

Article

Laboratory studies about microplastic aging and its effects on the adsorption of chlorpyrifos

Sílvia D. Martinho ^{1,2}, Vírginia Cruz Fernandes ^{1,*}, Sónia A. Figueiredo ^{1,*}, Rui Vilarinho ^{3,4}, J. Agostinho Moreira ^{3,4} and Cristina Delerue-Matos ¹

¹ REQUIMTE/LAQV – ISEP, Polytechnic of Porto, Rua Dr. António Bernardino de Almeida 431, 4249-015, Porto, Portugal

² Departamento de Química, Faculdade de Ciências, Universidade do Porto, rua do Campo Alegre s/n, 4169–007 Porto, Portugal.

³ Department of Physics and Astronomy, Faculty of Sciences of the Porto University, Porto, Portugal

⁴ IFIMUP – Institute of Physics for Advanced Materials, Nanotechnology and Photonics, Faculty of Sciences of the University of Porto, Porto, Portugal

* Correspondence: vir@isep.ipp.pt/saf@isep.ipp.pt; Tel.: +351 228340500

Supplementary Materials:

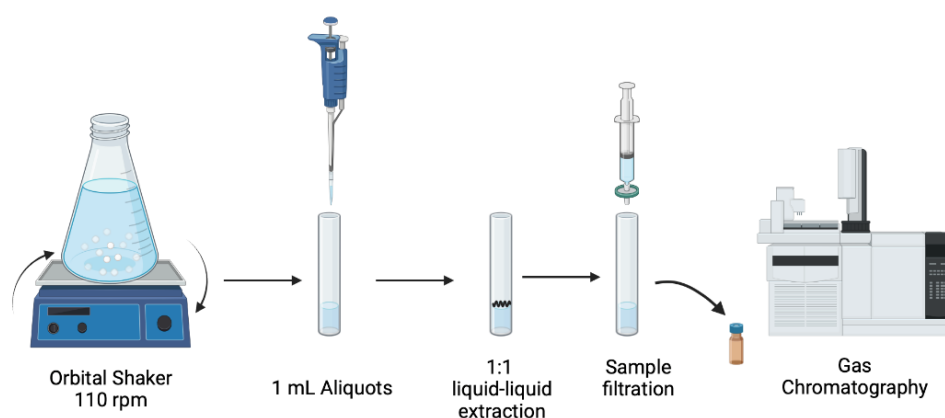


Figure S1. Schematic diagram of adsorption experiments.

