



Supporting information of the manuscript entitled “Molecular rotors with aggregation-induced emission (AIE) as fluorescent probes for the control of polyurethane synthesis” by Pierpaolo Minei , Giuseppe Iasilli , Giacomo Ruggeri, Virgilio Mattoli and Andrea Pucci

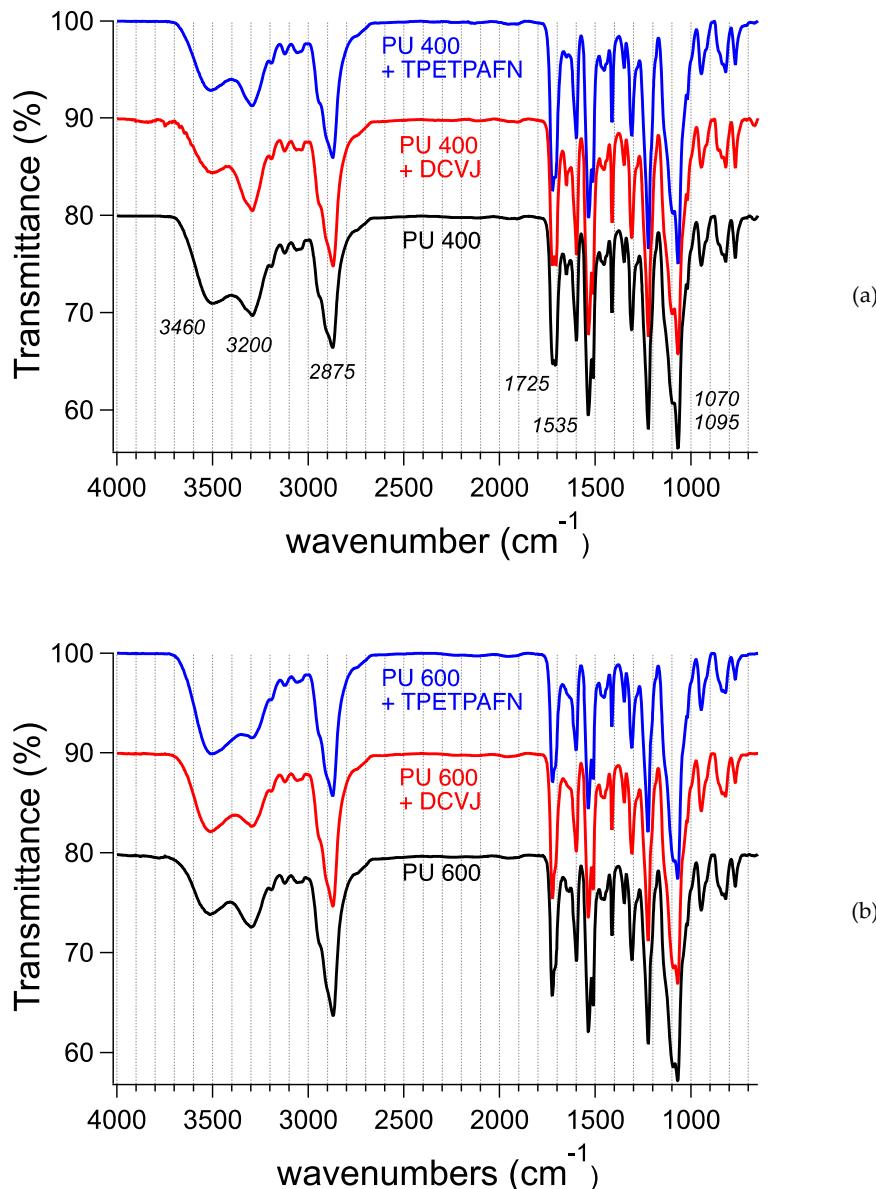


Figure S1. FTIR spectra of the prepared polyurethanes starting from (a) PEG400 and (b) PEG600

