





an Open Access Journal by MDPI

# **Ashes: Characterisation, Recovery and Utilization**

Guest Editors:

### **Dr. Bruno Valentim**

Departamento de Geociências, Ambiente e Ordenamento do Território, Faculdade de Ciências, Universidade do Porto and Instituto de Ciências da Terra, 4169-007 Porto, Portugal

## Prof. Dr. Elza Bontempi

INSTM and Chemistry for Technologies Laboratory, Department of Mechanical and Industrial Engineering, University of Brescia, Via Branze 38, 25123 Brescia, Italy

Deadline for manuscript submissions:

closed (31 March 2024)

# **Message from the Guest Editors**

Dear Colleagues,

The main advantage of ashes is their readiness for utilization or processing because of their powder state. Additionally, in the case of combustion ashes, the heat removes almost all the organic elements and concentrates the inorganic ones as relics, amorphous materials or newly formed minerals

As such, combustion ashes are important in civil construction applications, but also have potential as secondary raw materials as the source of rare earth elements, germanium, gallium, aluminium and other metals (in the case of ashes from coal and municipal solid waste), or to partially substitute primary raw materials such as phosphate rocks in the case of aviary manure ash or natural graphite in the case of coal char.

This Special Issue of *Minerals* is focused on ashes characterization, on the progress of their applications, and on the recovery of elements and materials from them.

We look forward to receiving your contributions.

Dear Colleagues,

The main advantage of ashes is their readiness for utilization or processing because of their powder state.











an Open Access Journal by MDPI

## **Editor-in-Chief**

# **Prof. Dr. Leonid Dubrovinsky**Bayerisches Geoinstitut, University Bayreuth, D-95440 Bayreuth, Germany

# **Message from the Editor-in-Chief**

Minerals welcomes submissions that report basic and applied research in mineralogy. Research areas of traditional interest are mineral deposits, mining, mineral processing and environmental mineralogy. The journal footprint also includes novel uses of elemental and isotopic analyses of minerals for petrology, geochronology and thermochronology, thermobarometry, ore genesis and sedimentary provenance. Contributions are encouraged in emerging research areas such as applications of quantitative mineralogy to the oil and gas, manufacturing, forensic science, climate change, geohazard and health sectors.

## **Author Benefits**

**Open Access:** free for readers, with article processing charges (APC) paid by authors or their institutions.

High Visibility: indexed within Scopus, SCIE (Web of Science), GeoRef,

CaPlus / SciFinder, Inspec, Astrophysics Data System, AGRIS, and other databases.

**Journal Rank:** JCR - Q2 (*Mining & Mineral Processing*) / CiteScore - Q2 (*Geology*)

#### **Contact Us**