## **Special Issue**

## **Intestinal Organoid**

## Message from the Guest Editor

Intestinal organoids, which were first established in 2009, have emerged as a powerful in vitro tool for studying intestinal biology given their morphological and functional similarity to mature tissues. At present, technological advances in cultured organoids derived from adult-tissue stem cells have allowed for the longterm culture of intestinal stem cells (ISCs) with selfrenewal and differentiation potential. Of note, a single ISC can also generate three-dimensional organoids without any Paneth cells or an ISC niche such as the epithelial niche or stromal niche. The potential to form organoids from crypts is attributed to the presence of ISCs. On the other hand, the intestinal villi consist of fully differentiated cells and hence cannot form organoids. However, the intestinal epithelium can de-differentiate and function as an alternative source of ISCs upon tissue damage and stress conditions such as inflammation and tumorigenesis. In this Special Issue, we elaborate on the advantages of intestinal organoids in different applications, and the key priorities in intestinal organoid engineering for the coming years.

#### **Guest Editor**

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#### Deadline for manuscript submissions

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## Message from the Editor-in-Chief

Functional human 3D tissue models are attractive platforms for disease studies, drug development and toxicity testing. They serve as a bridge between cell cultures, animal models and clinical trials. Such models are called organoids. Numerous scientists worldwide are currently researching the generation of new complex organoid models and improving culturing conditions to handle them in a way that is reproducible, cost-effective, and easy. Achieving this goal is still a major challenge, but the organoid field has developed rapidly in recent years, reaching a new level of complexity and playing a growing role in medical research. Organoids' goal is to create a platform to present new and exciting data covering all aspects of organoid, assembloid, embryoid, or organ-on-a-chip research.

#### Editor-in-Chief

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