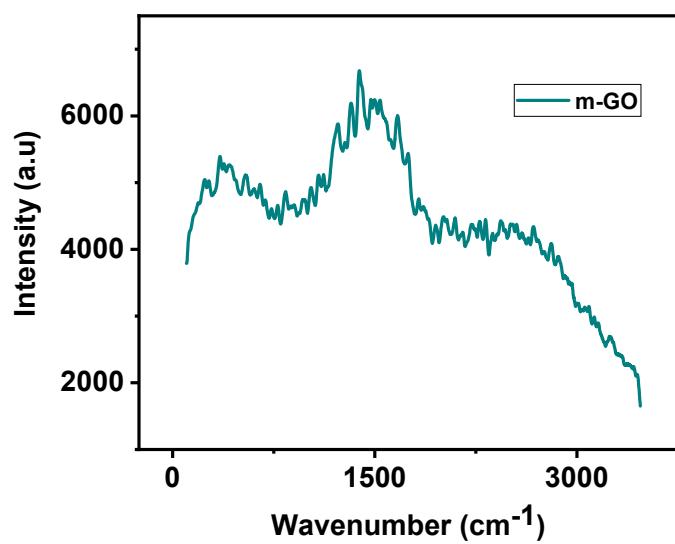
### Efficient photocatalytic degradation of gaseous benzene and toluene over novel PIL@TiO<sub>2</sub>/m-GO composites



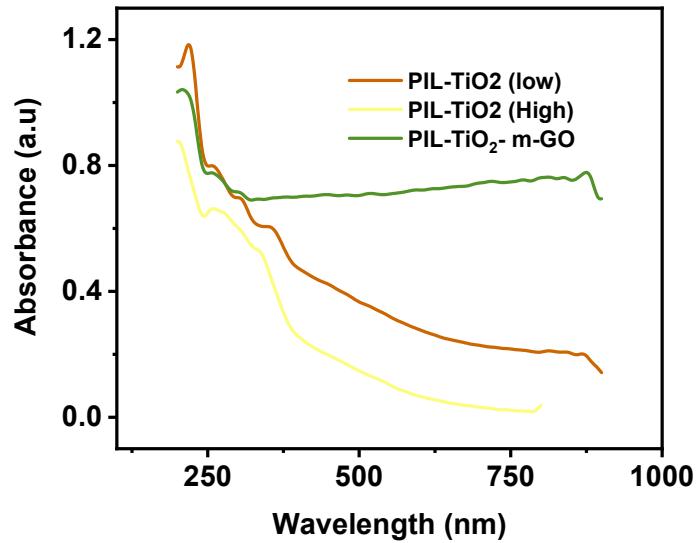
#### Quantitative Results

Elt	Line	W%	A%
C	Ka	57.74	<b>71.15</b>
O	Ka	23.31	<b>21.57</b>
Cl	Ka	14.75	<b>6.16</b>
Mn	ka	4.2	<b>1.13</b>

