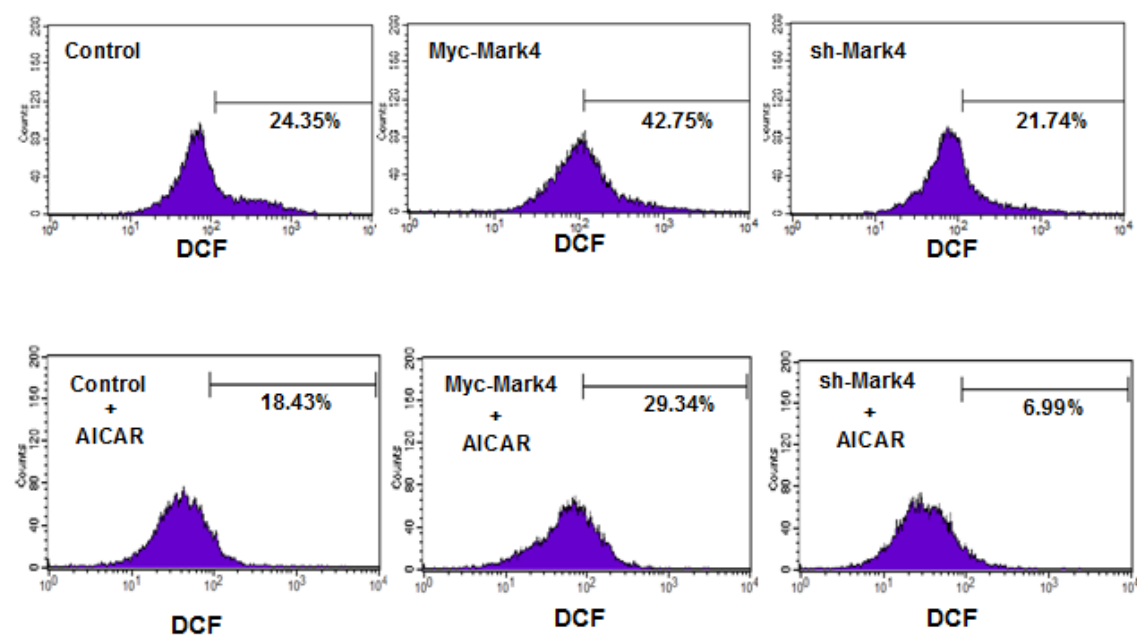
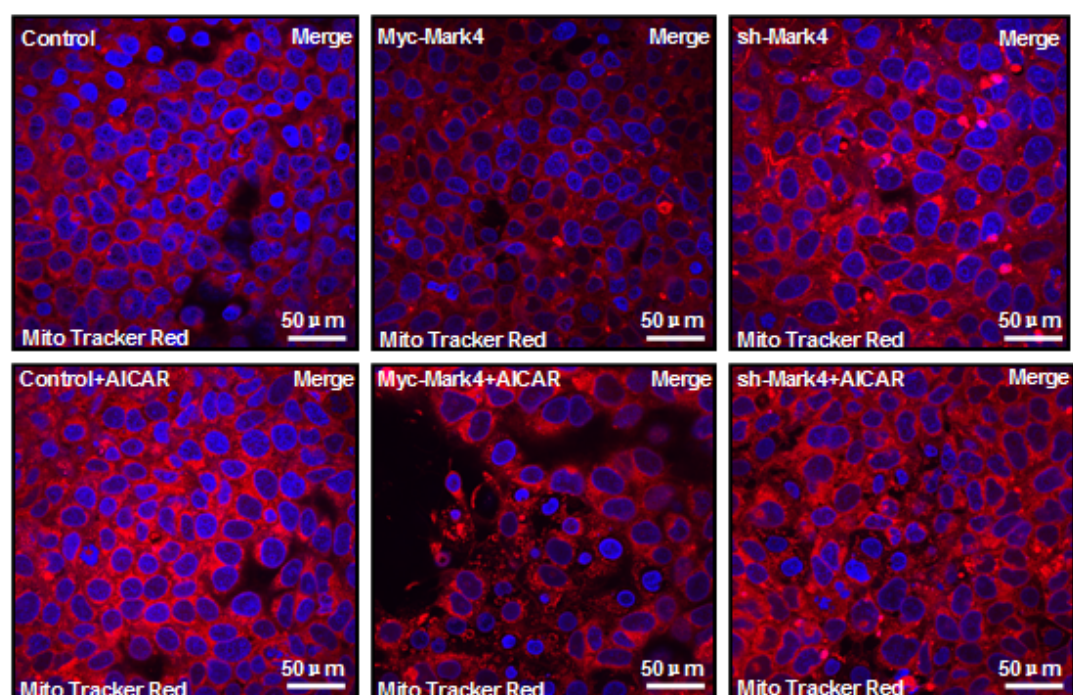


