

A comparison of palladium sorption using polyethylenimine impregnated alginate-based and carrageenan-based algal beads

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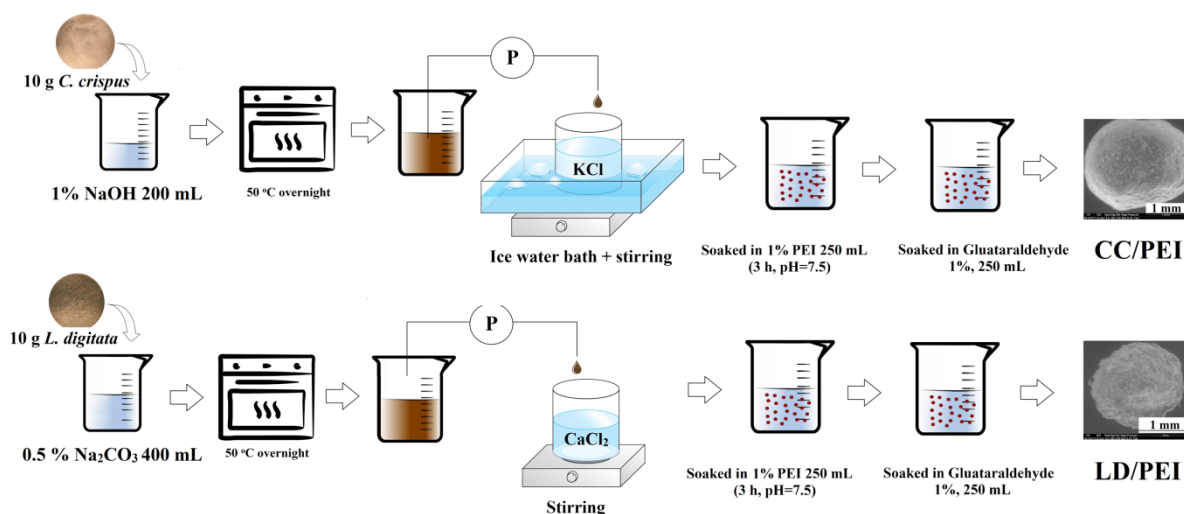


Figure S1. The preparation process of LD/PEI and CC/PEI beads.

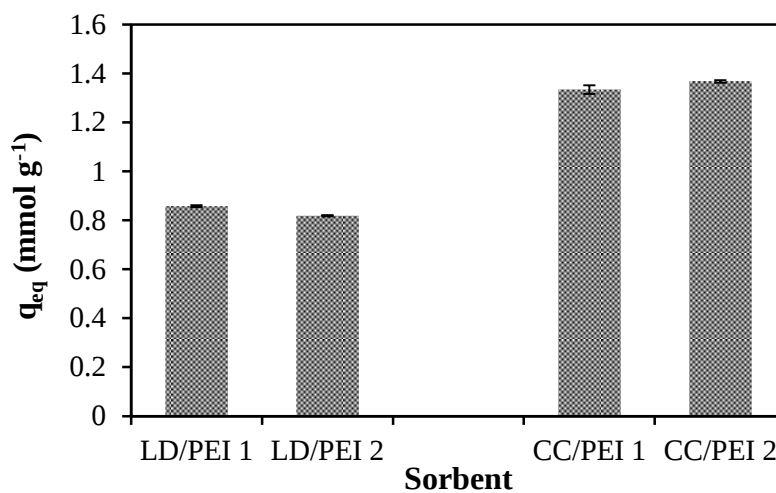


Figure S2. The sorption capacity of the beads prepared at two different times (Dose: 0.5 g L⁻¹; pH: 1-adjusted by H₂SO₄ or NaOH; Contact time: 72 h; T: 20 °C).