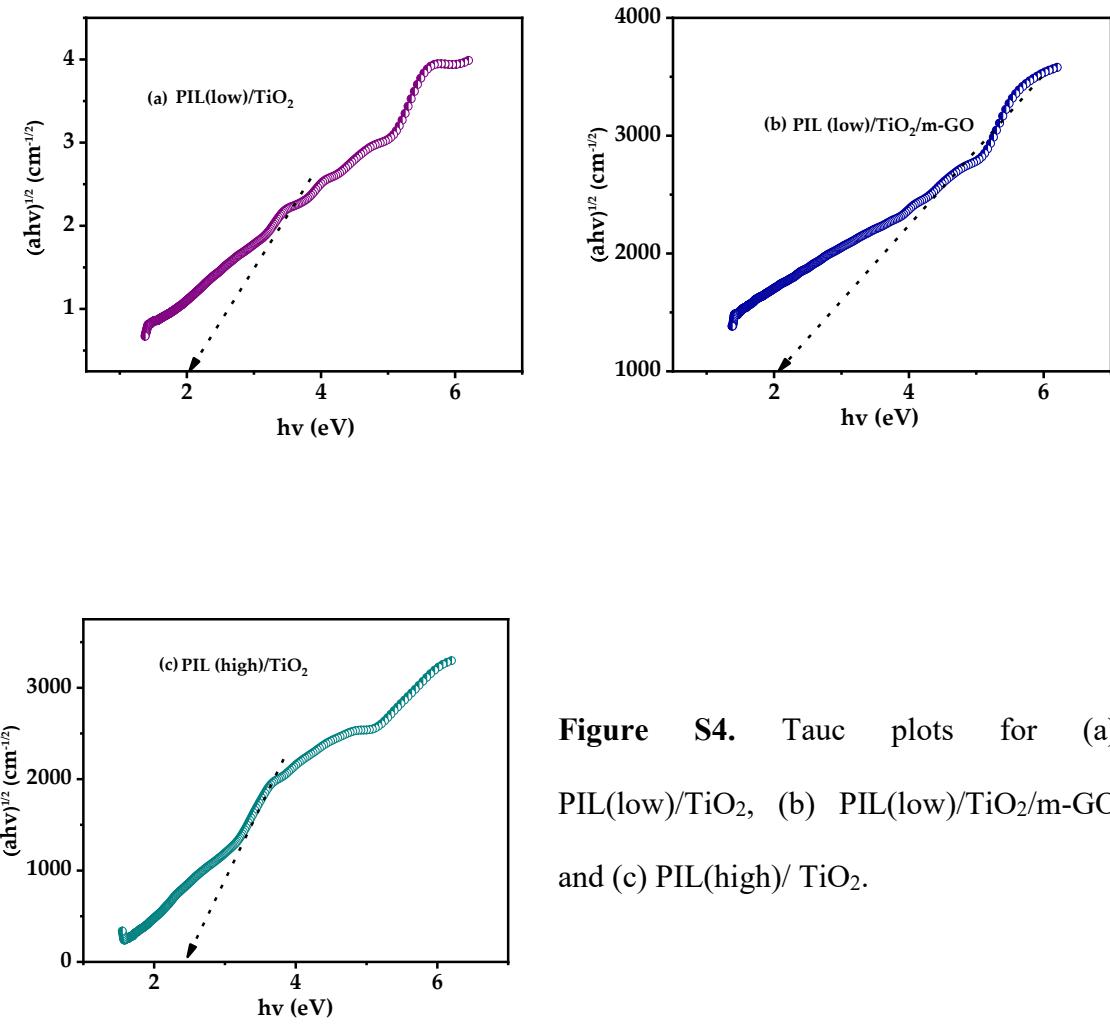
**Figure S1.** EDX of m-GO.



**Figure S2.** Raman spectrum of m-GO.



**Figure S3.** UV- Vis DRS spectra of PIL(high)@TiO<sub>2</sub>,PIL(low)@TiO<sub>2</sub>and PIL(low)@TiO<sub>2</sub>@m-GO



**Figure S4.** Tauc plots for (a) PIL(low)/TiO<sub>2</sub>, (b) PIL(low)/TiO<sub>2</sub>/m-GO and (c) PIL(high)/ TiO<sub>2</sub>.

