

Article

Use of Intravaginal Progesterone-Releasing Device Results in Similar Pregnancy Rates and Losses to Long-Acting Progesterone to Synchronize Acyclic Embryo Recipient Mares

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Supplementary

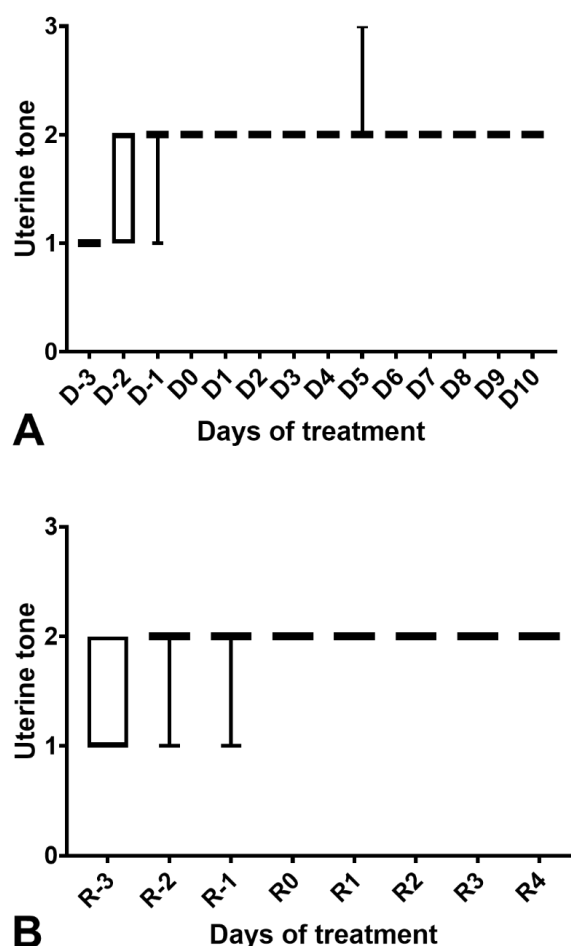


Figure S1. Median and interquartile ranges of uterine tone of acyclic mares ($n = 12$). **(A)** Mares were treated with estradiol-17 β for 3 days (D-3 to D-1) and then given an intravaginal progesterone releasing device (IPRD, D0). The IPRD was kept for nine days and was then removed (D9). **(B)** Then, the mares were resynchronized three days post-removal of IPRD after the first synchronization. Mares were again treated with estradiol-17 β for 3 days (R-3 to R-1) and then had a new IPRD inserted (R0). The IPRD was removed three days (R3) later. Score of 1 represents a flaccid and floppy uterine tone (consistent with anestrus), whereas a score of 3 represents a well-toned, rounded, tubular uterus.