

Table S1. Detailed taxonomic resources used in present study.

Subfamily	Subfamily	Genus	Species	GenBank accession number
Outgroup				
Philopotamidae	Chimarrinae	<i>Chimarra</i>	<i>Chimarra paramonorum</i> Hu, Sun & Wang, 2018*	OL678008
			<i>Chimarra sadayu</i> Malicky, 1993	OP351513
	Philopotaminae	<i>Dolophilodes</i>	<i>Dolophilodes bellatula</i> Sun & Malicky, 2002*	OL678011
		<i>Gunungiella</i>	<i>Gunungiella acanthoclada</i> Sun, 2007	OP351514
			<i>Gunungiella flabellata</i> sp. nov	OP351515
			<i>Gunungiella wangi</i> sp. nov	OP351516
		<i>Kisaura</i>	<i>Kisaura zhejiangensis</i> Hu, 2019*	OL678025
			<i>Kisaura adamickai</i> Sun & Malicky, 2002	OP351518
		<i>Wormaldia</i>	<i>Wormaldia unispina</i> Sun, 1998*	OL678056
			<i>Wormaldia spinosa</i> Ross, 1956	OP351517
Ingroup				
Hydropsychidae	Arctopsychinae	<i>Arctopsyche</i>	<i>Arctopsyche spinescens</i> Gui & Yang, 2001*	ON859124
			<i>Arctopsyche</i> sp.*	ON859111
			<i>Parapsyche elsis</i> Milne, 1936*	ON859123
	Diplectroninae	<i>Diplectrona</i>	<i>Diplectrona albofasciata</i> (Ulmer, 1913)	ON859114
			<i>Diplectrona hexapetala</i> Sun, 2012*	OL678009
	Hydropsychinae	<i>Hydromanicus</i>	<i>Hydromanicus huapingensis</i> (Li & Tian, 1990)*	ON859115
			<i>Hydromanicus melli</i> (Ulmer, 1926)*	OL678021
		<i>Hydropsyche</i>	<i>Hydropsyche cerva</i> (Li & Tian, 1990)*	ON859117
			<i>Hydropsyche formosana</i> Ulmer, 1911*	ON859118
			<i>Hydropsyche fryeri</i> Ulmer, 1915*	NC_060325
			<i>Hydropsyche fukienensis</i> Schmid, 1965*	OL678022
			<i>Hydropsyche rhomboana</i> Martynov, 1909*	ON859120

Stenopsychidae	Stenopsychinae	<i>Stenopsyche</i>	<i>Hydropsyche trifora</i> (Li & Tian, 1990)*	ON859122
			<i>Stenopsyche angustata</i> Martynov, 1930*	NC_051529
			<i>Stenopsyche navasi</i> Ulmer, 1926*	OL678052
			<i>Stenopsyche tienmushanensis</i> Hwang, 1957*	MW201980

* Published mitogenomes of Trichoptera.

Table S2. Nucleotide composition of mitogenomes of six philopotamid species.