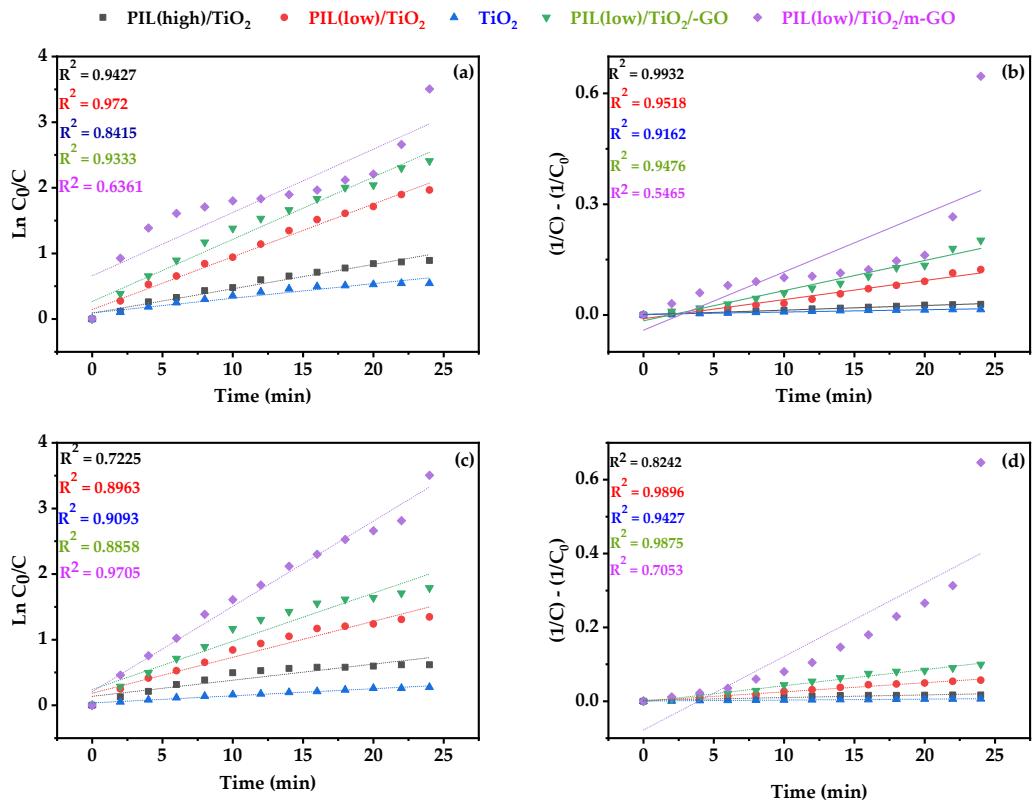
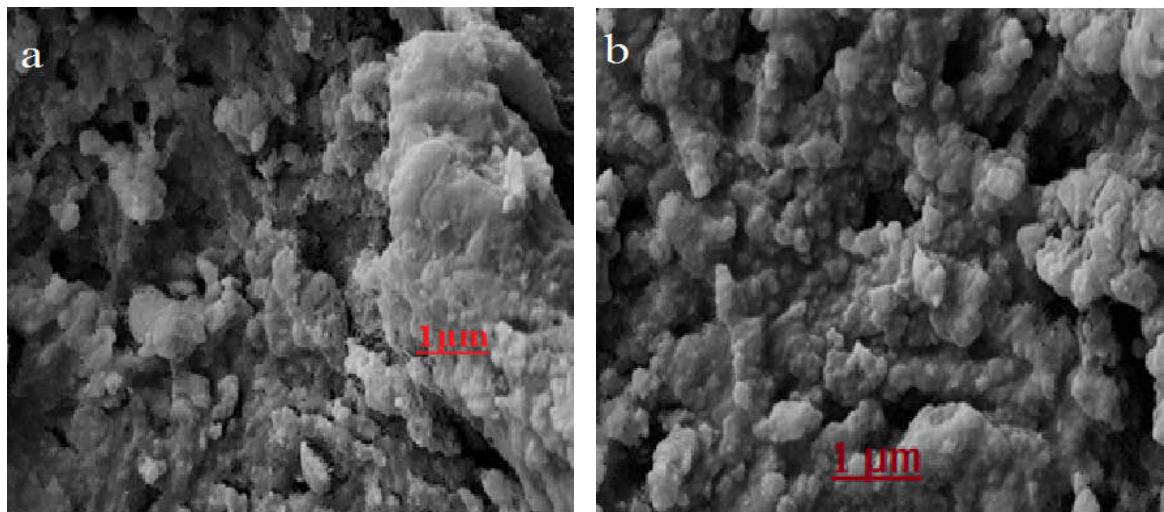


Figure S5. The plotted kinetics of first-order and second-order model for Benzene (a and b) and Toluene (c and d).



**Figure S6.** FESEM pictures with different magnifications of PIL(low)@TiO<sub>2</sub>@m-GO after the photocatalytic reaction.

For the UV light photocatalytic activity test, an 8-W UV lamp (UV-C 2.4W, Philips) was used, UV lamp with an intensity of 3.0 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>. In fact, the thin-film photocatalysts contribute to the apparent surface area of 50 cm<sup>2</sup>. As the matter of fact, the vessel was placed under a UV lamp (8 W, OSRAM, Italy),