Special Issue

Cloud Computing and Social Network Applications Using Symmetric/Asymmetric Methods

Message from the Guest Editors

Cloud computing has facilitated recent developments in various areas of computing and networking.

Applications in the cloud are flourishing, and they help to promote the connections between people and people, between people and data, and between people and computing. One of the important applications is social networks such as Facebook, Weibo, Line, etc. The Cloud can be seen as an asymmetric platform where users store their data without actually knowing where they reside. On the other hand, social networks possess symmetric characteristics where users communicate in equal status. Further, social networks are also Cloud applications, so they also have asymmetric properties. Topics of interest include but are not limited to the following:

- Applications of cloud computing or social networks;
- Symmetric or asymmetric characteristics in cloud computing or social networks;
- Advantages or disadvantages in cloud computing or social networks;
- Al in cloud computing and social networks;
- Big data in cloud computing and social networks;
- Trends in cloud computing and social networks.

Guest Editors

Prof. Dr. Ruay-Shiung Chang

Institute of Computer and Decision Science, National Taipei University of Business, Taipei City 100025, Taiwan

Prof. Dr. Yaochung Chang

Department of Computer Science and Information Engineering, National Taitung University, No. 369, University Rd., Taitung 95092, Taiwan

Deadline for manuscript submissions

closed (31 January 2024)



Symmetry

an Open Access Journal by MDPI

Impact Factor 2.2 CiteScore 5.4



mdpi.com/si/100921

Symmetry
MDPI, Grosspeteranlage 5
4052 Basel, Switzerland
Tel: +41 61 683 77 34
symmetry@mdpi.com

mdpi.com/journal/ symmetry





Symmetry

an Open Access Journal by MDPI

Impact Factor 2.2 CiteScore 5.4



About the Journal

Message from the Editor-in-Chief

Symmetry is ultimately the most important concept in natural sciences. It is not surprising then that very basic and fundamental research achievements are related to symmetry. For instance, the Nobel Prize in Physics 1979 (Glashow, Salam, Weinberg) was received for a unified symmetry description of electromagnetic and weak interactions, while the Nobel Prize in Physics 2008 (Nambu, Kobayashi, Maskawa) was received for the discovery of the mechanism of spontaneous breaking of symmetry, including CP symmetry. Our journal is named *Symmetry* and it manifests its fundamental role in nature.

Editor-in-Chief

Prof. Dr. Sergei Odintsov

- 1. ICREA, 08010 Barcelona, Spain
- 2. Institute of Space Sciences (IEEC-CSIC), C. Can Magrans s/n, 08193 Barcelona, Spain

Author Benefits

Open Access:

free for readers, with article processing charges (APC) paid by authors or their institutions.

High Visibility:

indexed within SCIE (Web of Science), Scopus, CAPlus / SciFinder, Inspec, Astrophysics Data System, and other databases.

Journal Rank:

JCR - Q2 (Multidisciplinary Sciences) / CiteScore - Q1 (General Mathematics)

