

**Table S1. Primers used in recombinant pYLCRISPR/Cas9 vector construction**

Purpose	Primers	Sequence (5'→3')
1 <sup>st</sup> PCR	U-F	CTCCGTTTTACCTGTGGAATCG
	gR-R	CGGAGGAAAATTCCATCCAC
	A5gRT1 <sup>+</sup>	GAGGCAGGTACCCAATTCGGTTTTAGAGCTAGAAAT
	A5AtU3bT1 <sup>-</sup>	CGAATTGGGTACCTGCCTCTGACCAATGTTGCTCC
	A5gRT2 <sup>+</sup>	TGGAGCGCCAGAGTTCTAATGTTTTAGAGCTAGAAAT
	A5AtU3dT2 <sup>-</sup>	ATTAGAACTCTGGCGCTCCATGACCAATGGTGCTTTG
2 <sup>nd</sup> PCR	Pps-GGL	TTCAGAG <u>GGTCTCT</u> CTCGACTAGTATGGAATCGGCAGCAAAGG
	Pgs-GG2	AGCGTG <u>GGTCTCT</u> CGTCAGGGTCCATCCACTCCAAGCTC
	Pps-GG2	TTCAGAG <u>GGTCTCT</u> CTGACACTGGAATCGGCAGCAAAGG
	Pgs-GGR	AGCGTG <u>GGTCTCT</u> GACCGACGCGTATCCATCCACTCCAAGCTC

The restriction enzyme *Bsa*I site was underlined.

**Table S2. Oligonucleotide primers used in mutation detection**

Purpose	Primer	Sequence (5'→3')
Transgenic plant identification	Hyg for	CTTGACATTGGGGAGTTTAGCGAGA
	Hyg rev	CCCTTATCTGGGAACTACTCACACA
Mutation detection	ATG5-T1-F	CTCTCCACCAGACTCTCTCT
	ATG5-T1-R	TCCAGTACAATCCACGTACT
	T1 seq	CACACACACACATATATATAGAGAG
	ATG5-T2-F	CTGTGGGACTATGTAGGTTG
	ATG5-T2-R	TTTTGTGTTCTGATGGTGTT
	T2 seq	AGATGTGCGATTGGGTTTTACAATC

**Table S3. Sequences of Specific Primers Used for qPCR Analysis**

name	accession no.	forward primer (5' → 3')	reverse primer (5' → 3')
<i>β-actin</i>	NM_001308447	CAGCAGATGTGGATCTCAAA	CTGTGGACAATGGAAGGAC
<i>SIEDS1</i>	NM_001320249	GGAATTGAAGTCAGAGATGAGCTAA	AAAGTTCCAGCAAAAAGCAAAAA
<i>SIPAD4</i>	XM_019212160	CCGTGATCAGATGGTAGAAATAATG	CGGCAGAGAAGCCAGAGAGT
<i>SIPRI</i>	NM_001247429	TGGTATTAGCCATATTTAC	CCAGTTGCCTACAGGATC
<i>SLJAZ1</i>	NM_001247954	CGAGACGGAATTCACCTACAAGA	TGAGCACCTAATCCCAACCAT
<i>SIMYC2</i>	NM_001324483	GGAGGCGAAGACTCTGAACATT	GCTGGCTTTCTACCTCGCTTC
<i>SILOXD</i>	NM_001320292	CGAACTTGAAAACAGAGCGA	GTAATACTCTCCAGAAAGAACTCCT
<i>SINPRI</i>	NM_001247629	TGTTTTATGTGGATTGGTGGCT	CTTCTGCTTGATGGGATGACTG
<i>SLATG5</i>	XM_010317407	AAGAGCAACACGGAACGAAGT	TACCACCCATGCAAAAGGAAT

**Table S4. Editing type of *slatg5* mutants in T0 generation**

CR-ATG5-2 (Biallelic)	Target 1	Reference: ATTGCAGATTTTAGCTCCTCGAATTGGGTACCTGCCTCTTTTAGCACAAAAAGTA Allele1: ATTGCAGATTTTAGCTCCTCBAATTGGGTACCTGCCTCTTTTAGC (substitution) Allele2: ATTGCAGATTTTAGCTCCTC (12-bp del) CTGCCTCTTTT (573-bp del) ATCAC (deletion)
CR-ATG5-3 (Biallelic)	Target 2	Reference:ATATGTCCCAATCTGACCAATTAGAACTCTGGCGCTCCATTATGG Allele1:ATATGTCCCAATCTGACCAA--AGAACTCTGGCGCTCCATTATGG(deletion) Allele2:ATATGTCCCAATCTGACCAATTTCAGCCCCGCCAT (complicated variant)
CR-ATG5-7 (heterozygous)	Target 2	Reference:TGAATATGTCCCAATCTGACCAATTAGAACTCTGGCGCTCCATTATGG Allele1:TGAATATGTCCCAATCTGACCAATTAGAACTCTGGCGCTCCATTATGG (WT) Allele2:TGAATATGTCCCAATCT-----CTGGCGCTCCAT (deletion)

Target sequences are shown in red letters. Deletion is denoted in green. Insertion is expressed with a green letter and substitution is shown in a blue letter. Complex variant regions marked yellow.

**Table S5. CRISPR/Cas9-Mediated Mutagenesis and Transmission from T0 to T1 Generation**

Transgenic line	T0		T1 mutation segregation				
	Zygosity	Genotype	No. of plants tested	Wt	Biallele	Homozygote	Heterozygote
L2	T1 (Bia)	s1, d585	20	7	8 (s1, d585)	0	3 (wt, s1) 2 (wt, d12)
L3	T2 (Bia)	d1, variant	8	8	0	0	0
L7	T2 (He)	wt, d14	10	3	3 (d14, s1)	0	4 (wt, d14)

d#, the number of bases deleted from the target sequences; s#, the number of bases substituted origin target sequences; wt, wild-type sequence without mutations detected at target sequences.