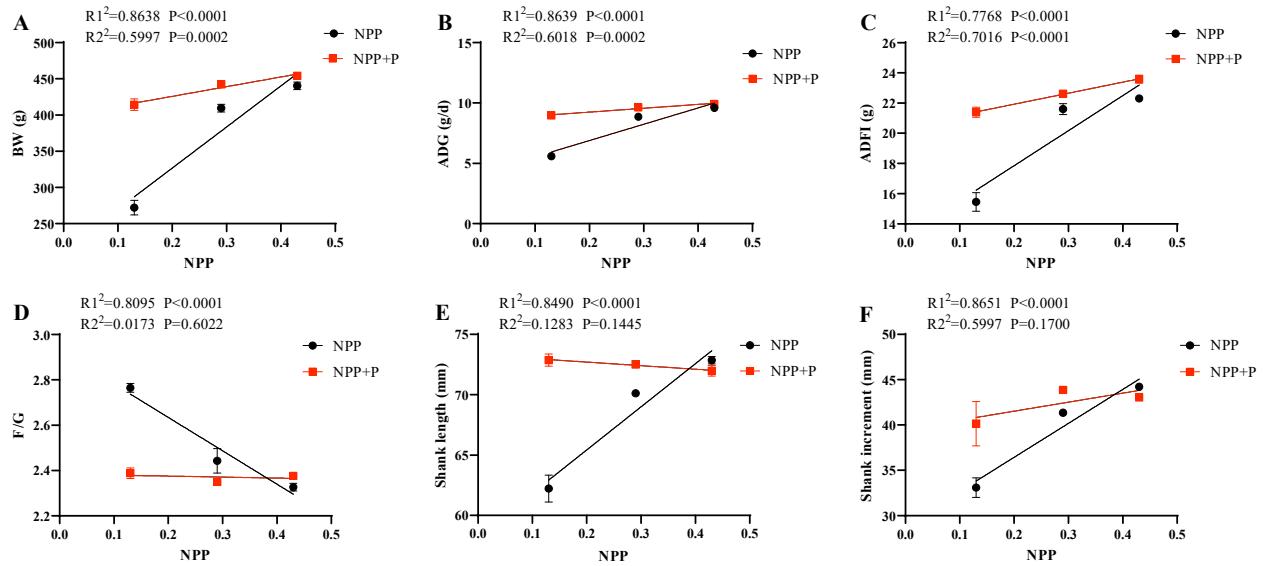
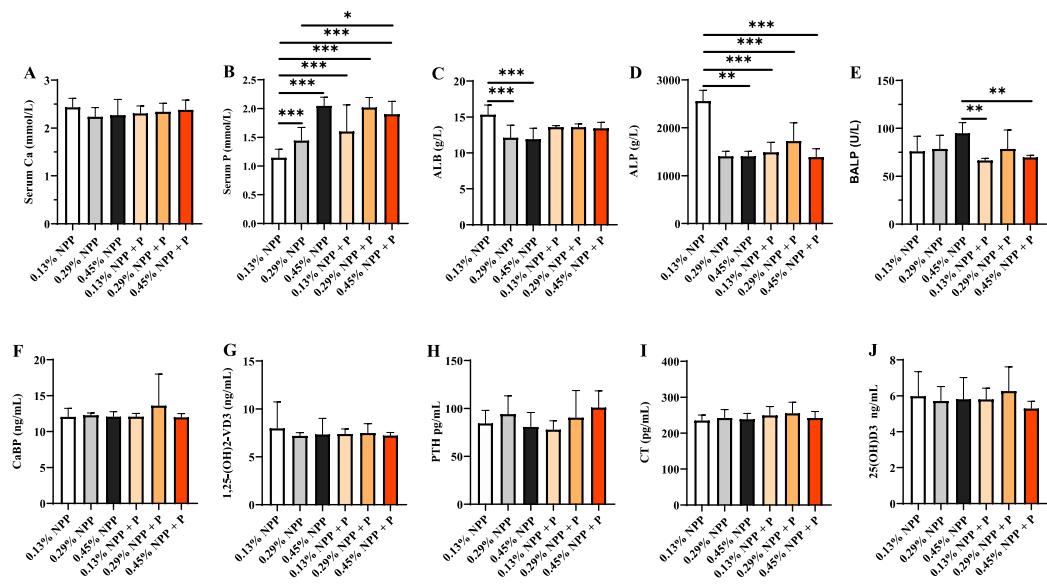


