

Supporting Information

Silica Encapsulation of Hydrophobic Optical NP-Embedded Silica Particles with Trimethoxy(2-Phenylethyl)silane

Eunil Hahm ¹, Ahla Jo ¹, Eun Ji Kang ¹, Kwanghee Yoo ¹, Min-Sup Shin ¹, Jaehyun An ¹, Xuan-Hung Pham ¹, Hyung-Mo Kim ¹, Homan Kang ², Jaehi Kim ^{1,*}, and Bong-Hyun Jun ^{1,*}

¹ Department of Bioscience and Biotechnology, Konkuk University, Seoul 05029, Republic of Korea; greenice@konkuk.ac.kr (E.H.); iamara0421@konkuk.ac.kr (A.J.); ejkang@konkuk.ac.kr (E.J.K.); heu1997@konkuk.ac.kr (K.Y.); dnjzj159159@konkuk.ac.kr (M.-S.S.); wogus4067@naver.com (J.A.); phamricky@gmail.com (X.-H.P.); hmkim0109@konkuk.ac.kr (H.-M.K.)

² Gordon Center for Medical Imaging, Department of Radiology, Massachusetts General Hospital, Harvard Medical School, Boston, MA 02114, USA; hkang7@mgh.harvard.edu

* Correspondence: susia45@gmail.com (J.K.); bjun@konkuk.ac.kr (B.-H.J.)

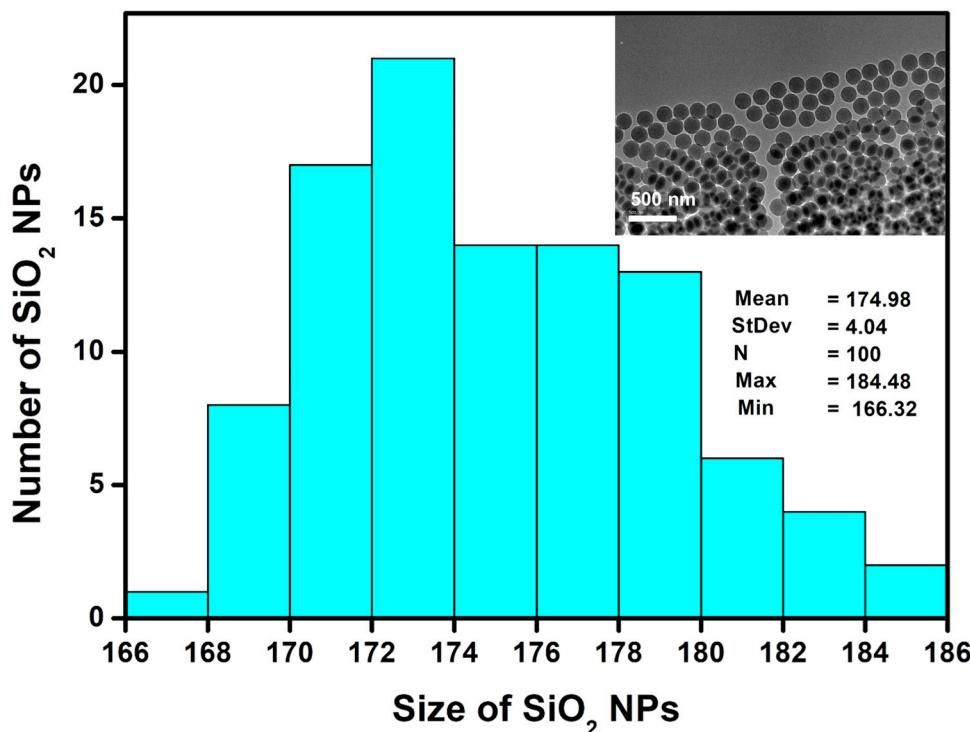


Figure S1. Histogram of particle size distribution of SiO_2 NPs (inset. TEM image of SiO_2 NPs).

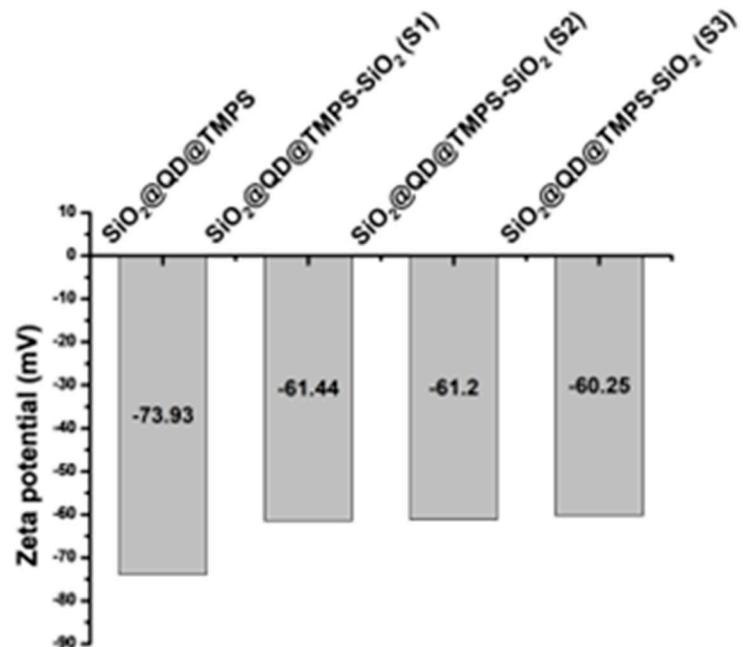


Figure S2. Zeta potential of $\text{SiO}_2@\text{QD@TMPS-SiO}_2$ with different amount of TEOS.

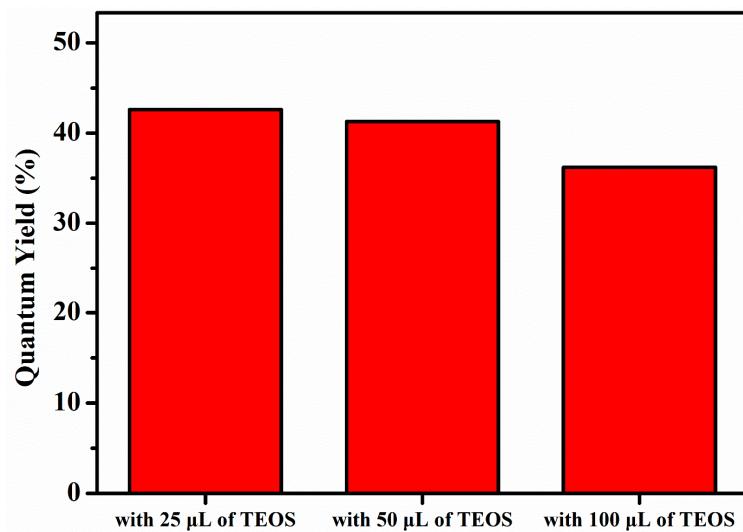


Figure S3. Quantum yield of fabricated $\text{SiO}_2@\text{QD@TMPS-SiO}_2$ with different amount of TEOS.