

Supplementary material

Enhancement of the cytotoxicity of quinazolinone Schiff base derivatives by copper coordination

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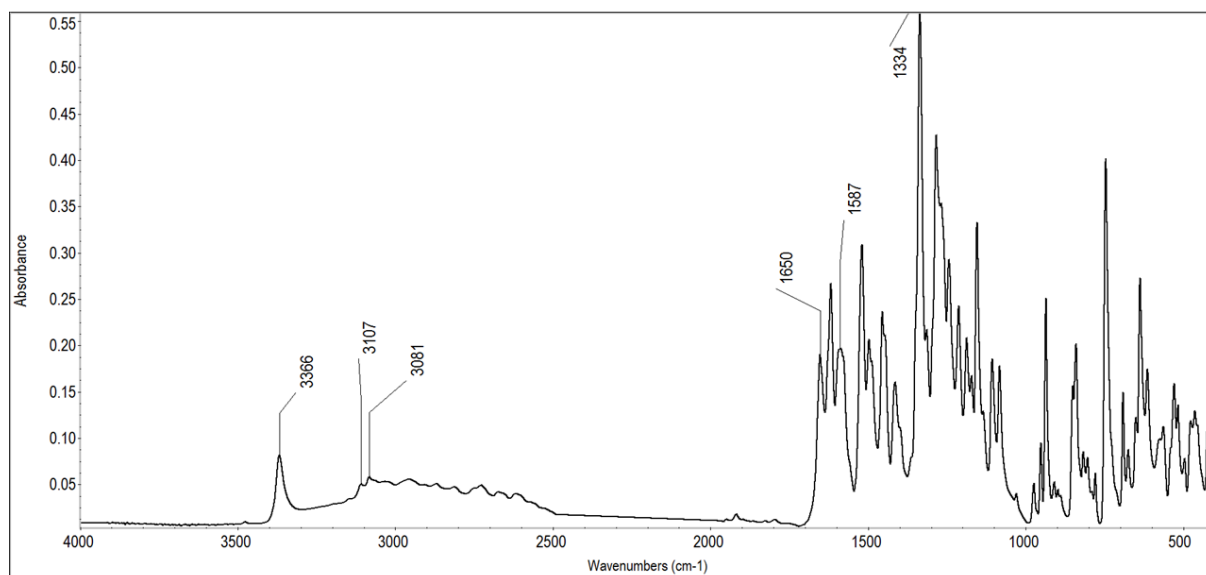


Figure S1. The FT-IR spectrum of the free ligand L1.

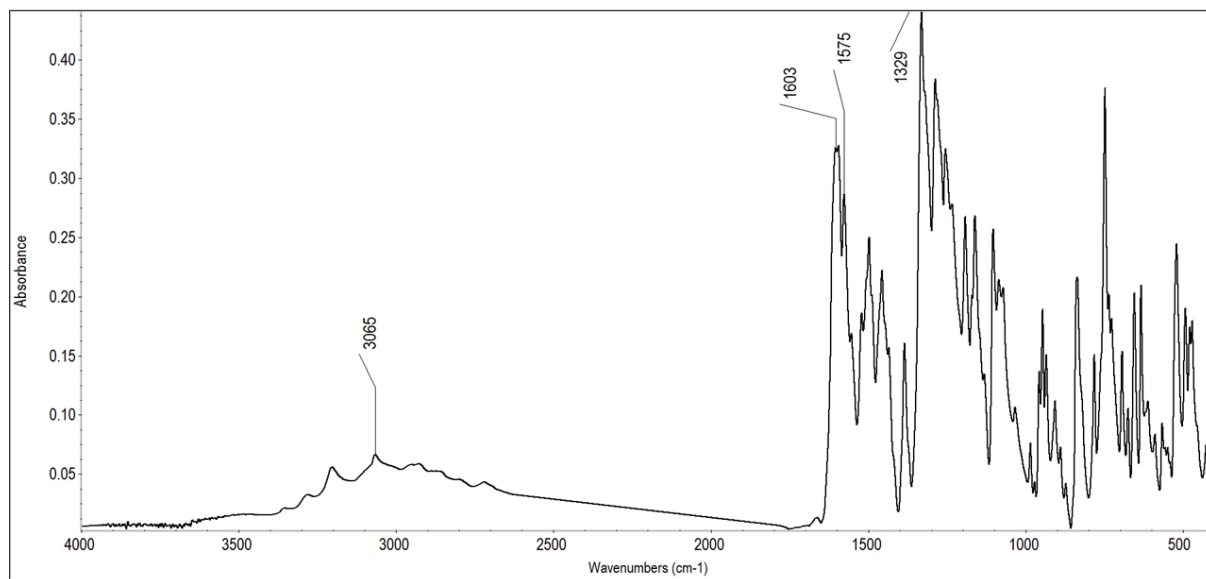


Figure S2. The FT-IR spectrum of the Cu-L1 complex.