## Supplemental Material

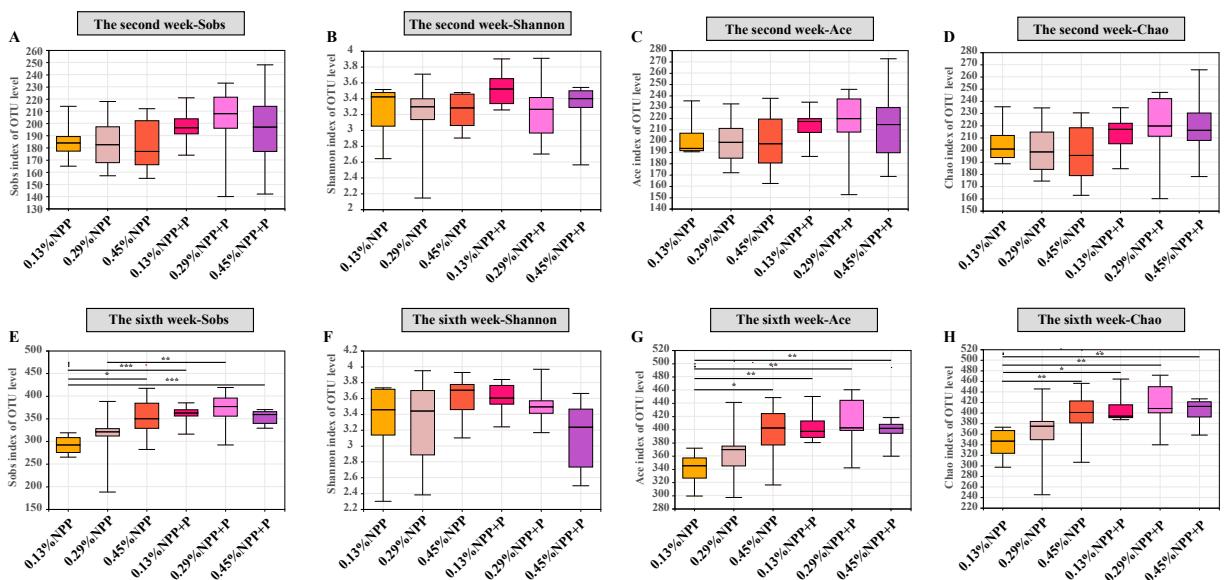


**Figure S1. Regression equation between different levels of dietary phosphorus and growth performance and bone development with or without phytase of layers. (A) BW (B)ADG (C) ADFI (D) F/G (E) Shank length (F) Shank increment.**

BW = body weight, ADG = average daily gain; ADFI = average daily feed intake; F/G = the ratio of feed to gain. Data are shown as mean  $\pm$  SEM. n = 6 per group.



**Figure S2. Effects of different levels of dietary phosphorus with phytase on serum biochemical index of layers at 2 weeks of age.** (A) Serum Ca (B) Serum phosphorus (C) ALB (D) ALP (E) BALP (F) CaBP (G) 1,25(OH)2D3 (H) PTH (I) CT (J) 25(OH)D3. Data are shown as mean  $\pm$  SEM. \*  $P < 0.05$ , \*\*  $P < 0.01$ , \*\*\*  $P < 0.001$ , \*\*\*\*  $P < 0.0001$ .  $n = 6$  per group.



**Figure S3. Effects of different levels of dietary phosphorus with phytase on alpha diversity of layers.** (A) Sob index at 2 weeks of age (B) Shannon index at 2 weeks of age (C) Ace index at 2 weeks of age (D) Chaos index at 2 weeks of age (E) Sob index at 6 weeks of age (F) Shannon index at 6 weeks of age (G) Ace index at 6 weeks of age (H) Chaos index at 2 weeks of age Data are shown as mean  $\pm$  SEM. \* P < 0.05, \*\* P < 0.01, \*\*\* P < 0.001. n = 6 per group.

