







an Open Access Journal by MDPI

The Evolution of Plasmid-Mediated Antimicrobial Resistance

Guest Editors:

Dr. Marta Oliva

Department of Biosciences, Biotechnology and the Environment, University of Bari, Via Orabona, 4, 70125 Bari, Italy

Dr. Carla Calia

Department of Biosciences, Biotechnology and the Environment, University of Bari, Via Orabona, 4, 70125 Bari, Italy

Deadline for manuscript submissions: **closed (20 May 2024)**

Message from the Guest Editors

Antimicrobial resistance is a global problem of great public health concern. Bacteria infections caused by multidrugresistant bacteria have increased over the last few decades and the WHO has forecasted that, by 2050, bacterial infections could become the leading cause of death for human beings. The spread of antimicrobial resistance is mainly mediated by the intra- and inter-species horizontal transfer of resistance genes. In this regard, plasmids play a key role. Indeed, their ability to spread among different bacteria-inhabiting environments, to acquire exogenous DNA sequences from chromosomes, as well as other plasmids and genetic elements, makes these extrachromosomal DNA molecules ideal vectors for the wide spread of antimicrobial resistance. Plasmid classification and organization have also recently been the subject of reviews and new lines of investigation. Adjacent to their role in antimicrobial resistance, plasmids represent a major driving force of prokaryote evolution. This Special Issue aims to collect new insights into their evolving role in the diffusion of antimicrobial resistance, and, more generally, to further extend the overall view of plasmids.













an Open Access Journal by MDPI

Editor-in-Chief

Prof. Dr. Nicholas Dixon

School of Chemistry and Molecular Bioscience, University of Wollongong, Wollongong, NSW 2522, Australia

Message from the Editor-in-Chief

There are very few fields that attract as much attention as scientific endeavor related to antibiotic discovery, use and preservation. The public, patients, scientists, clinicians, policy-makers, NGOs, governments, and governmental organizations are all focusing intensively on it: all are concerned that we use our existing agents more effectively, and develop and evaluate new interventions in time to face emerging challenges for the benefit of present and future generations. We need every discipline to contribute and collaborate: molecular, microbiological, clinical, epidemiological, geographic, economic, social scientific and policy disciples are all key. Antibiotics is a nimble, inclusive and rigorous indexed journal as an enabling platform for all who can contribute to solving the greatest broad concerns of the modern world.

Author Benefits

Open Access: free for readers, with article processing charges (APC) paid by authors or their institutions.

High Visibility: indexed within Scopus, SCIE (Web of Science), PubMed, PMC, Embase, CAPlus / SciFinder, and other databases.

Journal Rank: JCR - Q1 (Pharmacology and Pharmacy) / CiteScore - Q1 (General Pharmacology, Toxicology and Pharmaceutics)

Contact Us