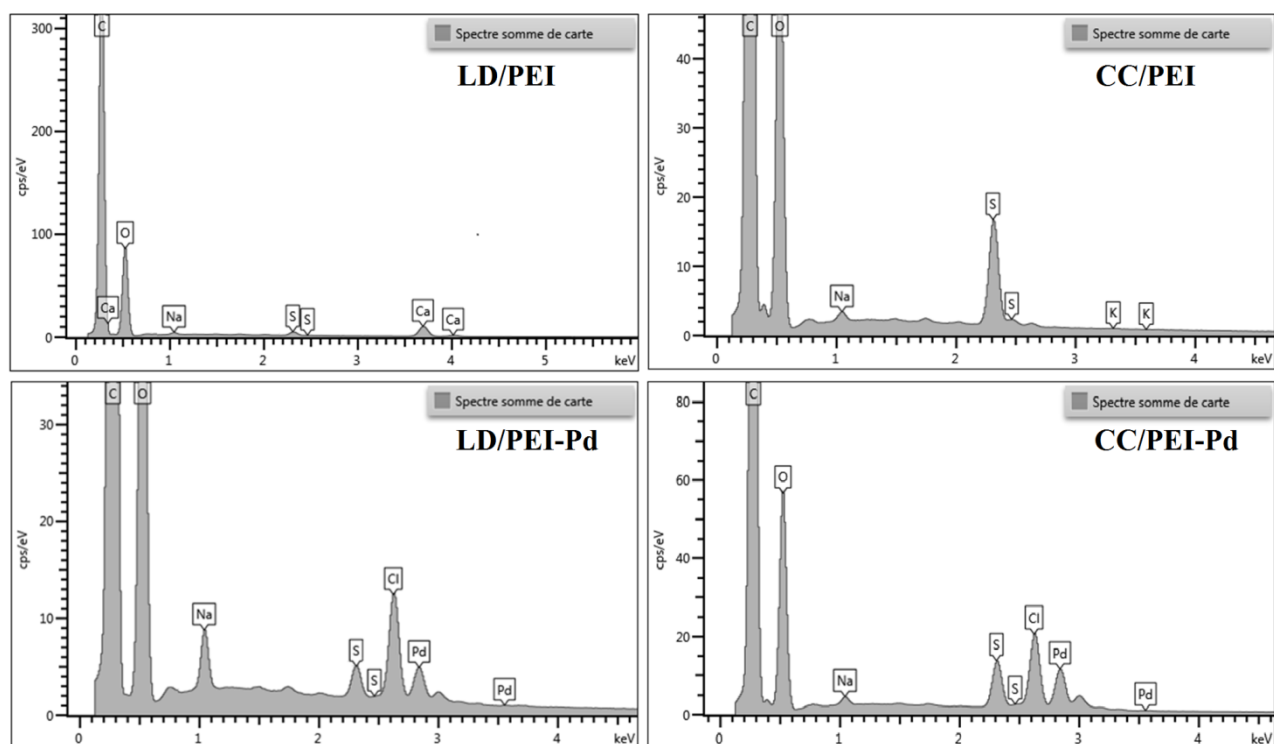


Figure S3. EDX analysis of LD/PEI and CC/PEI beads before and after Pd(II) sorption.