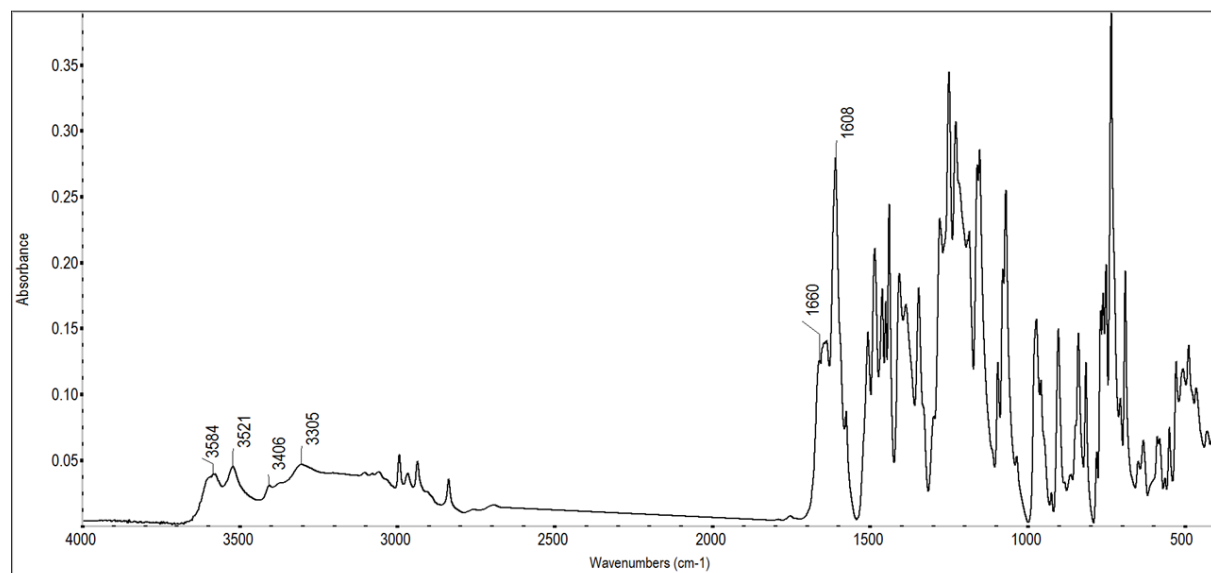


Figure S3. The FT-IR spectrum of the free ligand **L2**.

