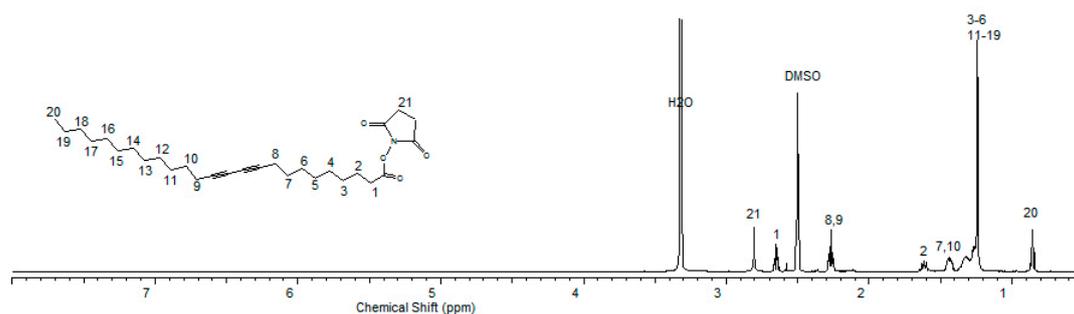


# Supplementary Materials: Label-Free Colorimetric Detection of Influenza Antigen Based on an Antibody-Polydiacetylene Conjugate and Its Coated Polyvinylidene Difluoride Membrane

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## 1. NMR Spectroscopy

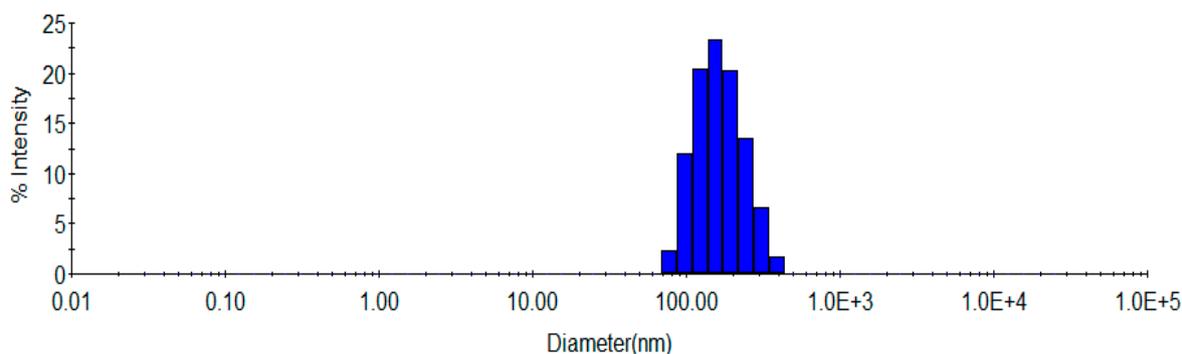
For the NMR spectroscopic analysis, a Bruker Avance 500 spectrometer (Bruker, Billerica, MA, USA) was used to record the  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum.



**Figure S1.**  $^1\text{H}$ -NMR spectrum (in  $\text{DMSO-}d_6$ ) of NHS-PCDA. NHS-PCDA.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (500 MHz,  $\text{DMSO-}d_6$ ):  $\delta$  2.81(m, 4H, 21), 2.65 (t, 2H, 1), 2.27 (t, 4H, 8,9), 1.61 (t, 2H, 2), 1.48 (br, 4H, 7,10), 1.40–1.22 (br, 26H, 3–6,11–19), 0.85 (t, 3H, 20).

