

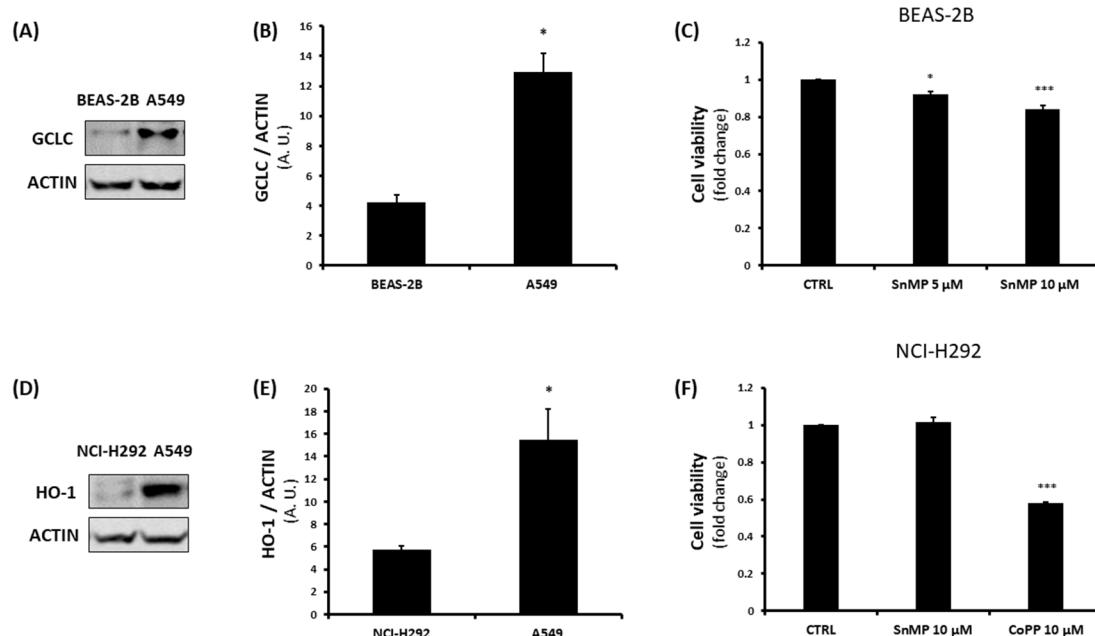
## SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIALS

### Tin Mesoporphyrin selectively reduces the non-small-cell lung cancer cell line A549 proliferation by interfering with heme oxygenase and glutathione systems

**Sorrenti V.<sup>1</sup>, D'Amico A. G.<sup>1,\*</sup>, Barbagallo I.<sup>1</sup>, Consoli V.<sup>1</sup>, Grossi S.<sup>1</sup>, Vanella L<sup>1</sup>**

<sup>1</sup>Department of Drug and Health Sciences, University of Catania, Catania, Italy; e-mail@e-mail.com

\*Correspondence: [agata.damico@unct.it](mailto:agata.damico@unct.it);



**Figure S1.** (A,B) Evaluation of GCLC basal levels on healthy human bronchial epithelial (BEAS-2B) and human lung adenocarcinoma (A549) cell lines (\*p<0.05 vs BEAS-2B). (C) Assessment of SnMP (5 µM, 10 µM) effect on BEAS-2B cell viability (\*\*p<0.001, \*p<0.05 vs CTRL). (D,E) HO-1 basal levels on human mucoepidermoid carcinoma (NCI-H292) and human lung adenocarcinoma (A549) cell lines (\*p<0.05 vs NCI-H292). (F) Effect of SnMP (10 µM) and CoPP (10 µM) on NCI-H292 cell viability (\*\*p<0.001 vs CTRL). Results are expressed as mean ± SEM.

**Table S1. Primers Sequence**

Gene	Primer Forward	Primer Reverse
GAPDH	AGACACCATGGGAAGGTGA	TGGAATTGCCATGGTGGA
GCLC	ACTTCATTCAGTACCTAAC	CCGGCTTAGAAGCCCTGAA
HO-1	AAGACTCGTCTGCTAAC	AAAGCCCTACAGCAACTGTCG