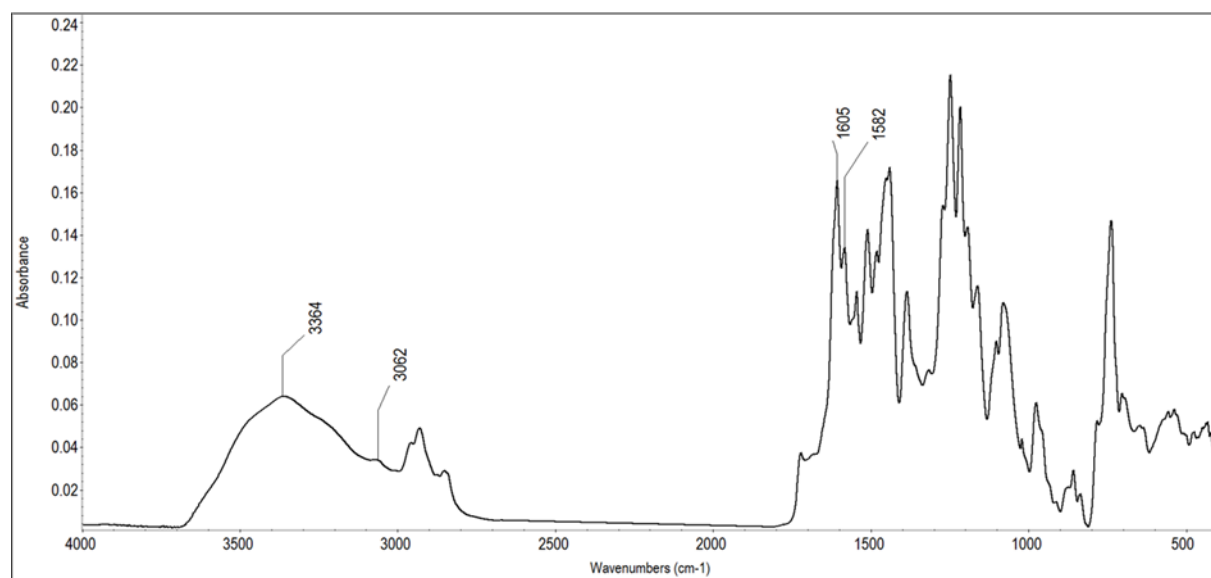


Figure S4. The FT-IR spectrum of the **Cu-L2** complex.

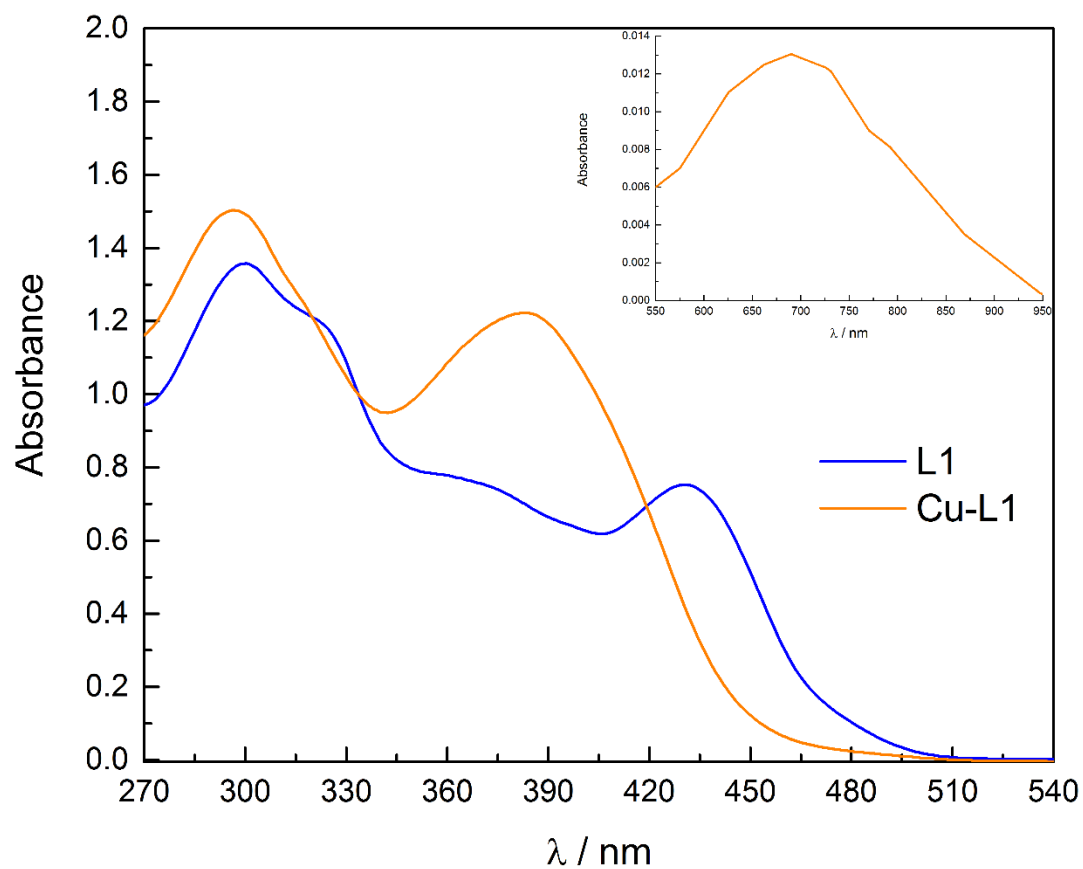


Figure S5. The electronic absorption spectra of the free ligand **L1** (blue line) and the **Cu-L1** complex (orange line) measured in DMSO at 0.1 mM concentration. The inset shows absorption band of **Cu-L1** complex obtained at higher concentration (1 mM) in order to register the d-d transitions.