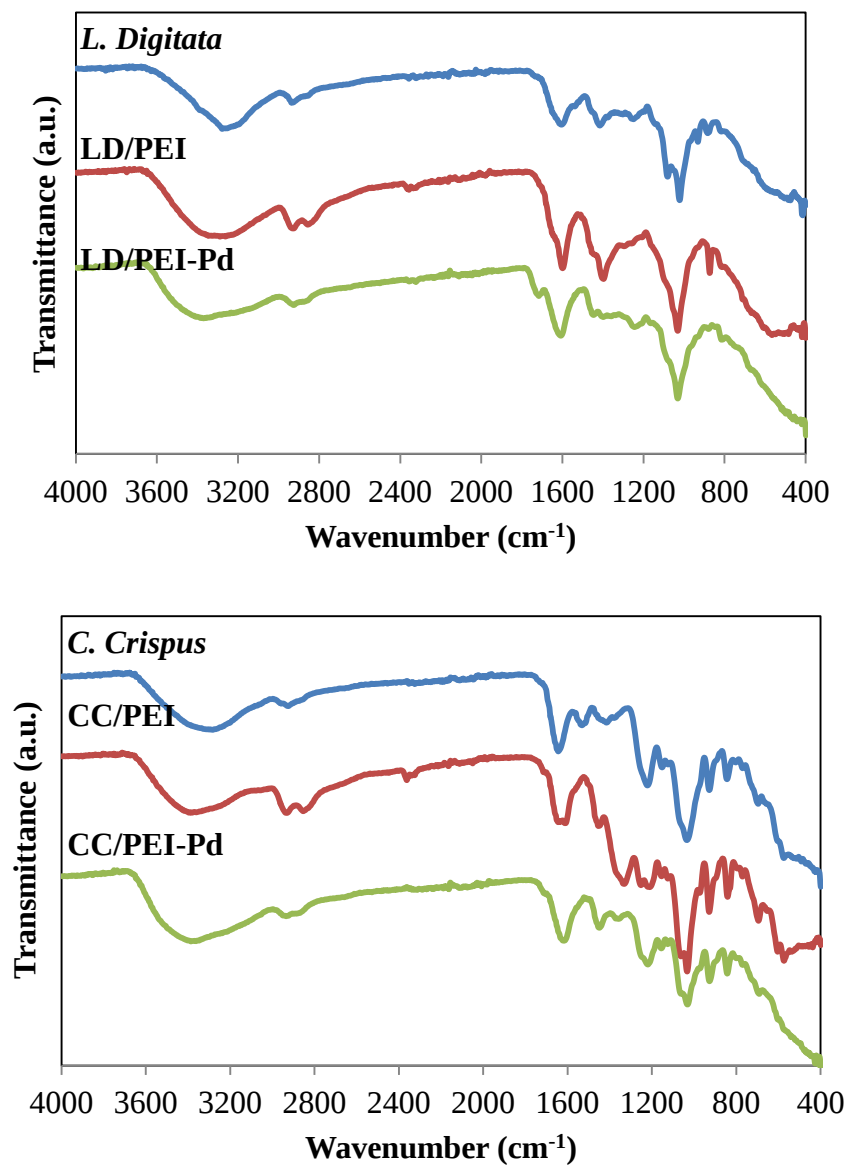


Figure S4. FTIR spectra of the raw biomass (*L. digitata* and *C. crispus*), beads (LD/PEI and CC/PEI) and the beads after loading with Pd(II).

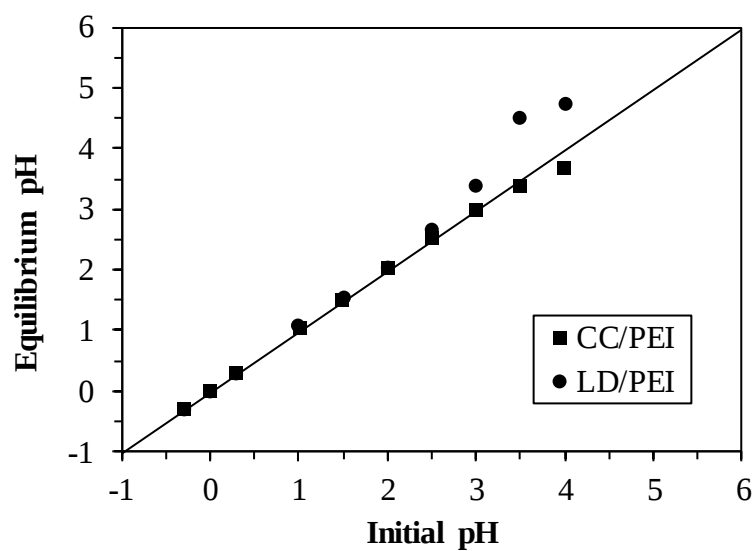


Figure S5. pH change after sorption process.

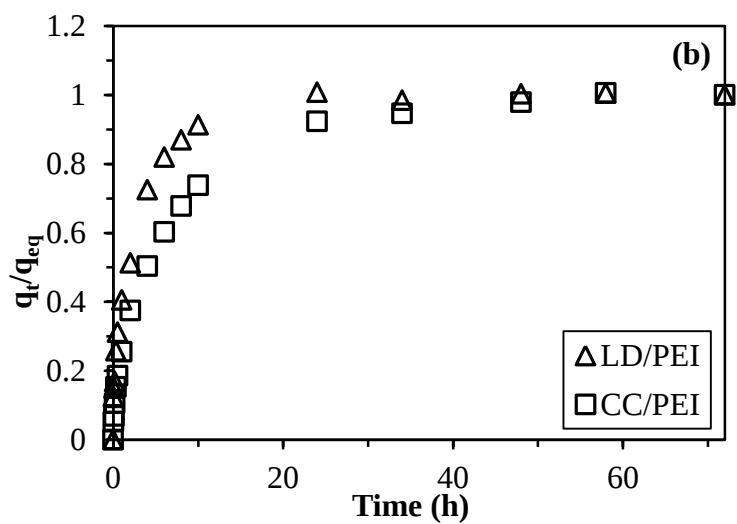


Figure S6. Plots of q_t/q_{eq} as a function of the time for Pd(II) sorption onto LD/PEI and CC/PEI beads.