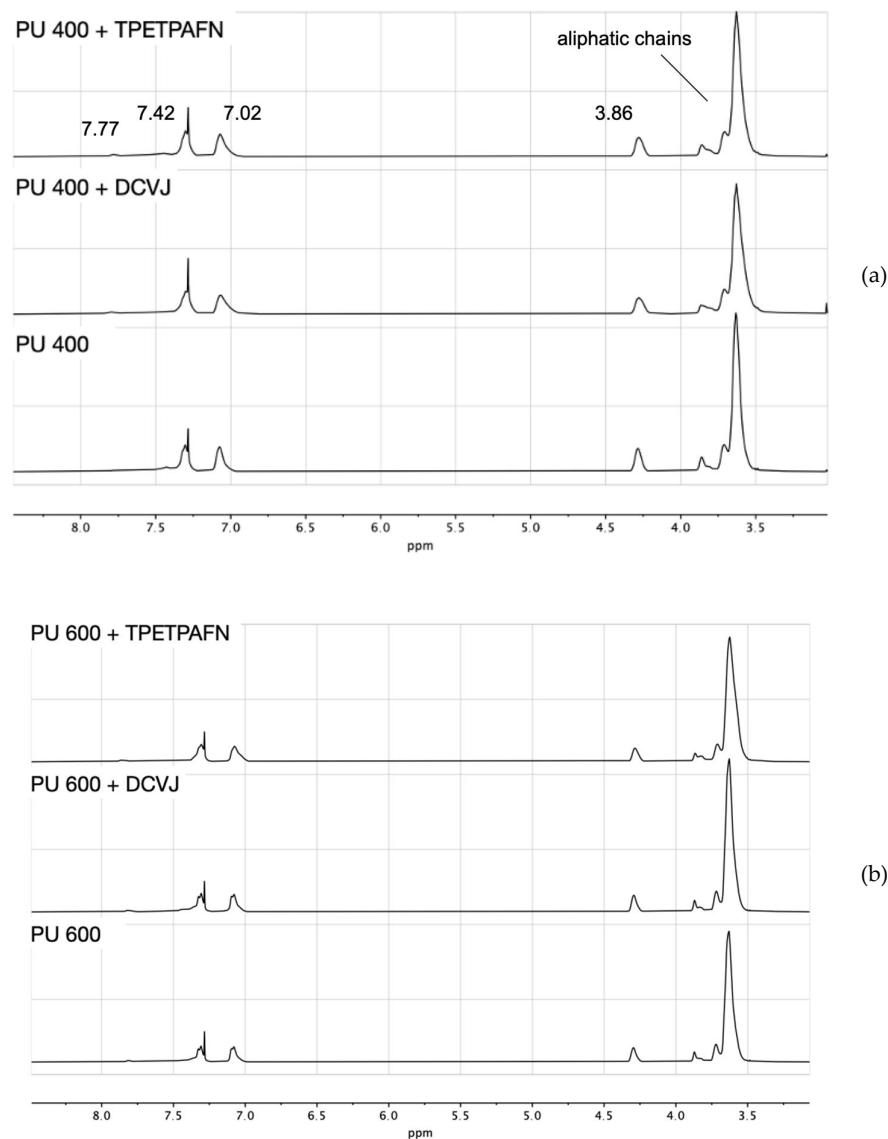


Figure S2. ^1H NMR spectra of the prepared polyurethanes starting from (a) PEG400 and (b) PEG600