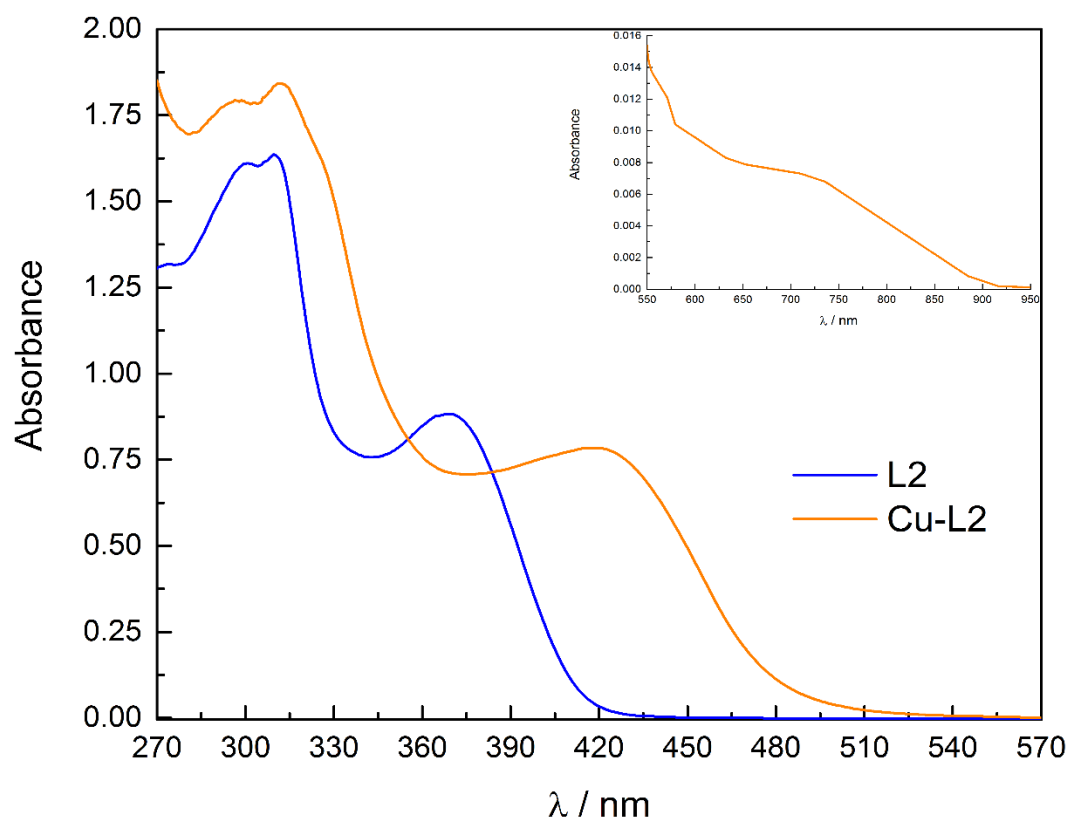


Figure S6. The electronic absorption spectra of the ligand **L2** (blue line) and the **Cu-L2** complex (orange line) measured in DMSO at 0.1 mM concentration. The inset shows absorption band of **Cu-L2** complex obtained at higher concentration (1 mM) in order to register the d-d transitions.