**Table S1. Effects of interaction between different levels of phosphorus and phytase on growth performance of chicks during brooding period**

Items		BW g	ADG g/d	ADFI g/d	F/G
Phytase	0.13%	343.23 <sup>c</sup>	7.28 <sup>c</sup>	18.42 <sup>c</sup>	2.58 <sup>a</sup>
	NPP	0.29%	425.96 <sup>b</sup>	9.25 <sup>b</sup>	22.17 <sup>b</sup>
		0.45%	447.15 <sup>a</sup>	9.75 <sup>a</sup>	22.94 <sup>a</sup>
		0	374.00 <sup>b</sup>	8.01 <sup>b</sup>	19.79 <sup>b</sup>
		200	436.90 <sup>a</sup>	9.51 <sup>a</sup>	22.54 <sup>a</sup>
	SEM		6.25	0.16	0.36
	NPP		<0.01	<0.01	<0.01
	Phytase		<0.01	<0.01	<0.01
	NPP×Phytase		<0.01	<0.01	<0.01

Data are shown as mean ± SEM.  $n = 6$  per group. Different letters signify significantly different groups ( $P < 0.05$ ). BW = body weight, ADG = average daily gain; ADFI = average daily feed intake; F/G = the ratio of feed to gain.

**Table S2. Effects of interaction between different levels of phosphorus and phytase on shank length and shank increment of chicks during brooding period**

Items		2wk		6wk	
		Shank length mm	Shank increment mm	Shank length mm	Shank increment mm
	0.13%	42.33 <sup>b</sup>	14.31 <sup>c</sup>	67.55 <sup>b</sup>	36.62 <sup>b</sup>
NPP	0.29%	43.96 <sup>ab</sup>	15.75 <sup>b</sup>	71.32 <sup>a</sup>	42.62 <sup>a</sup>
	0.45%	45.00 <sup>a</sup>	17.41 <sup>a</sup>	72.41 <sup>a</sup>	43.63a
Phytase	0	43.26	15.22	68.40 <sup>b</sup>	39.55
	200	44.37	17.40	72.46 <sup>a</sup>	42.35
SEM		0.39	0.33	0.57	0.55
	NPP	0.02	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01
	Phytase	0.14	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01
<i>P</i> -value					
	NPP×Phytase	0.15	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01

Data are shown as mean  $\pm$  SEM.  $n = 6$  per group. Different letters signify significantly different groups ( $P < 0.05$ ).

**Table S3. Effects of interaction between different levels of phosphorus and phytase on serum indexes of chicks at 2 weeks of age**

Items		Ca mmol/L	P mmol/L	ALB g/L	ALP U/L	BALP U/L	CaBP ng/ml	1,25(OH) <sub>2</sub> D <sub>3</sub> ng/ml	PTH pg/ml	CT pg/ml	25(OH)D <sub>3</sub> ng/ml
NPP	0.13%	2.37	1.37 <sup>b</sup>	14.44 <sup>a</sup>	2025.40 <sup>a</sup>	71.19	12.07	7.69	81.19	242.22	5.89
	0.29%	2.29	1.73 <sup>a</sup>	12.84 <sup>b</sup>	1562.77 <sup>b</sup>	78.58	12.96	7.34	92.27	248.79	5.99
	0.45%	2.32	1.97 <sup>a</sup>	12.67 <sup>b</sup>	1398.15 <sup>b</sup>	82.27	12.04	7.28	90.88	240.54	5.56
	0	2.31	1.54 <sup>b</sup>	13.11	1789.46 <sup>a</sup>	83.18 <sup>a</sup>	12.14	7.51	86.43	238.78	5.83
	200	2.34	1.84 <sup>a</sup>	13.53	1534.75 <sup>b</sup>	71.52 <sup>b</sup>	12.56	7.37	89.80	248.92	5.79
SEM		0.08	0.10	0.42	81.20	4.44	0.51	0.45	7.00	8.73	0.39
<i>P</i> -value	NPP	0.66	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	0.11	0.41	0.75	0.28	0.63	0.57
	Phytase	0.69	<0.01	0.29	<0.01	0.01	0.51	0.77	0.58	0.18	0.89
	NPP× Phytase	0.31	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	0.06	0.59	0.74	0.16	0.81	0.44

Data are shown as mean ± SEM. *n* = 6 per group. Different letters signify significantly different groups (*P* < 0.05). ALB=Albumin, ALP=Alkaline Phosphatase, BALP=Bone Alkaline Phosphatase, CaBP=Calcium Binding Protein, CT=Calcitonin, PTH= Parathyroid Hormone.

