



## Advances in Catalytic Oxygenation by C–H Bond Activation

Guest Editors:

**Dr. Cosimo Annese**

Consiglio Nazionale delle  
Ricerche (CNR)—Istituto di  
Chimica dei Composti  
Organometallici (ICCOM), Bari,  
Italy

**Dr. Caterina Fusco**

Consiglio Nazionale delle  
Ricerche (CNR)—Istituto di  
Chimica dei Composti  
Organometallici (ICCOM), Bari  
Section, Italy

**Prof. Dr. Lucia D'Accolti**

Chemistry Department,  
University of Bari, Bari, Italy

### Message from the Guest Editors

The efficient catalytic oxygenation of the C–H bond still represents a challenging goal in organic synthesis, because the main problem does not lie much in the low reactivity of the unactivated C–H bond, but rather in the difficulty of achieving its oxyfunctionalization with high selectivity. Over the past few decades, a large variety of catalytic systems, ranging from metal catalysts and organocatalysts to biocatalysts, have been developed for laboratory-scale synthesis, using mostly organic and inorganic peroxides as the primary oxidants, as well as the more convenient molecular oxygen. The latter represents the oxidant of election, due to its highly atom-economical, abundant, and environmentally safe features. Thus, inspired by certain metal-containing enzymes, such as monooxygenases, catalytic C–H oxygenation through activation of dioxygen has received growing attention by both academic and industrial research.

Deadline for manuscript  
submissions:

**closed (31 December 2021)**