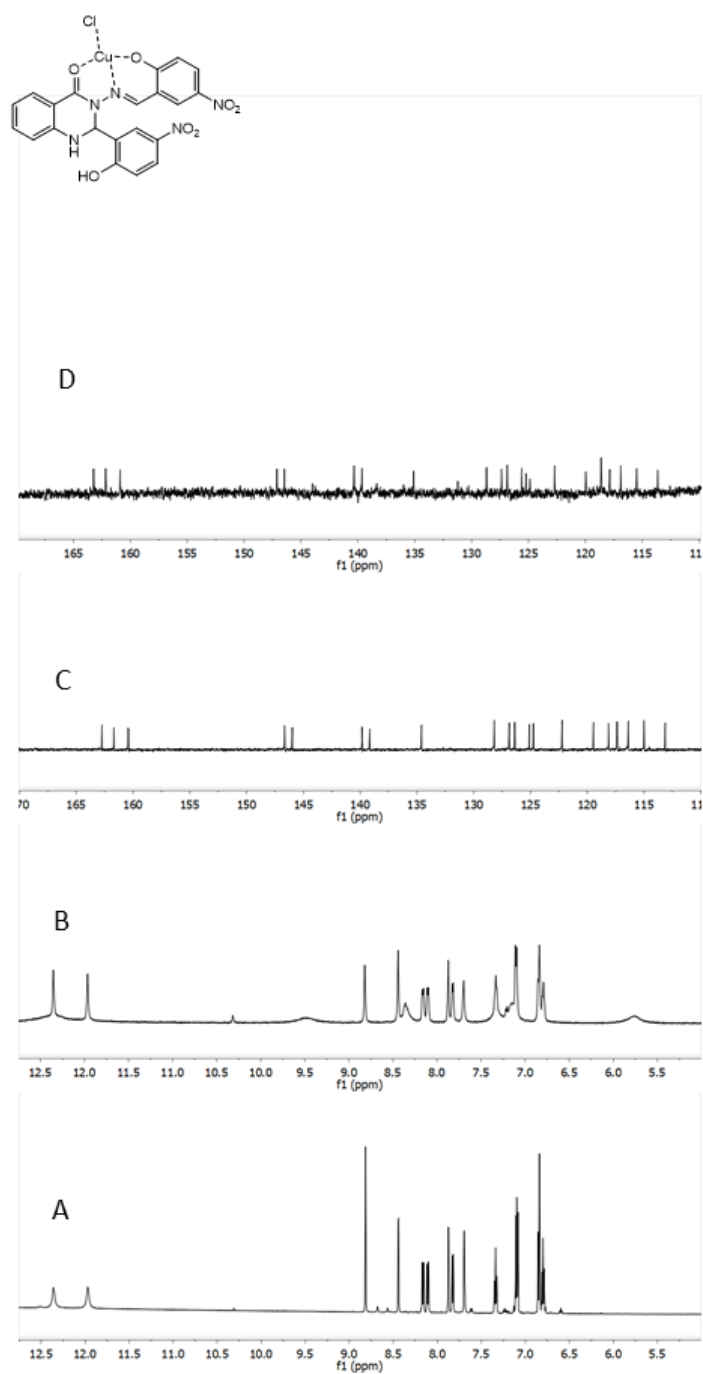


Figure S7. ¹H NMR and ¹³C spectra of the ligand **L1** (A and C, respectively) and its copper complex (with 30 % excess of the ligand **L1**) **Cu-L1** (B and D).

