



Dissipative Coherent Structures in Nonlinear and Quantum Optics: Outlook of Symmetry and Its Breaking

Guest Editor:

Prof. Dr. Vladimir L. Kalashnikov

1. Dipartimento di Ingegneria dell'Informazione, Sapienza Università di Roma, Rome, Italy
2. Department of Physics, Norwegian University of Science and Technology, Høgskoleringen 5, Realfagbygget, NO-7491 Trondheim, Norway

Deadline for manuscript submissions:

closed (15 March 2024)

Message from the Guest Editor

Dear Colleagues,

The rapid advance in the study of multidimensional coherent patterns has an interdisciplinary character and bridges the different areas comprising biology and sociology, turbulence phenomena in plasma and hydrodynamics, nonlinear and quantum optics, solitons, and self-organization phenomena in liquid crystals and Bose-Einstein condensates, and many other fields. That establishes close connections or analogies between micro and macroscale phenomena, in particular, unexpected insights into the quantum mechanics of open systems, field theory, and even cosmology. In photonics and Bose-Einstein condensate, such dissipative coherent structures could provide unprecedented energy (or mass) harvesting and a breakthrough in the information capacity of photonic networks, quantum computing, multimode microresonators mastering, and optical comb generation. Symmetry plays a fundamental role in all these phenomena. Paradoxically, the highly symmetrical coherent patterns can spontaneously emerge from a hierarchical symmetry breaking due to phase transitions and stochastic resonance...





an Open Access Journal by MDPI

Editor-in-Chief

Prof. Dr. Sergei D. Odintsov

1. Institució Catalana de Recerca
i Estudis Avançats (ICREA),
Passeig Luis Companys, 23,
08010 Barcelona, Spain
2. Institute of Space Sciences
(ICE-CSIC), C. Can Magrans s/n,
08193 Barcelona, Spain

Message from the Editor-in-Chief

Symmetry is ultimately the most important concept in natural sciences. It is not surprising then that very basic and fundamental research achievements are related to symmetry. For instance, the Nobel Prize in Physics 1979 (Glashow, Salam, Weinberg) was received for a unified symmetry description of electromagnetic and weak interactions, while the Nobel Prize in Physics 2008 (Nambu, Kobayashi, Maskawa) was received for the discovery of the mechanism of spontaneous breaking of symmetry, including CP symmetry. Our journal is named *Symmetry* and it manifests its fundamental role in nature.

Author Benefits

Open Access: free for readers, with article processing charges (APC) paid by authors or their institutions.

High Visibility: indexed within SCIE (Web of Science), Scopus, CAPlus / SciFinder, Inspec, Astrophysics Data System, and other databases.

Journal Rank: JCR - Q2 (*Multidisciplinary Sciences*) / CiteScore - Q1 (General Mathematics)

Contact Us

Symmetry Editorial Office
MDPI, Grosspeteranlage 5
4052 Basel, Switzerland

Tel: +41 61 683 77 34
www.mdpi.com

mdpi.com/journal/symmetry
symmetry@mdpi.com
X@Symmetry_MDPI