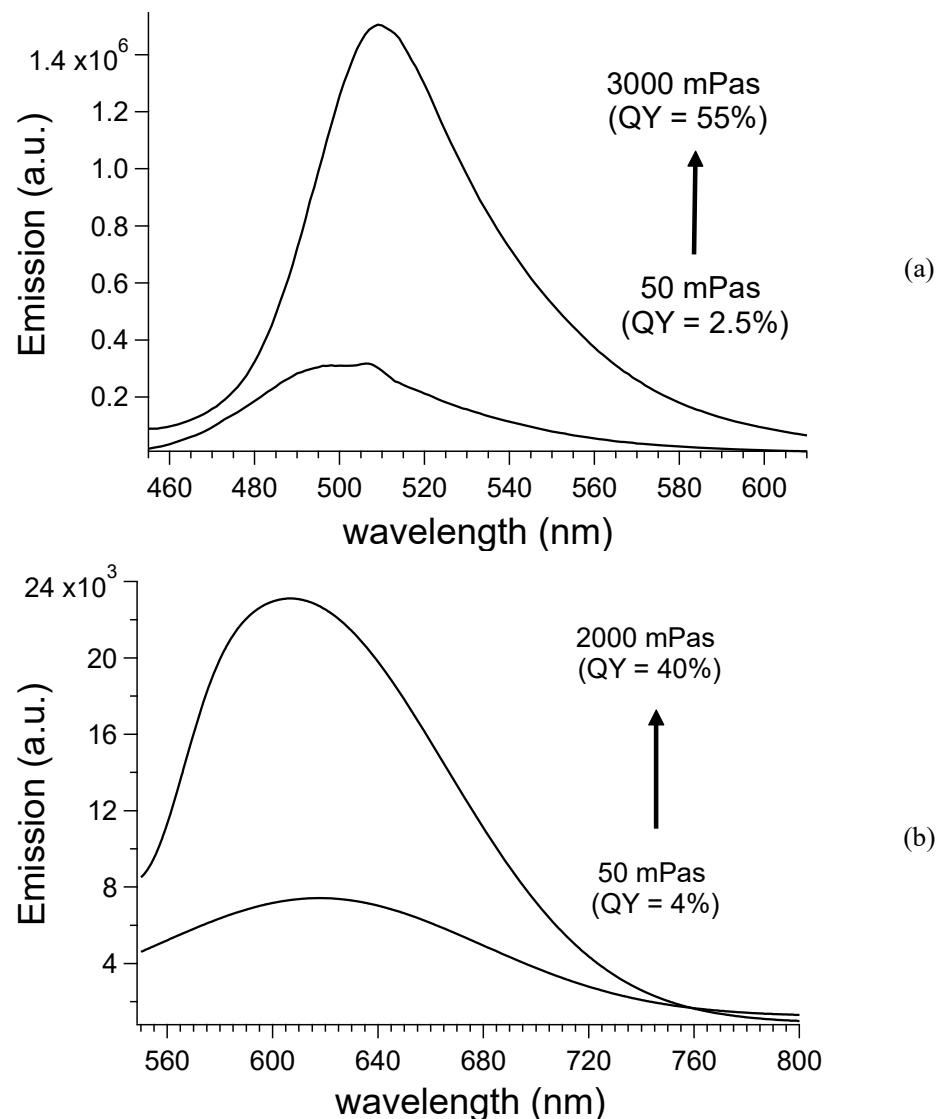


Figure S3. Fluorescence spectra of PU polymerization in the presence of (a, $\lambda_{\text{exc}} = 430$ nm) DCVJ and (b, $\lambda_{\text{exc}} = 500$ nm) TPETPAFN fluorescent probes and quantum yield (QY) variations as a function of the viscosity variation

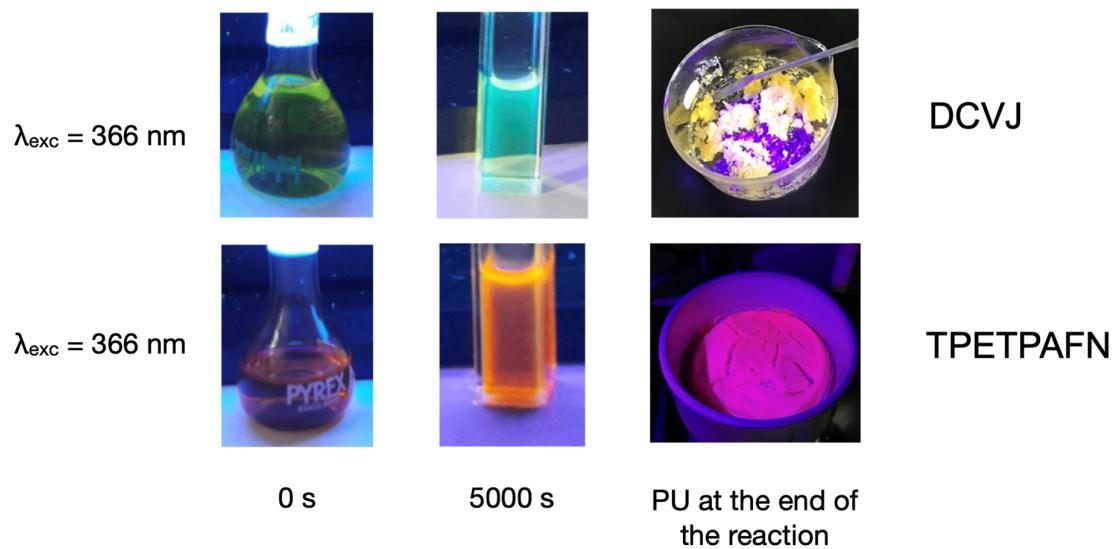


Figure S4. Photos taken under the excitation of a long-range UV lamp at 366 nm of reaction samples containing the respective fluorescent probe at $t = 0 \text{ s}$, after 5000 s and after PU precipitation in water at the end of the reaction. In all cases, the PU obtained by using PEG400 as diol was selected.