



Mass Movement and Soil Erosion Monitoring Using Remote Sensing

Guest Editors:

Prof. Dr. Biswajeet Pradhan

Centre for Advanced Modelling and Geospatial Information Systems (CAMGIS), School of Information, Systems & Modelling, University of Technology Sydney, CB11.06.106, Building 11, 81 Broadway, Ultimo NSW 2007 (PO Box 123), Australia

Dr. Jagannath Aryal

Department of Infrastructure Engineering, Melbourne School of Engineering, The University of Melbourne, Parkville, VIC 3010, Australia

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Message from the Guest Editors

Dear Colleagues,

Mass movements (e.g., cliff collapses, soil creeps, mudflows, landslides, etc.) and soil erosion (e.g., coastal erosion, etc.) are severe forms of natural disasters that occur in mountainous terrain as well as in coastal areas and are subject to specific geological, geomorphological and climatological conditions, as well as human activities. It is a challenging task to accurately define the position, type, and activity of mass movements for the purpose of creating inventory records and continuous monitoring. High and moderate resolution remote sensing data, such as Quickbird, Worldview 3, LiDAR, SPOT 5, Google Earth Engine, etc., with the aid of Geographic Information System tools, offer state-of-the-art investigations in identifying mass movements and soil erosion and modeling surface processes for hazard monitoring. Advanced state-of-the-art image processing techniques, using pixel-based and object based image analysis (OBIA) based on data mining, machine learning, deep-learning and ensemble models, can be used to identify and monitor these mass movements and soil erosion features.

Prof. Biswajeet Pradhan

Dr. Jagannath Aryal

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Remote Sensing Editorial Office
MDPI, Grosspeteranlage 5
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