

Supplementary material

Multi-sensor characterization of sparkling wines based on data fusion

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Table S1. Average, standard deviation, RSD (%), maximum and minimum concentrations of polyphenols in the set of samples under study. Standard deviation and relative standard deviation indicated the variability of concentrations as a measure of discriminating capacity among samples.

Compound	Average concentration (mg L ⁻¹)	Standard deviation	RSD (%)	Maximum value (mg L ⁻¹)	Minimum value (mg L ⁻¹)
FRAP index	5.45	1.71	31.36	10.72	2.64
FC index	1.52	0.37	24.23	2.62	1.06
Gallic acid	60.8	50.7	83.48	174.7	10.7
Protocatechuic acid	1.66	7.93	478.3	43.03	<LOD
Homogentisic acid	0.56	2.72	488.0	15.87	<LOD
Gentisic acid	21.7	5.64	25.96	30.16	<LOD
(+)-catechin	72.0	34.6	48.09	127.9	<LOD
Caffeic acid	116.0	43.9	37.85	235.1	54.2
Syringic acid	22.1	26.3	119.0	92.65	<LOD
Ethyl gallate	13.2	9.29	70.27	33.52	<LOD
p-Coumaric acid	120.5	45.9	38.07	215.0	56.4
Ferulic acid	13.2	3.21	24.35	20.75	7.55
Caftaric acid	259.9	93.8	36.10	398.9	71.1

Table S2. Average, standard deviation, RSD (%), maximum and minimum concentrations of organic acids in the set of samples under study from enzymatic and HPLC methods.

Compound	Average concentration (g L ⁻¹)	Standard deviation	RSD (%)	Maximum value (g L ⁻¹)	Minimum value (g L ⁻¹)
Lactic acid – enz.	1.47	0.46	31.24	2.19	0.51
Lactic acid - HPLC	2.35	0.81	34.47	3.76	0.44
Gluconic acid – enz.	0.07	0.04	49.92	0.14	0.02
Gluconic acid - HPLC	0.37	0.05	12.58	0.43	0.26
Malic acid – enz.	0.19	0.30	159.8	1.02	0.02
Malic acid - HPLC	0.56	0.41	73.42	1.69	0.11
Acetic acid – enz.	0.23	0.03	14.86	0.30	0.19
Citric acid - HPLC	0.14	0.04	31.61	0.26	0.08
Succinic acid - HPLC	0.51	0.12	23.99	0.76	0.33
Tartaric acid - HPLC	5.58	0.45	8.04	6.38	4.50

Table S3. Average, standard deviation, RSD (%), maximum and minimum values from FTIR, potentiometric and volumetric methods in the set of samples under study.

Compound	Average concentration (g L ⁻¹)	Standard deviation	RSD (%)	Maximum value (g L ⁻¹)	Minimum value (g L ⁻¹)
Reducing sugar - FTIR	8.99	2.05	22.7	10.31	1.43
pH – FTIR (*)	3.04	0.07	2.34	3.13	2.90
pH – potentiometry (*)	2.98	0.06	2.16	3.09	2.85
Acetic acid - FTIR	0.23	0.08	36.8	0.37	0.11
Total acidity - FTIR	6.25	0.43	6.89	6.97	5.48
Total acidity – vol.	6.25	0.42	6.75	7.10	5.50
Malic acid - FTIR	0.30	0.67	221	2.20	0.00
Lactic acid - FTIR	1.20	0.75	62.7	2.19	0.00
Ethanol - FTIR	11.3	0.30	2.61	11.9	10.9

* pH data values

Table S4. Summary of classification results by PLS-DA with 3 LVs for the assignation of white, blanc de noirs and rosé cava samples using the data fusion set.