Figure S3

A



B



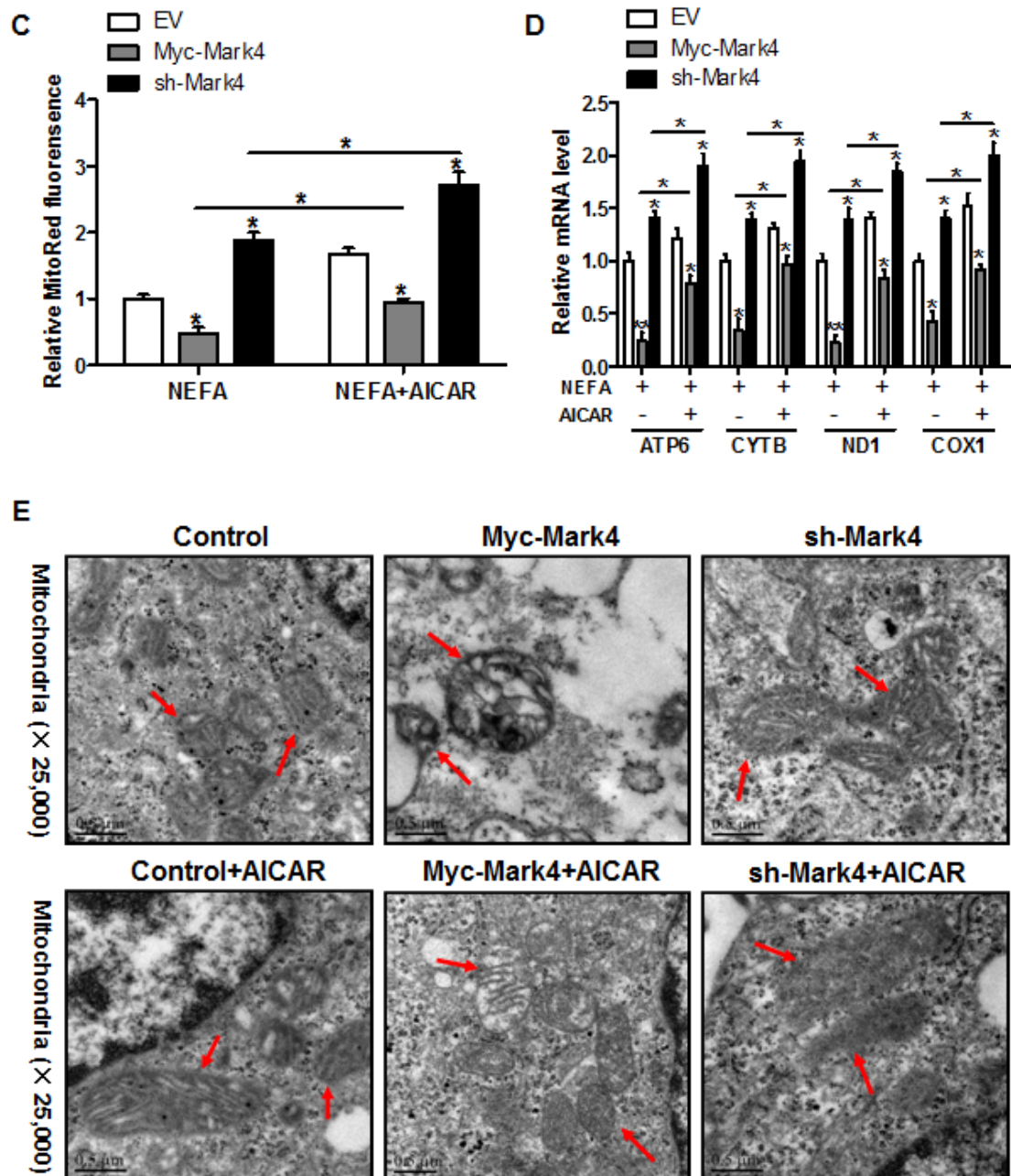


Figure S3. AMPK-mediated mitochondrial biogenesis is blocked by MARK4 in pig primary trophoblast cells. (a) ROS generation was measured by DCF production using flow cytometry in pig cytotrophoblasts after transfection with Myc-MARK4 and sh-MARK4 for 48h. Before the assessment, cells were incubated with 400 μ M NEFA or 1 mM AICAR for 24h ($n = 3$). Value in scale bar depicts the percentage of DCF-positive cells; (b) Mitochondrial biogenesis was estimated by MitoTracker Red staining for mitochondria after transfection with Myc-MARK4 and sh-MARK4 for 48h in cytotrophoblasts. Before staining, cells were incubated with 400 μ M NEFA or 1 mM AICAR for 24h. Scale bar: 50 μ m; (c) Quantification of MitoTracker Red staining in (b) by measuring the fluorescence intensity relative to control group (analysis of 10 random microscopic fields per cell section, $n = 3$); (d) mRNA levels of various mitochondria-encoded genes in cytotrophoblasts ($n = 3$); (e) Transmission electronic microscopy images (magnification $\times 25,000$) of mitochondria in cytotrophoblasts after transfection with Myc-MARK4, sh-MARK4 for 48h. Cells were then incubated with 400 μ M NEFA in the presence or

absence of 1 mM AICAR for 36 h. Values are expressed as mean \pm SEM. ** $p < 0.01$; * $p < 0.05$ compared with the control group. NEFA: non-esterified fatty acid; AICAR: AMPK agonist; DCF: dichlorofluorescein; Myc-MARK4 group: over expression of MARK4 group; sh-MARK4 group: knock down of MARK4 group; Control: empty vector (EV) group. Red arrow: mitochondria.