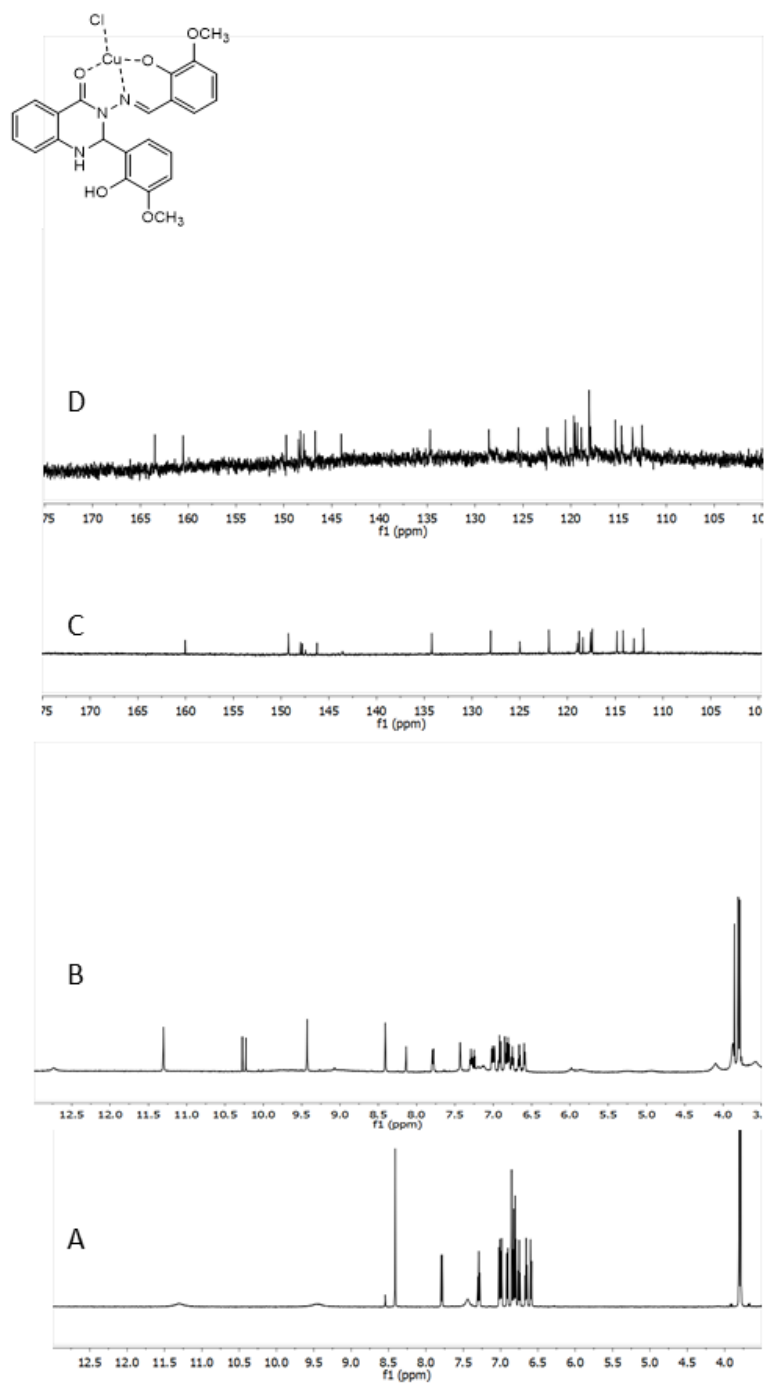


Figure S8. ^1H NMR and ^{13}C spectra of the ligand **L2** (A and C, respectively) and its copper complex (with 30 % excess of the ligand **L2**) **Cu-L2** (B and D).

Table S1. The selected theoretical bond lengths (in Å) data of the studied **Cu-L1** and **Cu-L2** complexes obtained from gas-phase DFT calculations using APFD/LanL2DZ approach.

Atom 1	Atom 2	Length / Å	
		Cu-L1	Cu-L2
Cu	Cl	2.23	2.24
Cu	O4	1.98	1.96
Cu	O2''	1.90	1.89
Cu	N4	1.99	1.98
Cu	O	2.22	2.27
O4	C4	1.27	1.28
N3	C4	1.38	1.38
N3	N4	1.39	1.40
C9	N4	1.31	1.31
C9	C1''	1.43	1.43
C2''	C1''	1.45	1.44
C2''	O2''	1.31	1.32

Table S2. The selected theoretical bond angles (in degrees) data of the studied **Cu-L1** and **Cu-L2** complexes obtained from gas-phase DFT calculations using APFD/LanL2DZ approach.

Atom 1	Atom 2	Atom 3	Angle / deg	
			Cu-L1	Cu-L2
Cl	Cu	N4	172.3	174.7
Cl	Cu	O4	91.9	94.0
Cl	Cu	O2''	96.1	93.3
Cl	Cu	O	85.5	88.2
N4	Cu	O2''	91.5	91.2
N4	Cu	O4	80.9	81.5
O2''	Cu	O4	166.3	172.7
O2''	Cu	O	109.0	87.1
O4	Cu	O	82.7	94.1
Cu	O2''	C2''	129.4	129.7
Cu	O4	C4	113.0	113.4
O4	C4	N3	119.2	119.3
C9	N4	N3	121.6	121.2
C4	N3	C2	123.5	122.5
O2''	C2''	C1'	124.3	124.2

Table S3. The selected theoretical dihedral angles (in degrees) data of the studied **Cu-L1** and **Cu-L2** complexes obtained from gas-phase DFT calculations in the using APFD/LanL2DZ approach.

Atom 1	Atom 2	Atom 3	Atom 4	Angle / deg	
				Cu-L1	Cu-L2
C4	O4	Cu	O2''	70.5	14.0
C4	N3	N4	C9	178.4	179.4
O4	Cu	O2''	C2''	-63.4	27.1
O4	Cu	N4	N3	-11.0	-8.2
O2''	Cu	N4	N3	-179.5	170.1
O	Cu	N4	N3	71.4	83.6
O	Cu	O2''	C2''	84.3	111.5
O	Cu	N4	C9	-99.2	-89.9
Cl	Cu	N4	N3	6.9	-20.1
Cl	Cu	O2''	C2''	171.6	-159.7
Cu	O2''	C2''	C1''	3.8	-16.6
C1''	C9	N4	N3	-178.1	-178.9
C9	N4	N3	C4	178.4	179.4
C9	N4	N3	C2	8.7	16.0
N3	C2	C1'	C6'	10.1	6.5