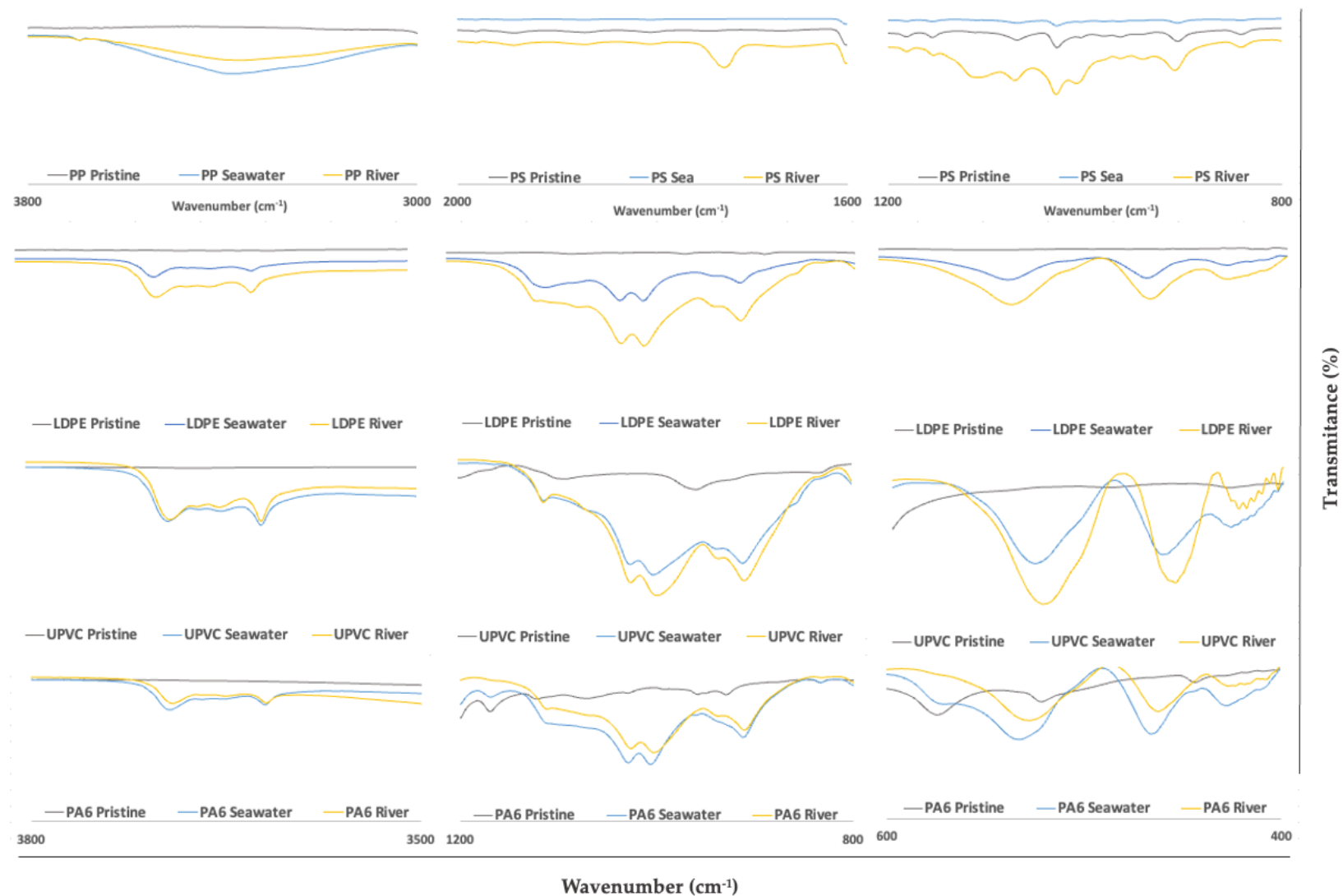


Figure S2. Expanded FTIR spectra of the 6 MP, pristine, seawater and river water aging systems.

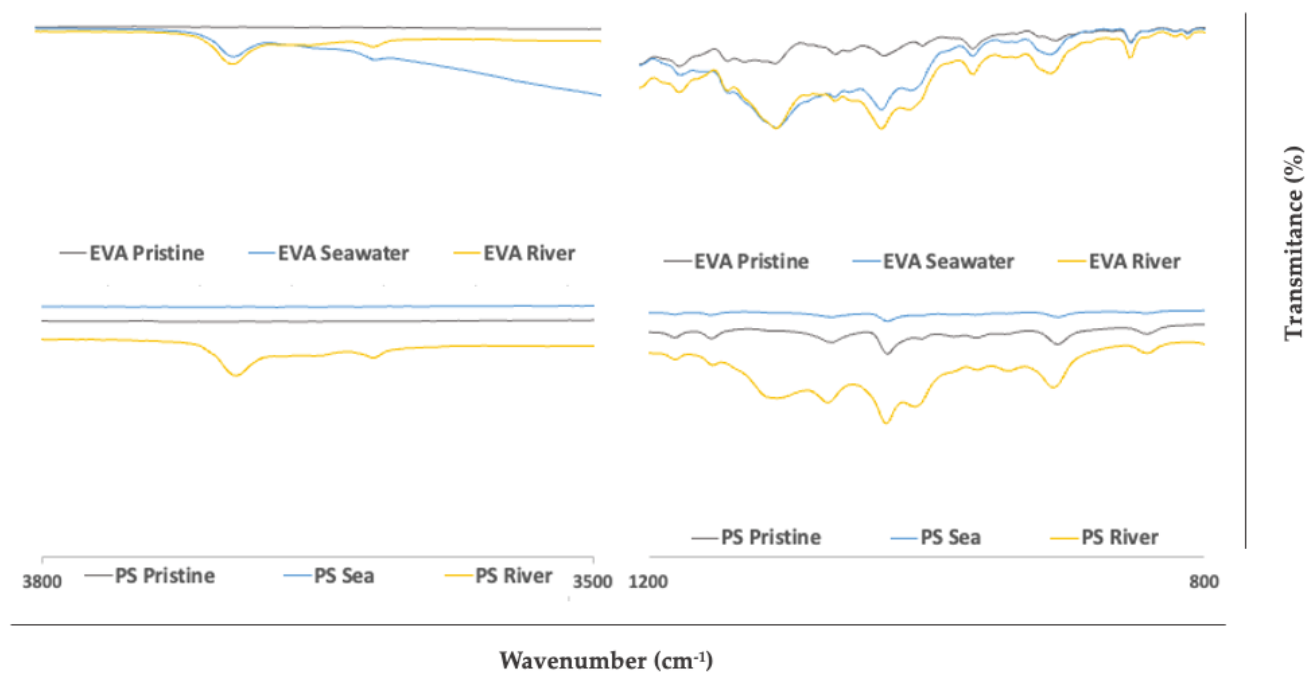


Figure S2. Expanded FTIR spectra of the 6 MP, pristine, seawater and river water aging systems (Cont.).



Figure S3. Expanded Raman spectra of the 6 MP, pristine, seawater and river water aging systems.

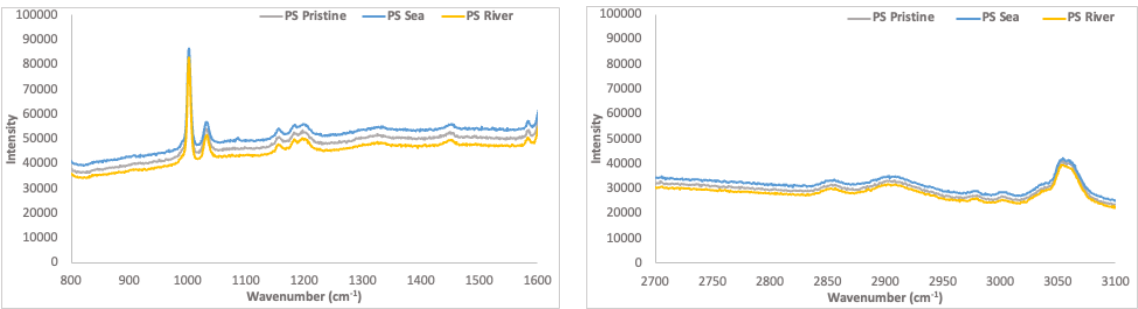


Figure S3. Expanded Raman spectra of the 6 MP, pristine, seawater and river water aging systems (Cont.).