Target class	Calibration		Validation	
	Sensitivity (%)	Selectivity (%)	Sensitivity (%)	Selectivity (%)
White	100	100	100	100
Blanc de noirs	100	100	100	100
Rosé	100	100	100	90

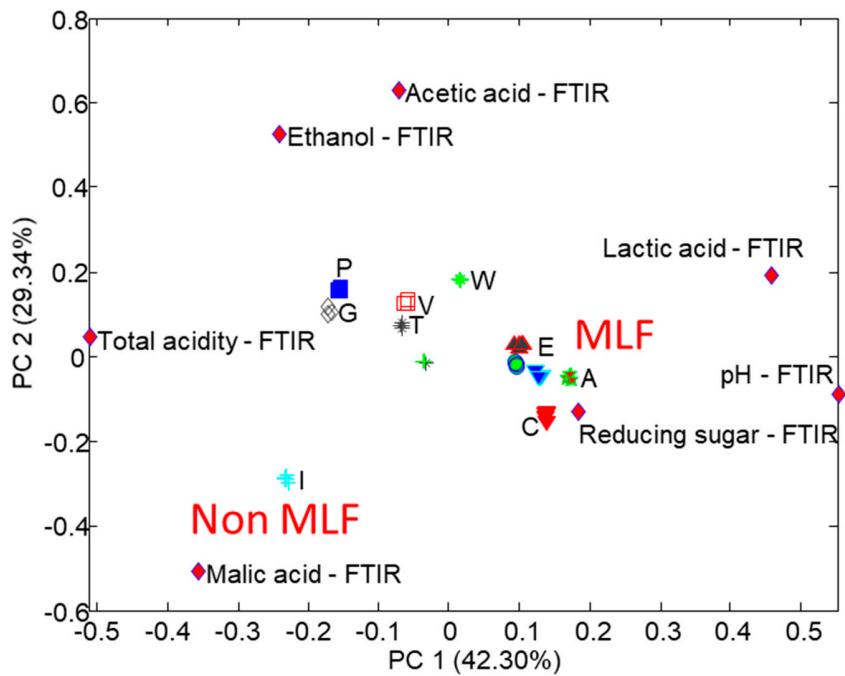


Figure S1. PCA results showing the biplot of PC1 vs PC2 from the study of FTIR data. Plot of scores (a) and plot of loadings (b). Cava class assignation: see Table 1.

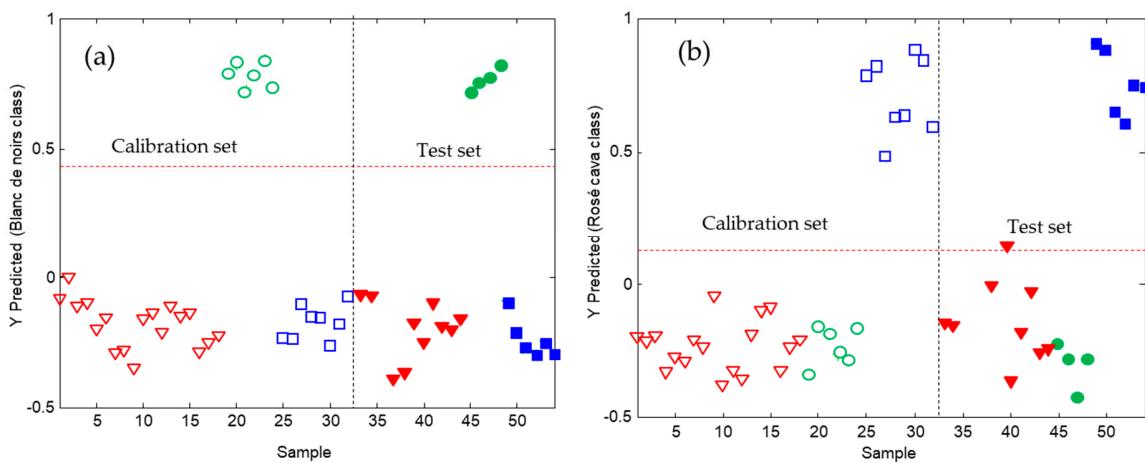


Figure S2. Classification plots from PLS-DA for the assignation of (a) blanc de noirs and (b) rosé cava samples. Sample assignation: triangle = white; square = rosé; circle = blanc de noirs; Empty symbols = calibration samples; Solid symbols = validation samples. Red line indicated the classification threshold.

