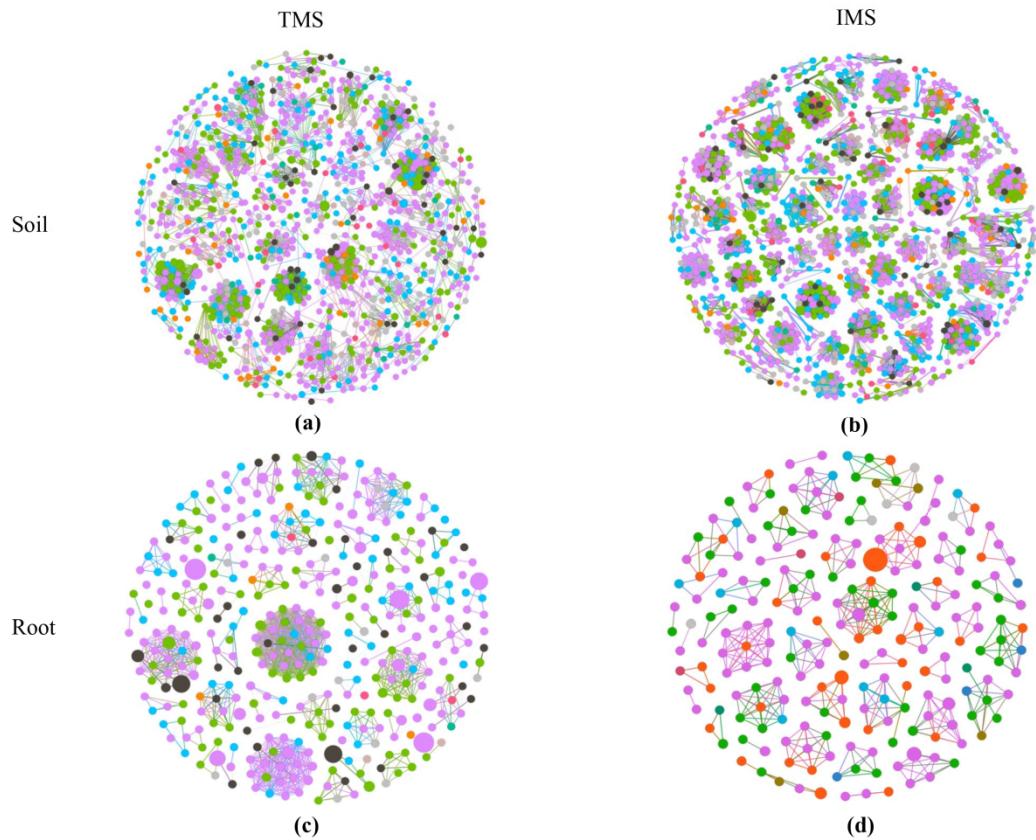


Table S1. Comparative analysis for the relative abundance of dominant bacterial genera in rhizosphere soils and roots of Lei bamboo.