## Preparation of Unfunctionalized PDA Vesicles

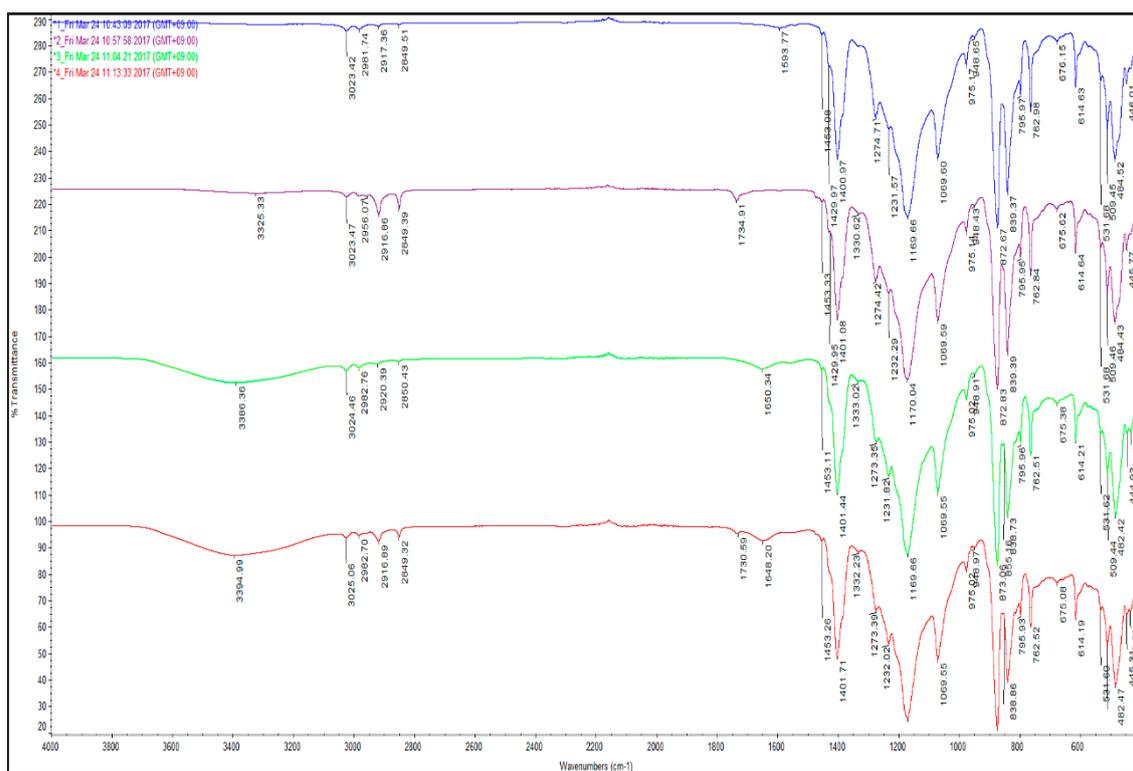
The two lipid molecules were dissolved in chloroform at the desired molar ratios (PCDA 60%, DMPC 40%) for a total of 1 mM of lipid. Chloroform was removed by flowing  $\text{N}_2$  gas, and a thin lipid film was obtained on the glass surface. HEPES buffer solution (pH 8, 5 mM) was added to give a total lipid concentration of 1 mM. The samples were heated at 80 °C for 15 min. and sonicated for 12.5 min. using a probe sonicator (Sonics VC-505, Newtown, PA, USA) at 40% power. The warm solution was filtered through a 0.8  $\mu\text{m}$  cellulose acetate filter (Advantec, Tokyo, Japan) to remove any undispersed lipid, and the resulting milky solution was cooled to 4 °C overnight. After photopolymerization, the resulting PDA vesicles were used to compare with antibody conjugated PDA vesicles.



**Figure S2.** DLS profile of non-modified PDA nano-vesicles (average diameter = 175 nm).

## 2. Fourier-Transform Infrared (FT-IR) Spectroscopy

FT-IR spectra were obtained in ATR mode using a Nicolet iS50 spectrometer (Thermo Nicolet Instrument Corporation, Madison, WI, USA).



**Figure S3.** FT-IR spectra of the original PVDF (blue line), buffer-treated antibody-PDA coated PVDF (purple line), BSA-treated antibody-PDA coated PVDF (green line), and virus antigen-treated antibody-PDA coated PVDF (red line).

**Table S1.** FT-IR absorption bands of *N*-benzyltriazole derivatized dextran before and after adsorption.

Original PVDF	Wavenumber (cm <sup>-1</sup> )			Assignment
	Buffer-treated antibody-PDA coated PVDF	BSA-treated antibody-PDA coated PVDF	Virus antigen-treated antibody-PDA coated PVDF	
	3325	3386	3395	O-H stretch
3023	3023	3024	3025	Asymmetric CH <sub>2</sub> stretch
2982	2956	2983	2983	Symmetric CH <sub>2</sub> stretch
	1735		1731	Carboxylic acid C=O stretch
		1690	1648	Amide C=O stretch
1401	1402	1401	1402	CH <sub>2</sub> wagging, C-C-C asymmetric stretch
1232	1232	1232	1232	C-F asymmetric stretch
1170	1170	1170	1170	C-C, CH <sub>2</sub> stretch
873	873	873	873	C-C-C asymmetric stretch, CF <sub>2</sub> asymmetric stretch
839	839	839	839	CH <sub>2</sub> rocking, CF <sub>2</sub> asymmetric stretch