**Table S4. Effects of interaction between different levels of phosphorus and phytase on serum indexes of chicks at the end of 6 weeks of age**

Items		Ca mmol/L	P mmol/L	ALB g/L	ALP U/L	BALP U/L	CaBP ng/ml	1,25(OH) <sub>2</sub> D <sub>3</sub> ng/ml	PTH pg/ml	CT pg/ml	25(OH)D <sub>3</sub> ng/ml	
Phytase	0.13%	2.89	1.47 <sup>b</sup>	13.31	1356.71	125.55 <sup>b</sup>	17.44 <sup>a</sup>	9.47	105.84	322.82	8.01	
	NPP	0.29%	2.88	1.95 <sup>a</sup>	13.76	1289.37	138.85 <sup>a</sup>	18.21 <sup>a</sup>	9.80	101.42	331.70	8.57
		0.45%	2.94	1.84 <sup>a</sup>	13.89	1156.79	95.14 <sup>c</sup>	14.02 <sup>b</sup>	9.50	99.30	331.69	9.00
		0	2.98 <sup>a</sup>	1.16 <sup>b</sup>	13.37	1394.33 <sup>a</sup>	124.20	18.63 <sup>a</sup>	3.14 <sup>b</sup>	121.79 <sup>a</sup>	342.35	8.65
		200	2.82 <sup>b</sup>	1.87 <sup>a</sup>	13.40	1140.91 <sup>b</sup>	115.50	14.49 <sup>b</sup>	10.04 <sup>a</sup>	82.59 <sup>b</sup>	315.12	8.40
	SEM		0.06	0.05	0.35	84.22	4.83	1.01	0.03	5.9	15.85	0.58
<i>P</i> -value	NPP		0.69	<0.01	0.25	0.08	<0.01	<0.01	0.51	0.56	0.83	0.30
	Phytase		0.03	<0.01	0.06	<0.01	0.06	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	0.06	0.63
	NPP× Phytase		0.13	<0.01	0.56	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	0.08	<0.01	0.29

Data are shown as mean ± SEM. *n* = 6 per group. Different letters signify significantly different groups (*P* < 0.05). ALB=Albumin, ALP=Alkaline Phosphatase; BALP=Bone Alkaline Phosphatase, CaBP=Calcium Binding Protein, CT=Calcitonin, PTH= Parathyroid Hormone.

**Table S5. Effects of interaction between different levels of phosphorus and phytase on Apparent Total Digestibility and emission of Ca and P of chicks during brooding period**

Items		DM digestibility %	ATTD of Ca %	ATTD of P %	Ca emission ratio %	Ca emission/feed g/kg	Daily Ca emissions g/d	P emission ratio %	P emission/feed g/kg	Daily P emissions g/d
NPP	0.13%	72.82 <sup>b</sup>	32.16	30.90 <sup>b</sup>	67.83	6.65 <sup>a</sup>	0.12	71.70 <sup>a</sup>	3.16 <sup>a</sup>	0.09 <sup>ab</sup>
	0.29%	75.08 <sup>a</sup>	38.58	58.36 <sup>a</sup>	61.42	5.90 <sup>b</sup>	0.13	43.93 <sup>b</sup>	2.33 <sup>b</sup>	0.08 <sup>b</sup>
	0.45%	75.09 <sup>a</sup>	34.49	54.17 <sup>a</sup>	65.51	6.68 <sup>a</sup>	0.15	45.82 <sup>b</sup>	3.07 <sup>ab</sup>	0.10 <sup>a</sup>
	0	74.43	34.29	3.32	65.42	6.47	0.13	53.35	2.84	0.08
	200	74.23	35.71	52.30	64.29	6.34	0.14	52.26	2.84	0.09
	SEM	0.42	3.06	5.45	1.42	0.15	0.003	5.90	0.29	0.01
<i>P</i> value	NPP	<0.01	0.15	<0.01	0.15	0.03	<0.01	<0.01	0.07	0.13
	Phytase	0.61	0.60	0.49	0.60	0.57	<0.01	0.49	0.83	0.22
	NPP×Phytase	0.08	0.09	0.18	0.09	0.01	0.02	0.18	0.28	0.61

Data are shown as mean  $\pm$  SEM. n = 6 per group. Different letters signify significantly different groups ( $P < 0.05$ ). DM= dry matter; ATTD = Apparent Total Tract Digestibility.