Phylum	Genus	Soil		Root	
		IMS	TMS	IMS	TMS
Acidobacteria	<i>Acidipila</i>	4.02% ± 0.52% <sup>a</sup>	1.29% ± 0.13% <sup>b</sup>	5.37% ± 3.01% <sup>a</sup>	0.08% ± 0.03% <sup>b</sup>
Acidobacteria	<i>Subgroup_13</i>	5.78% ± 0.68% <sup>a</sup>	2.48% ± 0.31% <sup>b</sup>	0.27% ± 0.12% <sup>a</sup>	0.06% ± 0.06% <sup>b</sup>
Acidobacteria	<i>Occallatibacter</i>	2.32% ± 0.31% <sup>b</sup>	5.66% ± 0.50% <sup>a</sup>	0.16% ± 0.05% <sup>a</sup>	0.16% ± 0.07% <sup>a</sup>
Acidobacteria	<i>Subgroup_2</i>	2.05% ± 0.22% <sup>b</sup>	5.45% ± 0.94% <sup>a</sup>	0.10% ± 0.07% <sup>a</sup>	0.14% ± 0.11% <sup>a</sup>
Acidobacteria	<i>Granulicella</i>	0.91% ± 0.19% <sup>a</sup>	0.83% ± 0.10% <sup>a</sup>	2.73% ± 1.47% <sup>a</sup>	0.69% ± 0.49% <sup>b</sup>
Actinobacteria	<i>Streptomyces</i>	0.11% ± 0.17% <sup>b</sup>	0.95% ± 0.53% <sup>a</sup>	1.19% ± 0.61% <sup>a</sup>	18.12% ± 13.86% <sup>a</sup>
Actinobacteria	<i>Mycobacterium</i>	0.54% ± 0.08% <sup>b</sup>	1.09% ± 0.38% <sup>a</sup>	2.51% ± 1.00% <sup>b</sup>	15.17% ± 4.37% <sup>a</sup>
Actinobacteria	<i>Acidothermus</i>	4.07% ± 0.34% <sup>a</sup>	2.68% ± 0.17% <sup>b</sup>	5.70% ± 1.98% <sup>a</sup>	0.82% ± 0.23% <sup>b</sup>
Actinobacteria	<i>Actinospica</i>	0.38% ± 0.09% <sup>b</sup>	0.55% ± 0.09% <sup>a</sup>	3.07% ± 1.43% <sup>a</sup>	0.16% ± 0.11% <sup>b</sup>
Firmicutes	<i>Bacillus</i>	0.33% ± 0.15% <sup>b</sup>	0.58% ± 0.17% <sup>a</sup>	0.86% ± 0.61% <sup>b</sup>	3.90% ± 1.21% <sup>a</sup>
Proteobacteria	<i>Chujaibacter</i>	13.47% ± 2.38% <sup>a</sup>	1.85% ± 0.15% <sup>b</sup>	2.03% ± 0.78% <sup>a</sup>	0.07% ± 0.02% <sup>b</sup>
Proteobacteria	<i>Burkholderia-Caballeronia-Paraburkholderia</i>	1.00% ± 0.21% <sup>b</sup>	2.29% ± 0.50% <sup>a</sup>	2.45% ± 1.47% <sup>b</sup>	11.66% ± 4.72% <sup>a</sup>
Proteobacteria	<i>Acidibacter</i>	6.89% ± 0.46% <sup>a</sup>	3.68% ± 0.32% <sup>b</sup>	2.89% ± 0.94% <sup>a</sup>	1.21% ± 0.68% <sup>b</sup>
Proteobacteria	<i>Acidocella</i>	0.15% ± 0.06% <sup>a</sup>	0.01% ± 0.01% <sup>b</sup>	6.31% ± 1.95% <sup>a</sup>	0.09% ± 0.04% <sup>b</sup>
Proteobacteria	<i>Acidisoma</i>	0.23% ± 0.08% <sup>a</sup>	0.11% ± 0.03% <sup>b</sup>	5.97% ± 0.97% <sup>a</sup>	0.10% ± 0.04% <sup>b</sup>
Proteobacteria	<i>Bradyrhizobium</i>	1.05% ± 0.11% <sup>b</sup>	2.42% ± 0.32% <sup>a</sup>	0.59% ± 0.19% <sup>b</sup>	1.72% ± 0.49% <sup>a</sup>
Proteobacteria	<i>KF-JG30-C25</i>	1.79% ± 0.09% <sup>a</sup>	1.95% ± 0.16% <sup>a</sup>	0.15% ± 0.09% <sup>a</sup>	0.10% ± 0.09% <sup>a</sup>

Different lowercase letters within rows indicate significant difference ( $p < 0.05$ ).

IMS, intensive management system; TMS, traditional management system.



**Figure S1.** Bacterial networks in bamboo rhizosphere soil (a, b) and root (c, d) collected from intensive management system (IMS) and traditional management system (TMS).