	Species	Whole genome	PCGs	FCP	SCP	TCP	tRNAs	l-rRNA	s-rRNA	CR
Length(bp)	<i>Chimarra sadayu</i>	16602	11096	3701	3699	3696	1448	1255	802	1994
	<i>Gunungiella flabellata</i>	15338	11106	3704	3700	3702	1479	1258	763	641
	<i>Gunungiella acanthoclada</i>	15657	11108	3705	3703	3700	1405	1258	764	980
	<i>Gunungiella wangi</i>	15333	11104	3703	3701	3700	1489	1258	757	652
	<i>Kisaura adamickai</i>	15949	11112	3706	3704	3702	1458	1360	765	1221
	<i>Wormaldia spinosa</i>	15181	11132	3712	3711	3709	1456	1321	748	543
A+T (%)	<i>Chimarra sadayu</i>	77.75	75.5	74.05	72.32	84.75	83.08	81.51	84.04	81.34
	<i>Gunungiella flabellata</i>	73.63	69.63	71.13	71.62	76.95	82.69	80.68	85.71	93.45
	<i>Gunungiella acanthoclada</i>	76.11	72.17	70.77	71.50	68.72	82.78	82.51	86.52	93.37
	<i>Gunungiella wangi</i>	75.51	72.01	72.50	71.70	75.26	83.68	81.72	86.39	91.26
	<i>Kisaura adamickai</i>	81.95	79.92	77.54	74.16	90.88	83.81	85.51	87.84	90.01
	<i>Wormaldia spinosa</i>	77.96	75.41	73.41	72.55	84.39	83.17	83.57	85.43	93.19
AT-Skew	<i>chimarra sadayu</i>	0.01	-0.13	0.05	-0.39	-0.06	0.02	-0.02	0.05	-0.04
	<i>Gunungiella flabellata</i>	0.06	-0.14	0.03	-0.40	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.06
	<i>Gunungiella acanthoclada</i>	0.04	-0.14	0.03	-0.39	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.04	0.01
	<i>Gunungiella wangi</i>	0.03	-0.15	0.01	-0.40	-0.02	-0.01	0.01	0.05	0.03

	<i>Kisaura adamickai</i>	-0.02	-0.12	0.02	-0.37	-0.03	0.00	0.01	0.04	-0.03
	<i>Wormaldia spinosa</i>	0.00	-0.13	0.03	-0.38	-0.04	0.02	0.01	0.05	-0.05
	<i>chimarra sadayu</i>	-0.26	0.00	-0.07	-0.04	0.24	0.13	0.38	0.39	0.24
	<i>Gunungiella flabellata</i>	-0.46	-0.09	0.00	0.17	0.40	0.05	0.50	0.43	-0.24
GC-Skew	<i>Gunungiella acanthoclada</i>	-0.43	-0.09	0.02	0.17	0.45	0.07	0.48	0.38	0.02
	<i>Gunungiella wangii</i>	-0.42	-0.08	-0.03	0.16	0.41	0.14	0.49	0.39	-0.21
	<i>Kisaura adamickai</i>	-0.25	-0.01	-0.09	0.09	0.35	0.14	0.31	0.31	-0.11
	<i>Wormaldia spinosa</i>	-0.36	-0.07	0.02	0.12	0.39	0.09	0.41	0.32	-0.22

Abbreviations: FCP: First codon position; SCP: Second codon position TCP: Third codon position.

Table S3. PCR primers used to sequence *mtCOI* genes of Trichoptera in this study.

Primer	Sequence
LCO1490	GGTCAACAAATCATAAAGATATTGG
HCO2198	TAAACTTCAGGGTGACCAAAAAATCA

Table S4. The best model for each partition of the three Matrixs.

Matrixs	Partition names	Best model
PCG12	<i>ATP6, COX2, COX3, CYTB</i>	GTR+F+I+G4
	<i>ATP8, ND2, ND3, ND6</i>	GTR+F+I+G4
	<i>COX1</i>	TIM2+F+I+G4:
	<i>ND1, ND4, ND4L, ND5,</i>	GTR+F+I+G4
PCG12R	<i>16S, 12S</i>	GTR+F+I+G4
	<i>ATP6, COX2, COX3, CYTB</i>	GTR+F+I+G4

	<i>ATP8, ND2, ND3, ND6</i>	GTR+F+I+G4
	<i>COX1</i>	TIM2+F+I+G4:
	<i>ND1, ND4, ND4L, ND5,</i>	GTR+F+I+G4
	<i>ATP6, ATP8, COX2, COX3, CYTB, ND2, ND3, ND6</i>	mtZOA+F+I+G4:
PCGFAA	<i>COX1</i>	mtART+I+G4:
	<i>ND1, ND4, ND4L, ND5</i>	mtMet+F+R4:

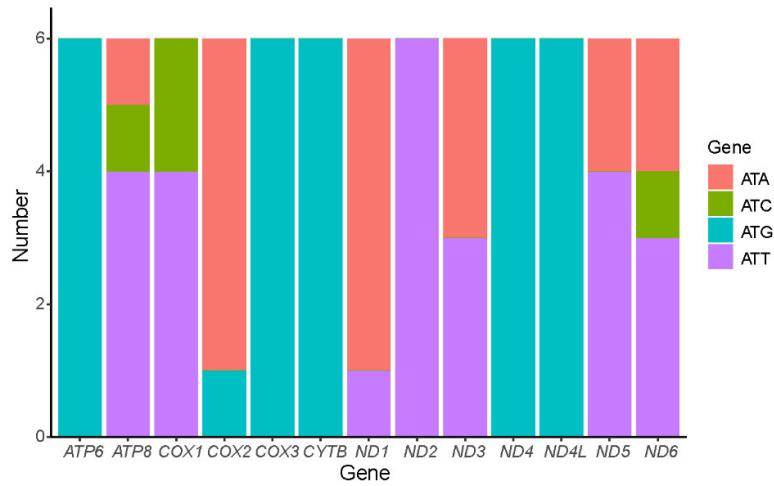


Figure S1. Start codons of PCGs among Trichoptera mitogenomes.

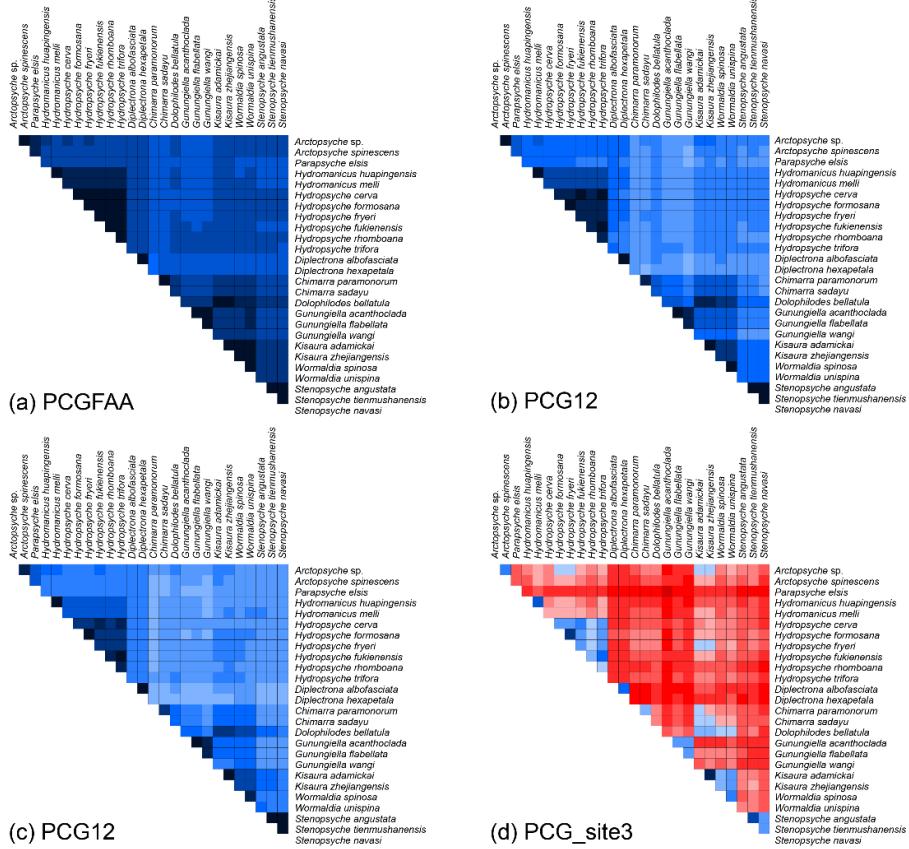


Figure S2. Heterogeneity of sequence composition for different datasets. The pairwise Aliscore values are represented by colored. The scores range from -1 showing full random similarity (dark blue), to +1 showing non-random similarity (shiny red). (a) PCGFAA (b) PCG12R; (c) PCG12; (d) PCG_site3.