Table S1. Experimental frequencies of the bands observed for the raw biomass (*L. digitata* and *C. crispus*), beads (LD/PEI and CC/PEI) and the beads after loading with Pd(II).Unit: cm⁻¹.

Vibration	In reference	<i>L. Digitata</i>			<i>C. Crispus</i>			Ref.
		Raw	LD/PEI	LD/PEI-Pd	Raw	CC/PEI	CC/PEI-Pd	
overlapping of –OH and N–H	3500-3000	3278	3289	3370	3283	3382	3386	[1,2]
C–H stretching	2928	2935	2926	2930	2924	2931	2934	[3]
C–H vibration	2856		2856	2853		2854	2855	[4]
Carboxylic acid C=O stretching (weakly hydrogen bonded)	1711			1716				[5]
C=C stretching	1644				1644			[6]
C=N vibration	1599		1599	1608		1610	1621	[2]
COO ⁻ asymmetric stretching	1605	1605						[7]
N–H bending	1531				1531			[8]
COO ⁻ symmetric stretching	1397, 1429	1416	1397		1416	1453	1449	[9,10]
C=O vibration	1350					1331	1358	[11]
S–O stretching	1154, 1221				1152, 1221	1154, 1210	1155, 1219	[12,13]
C–O stretching	1260	1250		1244				[14]
Si–O stretching	1081	1081						[15]
C–O–C antisym. stretching	1152, 1025	1022	1031	1031	1152, 1034	1154, 1032	1155, 1031	[16,17]
Al–OH vibration	932	932			927	928	926	[18]
C–Cl stretching	883	883	873		844	840	842	[19]
CH bending	696				696	694		[20]

Table S2: Pd(II) sorption properties of a series of sorbents.

Sorbent	pH	q _m (mmol g ⁻¹)	Ref.
<i>R. lanuginosum</i> biomass	5	0.35	[21]
Alginate beads	2.5	0.38	[22]
Algal beads	2.5	0.47	[22]
Montmorillonite modified alginate beads	4	0.93	[23]
Laponite modified alginate beads	4	1.38	[23]
Thiacalix[6]arene derivative impregnated XAD-7 resin	0.1 M HCl	0.18	[24]
Cyphos IL-101 impregnated XAD-7 resin	0.5 M HCl	0.67	[25]
<i>p</i> -Sulfonatothiacalix[6]arene-impregnated XAD-7 resin	4	1.29	[26]
<i>p</i> -Sulfonatothiacalix[6]arene-impregnated IRA-411 resin	4	2.73	[26]
<i>p</i> -Sulfonatothiacalix[6]arene-impregnated IRA-400 resin	4	2.86	[26]
LD/PEI	1	0.85	This study
CC/PEI	1	1.34	This study

Table S3. Palladium and anion species when 15 mM SO₄²⁻ (i.e., 5 mM Fe₂(SO₄)₃, 15 mM CuSO₄, or 5 mM Al₂(SO₄)₃) were added.

Ions	Species name	% of total concentration		
		Fe ₂ (SO ₄) ₃	Al ₂ (SO ₄) ₃	CuSO ₄
Palladium	PdCl ₄ ²⁻	96.60	96.65	96.64
	PdCl ₃ ⁻	3.25	3.21	3.21
	PdCl ₂ (aq)	0.15	0.14	0.14
Chloride	Cl ⁻	95.68	96.44	95.76
	metal complexes (anions)	3.45 - PdCl ₄ ²⁻ 0.09 - PdCl ₃ ⁻	3.45 - PdCl ₄ ²⁻ 0.09 - PdCl ₃ ⁻	3.45 - PdCl ₄ ²⁻ 0.09 - PdCl ₃ ⁻
	metal complexes (cations)	0.78 - FeCl ₂ ⁺	0.02 - AlCl ₂ ⁺	0.71 - CuCl ⁺
	Sulfate			
	SO ₄ ²⁻	16.64	16.86	19.59
Sulfate	HSO ₄ ⁻	67.07	67.23	74.60
	metal complexes (anions)	1.13 - Fe(SO ₄) ₂ ⁻	3.71 - Al(SO ₄) ₂ ⁻	5.18 - CuSO ₄ (aq)
	metal complexes (cations)	15.16 - FeSO ₄ ⁺	12.19 - AlSO ₄ ⁺	0.62 - CuHSO ₄ ⁻

Note: the speciation was calculated by Visual MINTEQ (version 3.0).

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